Let us devote "every power and resource" to "our present and immediate task" of winning the war.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

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# AUSTRIA FEARS FAMINE: WANTS PEACE!

## BAKER AVERTS GOETHALS ROW ON STETTINIUS

### Defines Powers of Each in Army Buying.

BY ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—The appointment today of Edward R. Stettinius of J. P. Morgan & Co. as surveyor general of purchases in the war department, for a time threatened, it is said, to precipitate a break in Secretary Baker's new war machinery, through the resignation of Gen. Goethals, acting quartermaster general.

Secretary Baker, in announcing the appointment, issued a statement declaring that Mr. Stettinius would be in charge of the "procurement and production of all supplies for the five army bureaus." This immediately was taken to mean that the surveyor general of purchases was to be practically a director of munitions and superior in purchasing authority to both the quartermaster general and the chief of ordnance.

**Protest by Goethals.**

Gen. Goethals is alleged to have taken umbrage at this threat to curtail his authority and to have protested directly to Secretary Baker and President Wilson. According to one account, Gen. Goethals asked to be relieved.

There ensued a number of hurried conferences, and late in the afternoon Secretary Baker denied that Mr. Stettinius was to be a director of munitions, and stated that he would be subordinate and advisory to Col. Palmer E. Pierce, director of army purchases, and in no sense superior in authority to Gen. Goethals. When this announcement had been made the skies cleared, and Gen. Goethals denied that he had lodged any protests or threatened to retire.

**Buyer for Allies.**

Mr. Stettinius was for several years in charge of purchasing for the allies in the United States and had been suggested by several members of the senate committee for the proposed position of director of munitions.

As buyer for the allies, Mr. Stettinius gained detailed knowledge of the munition industries of the country and their capacity. He will place his knowledge and experience at the disposal of the government, but he will not be clothed with the power to do large things on a large scale that is contemplated in the munitions director bill.

**How System Will Work.**

If the ordnance department, for example, wants 1,000,000 shells, the requisition will go first to Mr. Stettinius. From his personal knowledge of plant capacities, supplemented by information gathered by the war industries board, he will recommend the manufacturing plants with which orders should be placed.

His recommendations will be passed upon by Col. Pierce, after which the actual contracts will be executed by the ordnance department. In many instances the original recommendation as to plans made by the ordnance department will be merely approved by Mr. Stettinius.

**Iron Out Disputes.**

In the event of differences developing between the ordnance department and Mr. Stettinius Col. Pierce will iron them out. Should important differences develop between Mr. Stettinius and Col. Pierce they will be straightened out by Mr. Baker, but the latter expressed confidence today that there will be little occasion for him to exercise this function.

Mr. Stettinius will occupy the same relation to the quartermaster department.

It became known that Mr. Stettinius was not slated for the position until today. Another man had been chosen. There was a sudden change, however, which gave rise to the conclusion that the substitution of Mr. Stettinius was a move to satisfy the demands at the capital for a coördination of purchases directed by a man of demonstrated capacity.

**Some Yielding to Demand.**

The appointment of Mr. Settinius was regarded generally as an indication that the administration is endeavoring to eliminate the inefficiency exposed by the senate investigation and achieve the same general purposes of the senate committee in proposing the creation of a director of munitions.

The president refuses to accept either a director of munitions or a war cab-

(Continued on page 4, column 6.)

## DESERTER TELLS HOW HE KILLED FELLOW JACKIE

### Youth Clears Up Becker Death and Other Assaults.

John Dell Claude, alias John King, deserter from the Great Lakes Naval Training station, yesterday confessed the murder of John A. Becker, a fellow jackie, whose body was found in a washroom of the Sharples building on West Washington street, Nov. 10.

Claude, who is only 18 years old, likewise admitted the slugging and robbing of Richard Bundick, another jackie, on Dec. 23, and various other crimes.

The prisoner, who was brought back to Chicago from St. Louis Thursday with Raymond Dunn, another deserter, implicated Dunn in the Bundick attack and other crimes, and named B. W. Weir, a third deserter, who is still at large, as his aid in the Becker murder. Dunn admitted complicity in several robberies, but denied beating any victims over the head with a gas pipe as charged by Claude. Dunn is only 17 years old.

**Clear Up Mysteries.**

The confessions clear up a number of cases which have puzzled the police and naval authorities here and in other cities for many weeks. It is probable that Claude will be put on trial by the state for murder. The naval authorities yesterday indicated that they would leave the case in the hands of the civil authorities, though they may decide to take the prisoners and try them by court martial.

The confessions, made in the Fillmore street police station before Lieut. Edward Grady and representatives of the department of justice and the commandant at the Great Lakes station, gave the stories of murder and brutal assault with the utmost calm. Claude explained in detail how he and Weir beat Becker to the ground with a gas pipe and left him to die after robbing him of $9.85 and part of his clothing.

**Beat and Rob Woman.**

Claude admitted slugging and robbing Pierce Murphy, another Great Lakes jackie, on Dec. 14. Murphy, he said, begged off after the first blow and gave up his money without further injury. Then on Dec. 23 the attack was made on Bundick, after which Claude and Dunn fled to Terre Haute, where they beat and robbed a woman in whose house they stopped, and then stole an automobile in which they left the town.

They finally reached St. Louis and were preparing for more assaults on jackies when they became intoxicated and were arrested.

**Coat Brings Confession.**

In St. Louis Claude mentioned the attack made on Bundick, but it was after he reached Chicago and Lieut. Grady examined the pea coat he wore that suspicion fell on him as the murderer of Becker.

Claude wore Becker's pea coat and a pair of trousers taken from Bundick. When confronted with this evidence he wilted and confessed.

"On Nov. 10, while on a train coming to Chicago from the Great Lakes station, I met B. W. Weir, and both of us being short of money, I suggested that we get a bottle of whisky and when we met some other jackie offer him a drink in an alley and while there bat him on the head with a piece of pipe," was the matter of fact way in which Claude began his confession.

**Describes Attack.**

"We went back to the Chicago and Northwestern railroad station, and soon Becker came out. I had met him at the training station, and he invited me to have something to eat. Weir stayed behind until we came out of the restaurant, and then he came forward and was introduced. He suggested that we have a little drink from his bottle, so he led the way, going west in Madison street to Jefferson street, where we turned north, and finally reached the rear of the R. Williamson company building, 601 West Madison street.

"Weir offered Becker a drink, and

(Continued on page 8, column 2.)

## THE WAR

**Paris reports spirited artillery actions in Champagne and repulse of foe's raids north of Aisne; claims two German planes shot down.**

**Inquiry reveals Russian army useless as a war machine. Vast land demands of Germans further disclosed.**

**London reports German artillery active near La Vacquerie and Passchendaele.**

**Rome reports artillery and air activity along Italian front.**

## ALLIES FACING A FOOD CRISIS; PLEA TO U. S.

### Wilson Will Call on Entire Nation to Save in Earnest.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—President Wilson will issue a food proclamation to the American people tomorrow. It will appeal for voluntary saving of food to aid the allied nations, but coupled with it will be a measure of forced conservation of wheat flour through the arbitrary limitation of sales by distributors all the way from the miller to the retailer.

Warning has reached the government that the allies must be supplied with more food from this country as a means of averting a collapse. It is reported in Washington that only 30 per cent of the people in this country have been conforming to the Hoover program.

**What Americans Must Do.**

Some of the new tasks set for the American people with the confident belief that they will be met willingly and fully are:

**Allied nations—exclusive of Belgium—must have 75,000,000 bushels of wheat.**

**Belgium must be given 13,000,000 bushels of wheat.**

**United States must cut its present consumption of wheat flour at least 50 per cent until next mid-summer.**

**We must reduce the present consumption of beef 10 per cent.**

**We must reduce our consumption of pork products 25 per cent.**

**We must save 10 per cent more of our sugar to sustain the allies.**

**Cables Critical Situation.**

The critical situation in the allied countries and the amount of food the United States is expected to spare them was set forth in a statement tonight by Food Administrator Hoover, preliminary to the president's proclamation. Mr. Hoover quoted a cablegram from Lord Rhondda, the British food controller, which said:

"Unless you are able to send the allies at least 75,000,000 bushels of wheat over and above what you have exported up to Jan. 1 and in addition to the exportable surplus from Canada, I cannot take the responsibility of assuring our people that there will be enough food to win the war."

In giving the volume of exports he hopes to supply to Europe, Mr. Hoover declared that no more food would be sent out of the country than is saved, and that in no event will the American food supply be endangered.

**Must Have Bread.**

"Imperative necessity," Lord Rhondda's message said, "compels me to cable you in this blunt way. No one knows better than I that the American people, regardless of national and individual sacrifice, have so far refused nothing that is needed for the war, but it now lies with America to decide whether or not the allies in Europe shall have enough bread to hold out until the United States is able to throw its force into the field. I have not minced words, because I am convinced that the American people, if they know the truth, will not hesitate to meet the emergency."

Mr. Hoover replied to this message: "We will export every grain that the American people save from their normal consumption. We believe our people will not fail to meet the emergency."

"We estimate," Mr. Hoover says, "that the American people have saved as much as 30,000,000 bushels out of their last harvest, and, if we are to meet the increased demands, we must rigidly reduce our wheat consumption to 20 per cent below normal until the next harvest."

**Some Needs of the Allies.**

Europe's beef demands for the next three months, Mr. Hoover says, will amount to 70,000,000 pounds a month, against a prewar importation from America of only 1,000,000 pounds a month.

Of pork products, the allies want for the next three months 150,000,000 pounds a month, and Mr. Hoover estimates that a saving of at least 25 per cent will be necessary to make the export surplus.

A sugar saving of at least 10 per cent will have to be made here, Mr. Hoover declares, if Europe is to get enough sugar to sustain the population.

## GUARDS BATTLE ICE FLOES IN VAIN TO SAVE A LIFE

### Lake Shore Residents Report Boy Drifting Into Lake.

Fighting their way through ice floes in a tub of a boat that a biting northwester tossed about like a cork, eight men braved Lake Michigan last night in an effort to rescue a boy or man who was reported to have been seen floating out into the lake yesterday afternoon. They did not find him.

Police and fire boats attempted to aid in the search, but found themselves icelocked. In the boat that finally put out to sea were Capt. J. O. Anderson of the Chicago harbor coast guard station, his crew, S. Nedeau, S. Swanson, J. M. Paulsson, A. Wold, and S. Sigurdson, and a reporter and a photographer from THE TRIBUNE.

They devoted six hours to the heartbreaking quest and returned shortly before midnight to report they had found not even a trace. Capt. Anderson said no one could have lived through the night without shelter among the ice floes.

The police guessed that the persons who reported seeing a boy or man afloat had been deceived, but as long as there was a shred of a possibility that their help was needed the life savers stuck to their courageous work.

**Woman Gives Alarm.**

First information of the tragedy came to Capt. Anderson while he was at supper. His telephone rang and a woman's voice cried:

"For God's sake, see what you can do. We can see a boy from our home in Thirty-fourth street. He is on a cake of ice and he is waving his coat at us."

Capt. Anderson ordered one life saver. A half dozen calls came in while they were preparing to launch the lifesaving boat. They found a section of the river frozen. They pushed the boat over the ice, hoping to reach Thirty-fourth street that way. At Van Buren, however, the ice began breaking badly and the crew went in the water over their heads and were only saved by swimming. A quarter of a mile further on they were compelled to turn back by the pitching ice cakes.

**Appeals for Aid.**

They returned to the station about 7 o'clock. Capt. Anderson appealed to THE TRIBUNE. He said if he could get a boat to Thirty-fourth street they could launch it and probably effect a rescue. THE TRIBUNE despatched one of its largest trucks in charge of Lawrence Alexander to the Chicago harbor station.

There the life saving crew put on a light, flat bottomed rowboat and were rushed to Thirty-fourth street. Because of the Illinois Central tracks and right of way fences it was necessary to go to Thirty-eighth street to launch the boat. The lake was frozen for some distance off shore.

**Ice Perils Boat.**

When they struck open water they encountered ice blocks of from three to six feet square. The blocks pitched against the cockleshell of a boat and threatened to stave in its sides. The guards rowed against the wind while the members of the crew took turns waving signal lanterns and calling out:

"Man ahoy!"

Then they would listen, but the only response was the swash of the water and the crunching of the ice floes.

Among those who reported seeing the marooned boy were Mrs. Joseph Zeisler, wife of a physician living at 3256 Lake Park avenue; Edwin Reiss, a realty broker at Oakwood boulevard and Cottage Grove avenue, and employés of the pumping station at Thirty-fourth street.

## *Page 1, Must; Bread for Lake Foresters Today!*

The Lake Forest gold coast can have its biscuits for breakfast today or at latest tomorrow, it was explained last night. The wealthy north shore community has been without flour for several days now. None could be obtained from wholesale grocers.

To meet the difficulty C. T. Gunn & Co., one of the retail grocers of the town, bought half a carload of wheat yesterday and had it sent to Prairie View, a village ten miles away, to be ground in a flour mill.

The flour is to be brought into Lake Forest on bob sleds.

## *Hunt Wireless Outfit on Roof of Loop Skyscraper*

Federal detectives, on a mysterious tip, took up a hunt last night for a suspected wireless outfit reported to them to be flashing sparks from the roof of an office building in the loop. It is known that men from the bureau of investigation, among other places, searched the roof of the Rector building, 79 West Monroe street.

## GRIM VISAGED PEACE

## THE WEATHER

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1918.

Illinois—Snow and colder Saturday and Saturday night; cold wave at night; in south portion: Sunday clearing and severe cold, winds becoming fresh to strong north to northwest.

TEMPERATURE IN CHICAGO. [Last 24 hours.]

MAXIMUM, 9 A. M. ..... 35
MINIMUM, 9 A. M. SATURDAY ..... 20

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 a. m. | 30 | 11 a. m. | 33 | 7 p. m. | 23 |
| 4 a. m. | 31 | Noon | 32 | 8 p. m. | 22 |
| 5 a. m. | 31 | 1 p. m. | 31 | 9 p. m. | 22 |
| 6 a. m. | 31 | 2 p. m. | 28 | 10 p. m. | 22 |
| 7 a. m. | 34 | 3 p. m. | 27 | 11 p. m. | 22 |
| 8 a. m. | 35 | 4 p. m. | 26 | Midnight | 22 |
| 9 a. m. | 35 | 5 p. m. | 24 | 1 a. m. | 21 |
| 10 a. m. | 34 | 6 p. m. | 24 | 2 a. m. | 20 |

Mean temperature for 24 hours to 7 p. m., 29; normal for the day, 23. Deficiency since Jan. 1, 257 degrees.
Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., .04. Excess since Jan. 1, 1.53 inches.
Highest wind velocity, 24 miles an hour from W. at 7:26 a. m.
Relative humidity, 7 a. m., 74; 7 p. m., 63.
For complete weather report see page 15.

YESTERDAY ELSEWHERE.

| | Temp. 7 p.m. | High. | Low. night. | prev. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 32 | 34 | 22 | Cloudy |
| Boston | 36 | 32 | 20 | Cloudy |
| Washington | 42 | 46 | 28 | Clear |
| St. Louis | 36 | 46 | 38 | Clear |
| Minneapolis | 2 | 8 | 10 | Clear |
| San Francisco | 58 | 58 | 50 | Clear |
| Galveston | 58 | 64 | 48 | Cloudy |
| New Orleans | 60 | 70 | 46 | Clear |

SHIPPERS' ADVICES.

Special Forecast for Shipment Within Radius of 500 Miles.

Protect shipments originating in or passing through Chicago to reach destination by tomorrow night from temperatures as follows: North and northwest, 10 to 30 below zero; west, 10 to 90 below; south and east, zero or below.

## *U. S. OFFICERS ARE DISMISSED AFTER CHARGES*

[SPECIAL CABLE TO CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

PARIS, Jan. 25.—Anxious people at home, concerned with the morality of the United States troops in France may find comfort in the following examples of promptness with which the expeditionary force is meting drastic punishment to violators of orders relative to the behavior of commissioned officers.

Announcement was made today that three commissioned officers have been dismissed from the service for violating the behavior orders. The court martial verdicts were sustained and the three officers dismissed.

## *Nieuw Amsterdam Sails from Holland for America*

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 25.—The Holland-America line steamer Nieuw Amsterdam, which has been lying in the roadstead here for some time with a large number of passengers on board, sailed at 1 o'clock this afternoon for the United States.

## DIES A SUICIDE; WIFE'S FAITH VAIN

### C. D. Langley Found Dead in Clarendon Avenue Home.

Mrs. Norma Langley went to her home at 4324 Clarendon avenue yesterday to find that her husband, to whom she had devoted herself like "an old fashioned wife" through fraud, embezzlement, arrest, and indictment, had taken his own life. Despite her sacrifices he had urged her to die with him and then had threatened to kill her, she told the police. Three years ago her first husband, Dr. Harold A. Steere, was murdered by an insane patient.

Last night Mrs. Langley clutched to her breast a letter written by Langley before he died by gas Wednesday night.

**Wife Gone—No Light.**

"Please Don—forgive me—no light. God bless you and keep you," he had written. "I hope you will be happier without me. CHARLIE.

"P. S.—You promised to meet me today (Wed.). You know why you passed me up. I hope you meant well. I waited for you all day—it's hell."

"Don" was Langley's pet name for his wife. The words "light" refers to her. It had been his conceit to declare that all was darkness for him when she was not with him.

Charles D. Langley was cashier of the Foster Real Estate company of 208 South La Salle street. On Nov. 20 an audit of the books showed Langley $1,500 short in his accounts.

**Wife Signs Bonds.**

When he was arrested he told his wife he had been taken for nonpayment of alimony to his former wife. She believed this and signed his bonds, scheduling her home at the Clarendon avenue address. The trial was set for Dec. 18.

On the day before the trial he left her. At the trial Mrs. Langley discovered that the shortage was $6,000. Langley telephoned home that he was coming for his clothes. His wife called the police and caused his arrest.

**Asked Her to Die.**

Again Langley prevailed upon her to forgive him. He made her believe in his innocence and she scurried about the city until she raised a bond of $25,000 to release him. That was Tuesday. He would not go home. His wife paid his bills at the Hotel Sherman.

On Tuesday night she met him in the Green Mill garden. She said he asked her to die with him, and then threatened her. She promised to meet him the next day, hoping time would erase his fears. Then she hurried home and removed the children to the house of an aunt.

Yesterday a maid went to the house. She could not gain entrance, so she telephoned Mrs. Langley. When Mrs. Langley arrived the lights were on. She called the police. A door was broken and Langley's body, fully dressed, was found on his bed.

## LATE NEWS BULLETINS

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 25.—The Cologne Gazette, in reporting a debate in the Prussian lower house, says that a great uproar arose over the speech of Herr Hoffman, independent Socialist, who said that the government was dancing on a volcano. "The events in Austria are the writing on the wall and here, as in Austria, we are within close range of a catastrophe. The people have had enough of being goaded to war."

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 25.—In consequence of the disturbance of meetings of the Fatherland party at Stuttgart, the deputy general of the Thirteenth Wurtemberg army corps has prohibited all public meetings in Stuttgart and the surrounding district for the discussion of political or military matters.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Lord Northcliffe has left London for ten days' rest at his bungalow in Surrey. In an interview he said:

"The campaign in which my newspapers are engaged is one that will eventually be followed in the United States. It is a drive for the democratization of the army—that is to say, the allotment of high rank to civilians who, in this war, have had as much experience as our men from establishments corresponding to your West Point."

## *MEXICANS RAID EL PASO; WOUND U. S. SOLDIER*

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 25.—Forty armed Mexicans crossed the Rio Grande in the southern part of El Paso at 10:15 tonight. Soldiers and policemen armed with rifles were rushed to the scene. Private Linn, on outpost duty, has been brought in with a bullet wound in his body.

After firing several hundred shots the Mexicans retreated across the river. A company of United States infantry on guard at the Santa Fé street international bridge fired at the retreating Mexicans, but it is not known if any were hit.

Patrols have been sent north and south along the river in anticipation of an attempt by Mexicans to rush the guard on the theory that the men on duty would be attracted by the firing in El Paso.

## *Wilson Suffers with Cold; Cancels All Appointments*

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—President Wilson is suffering from a cold which caused the cancellation of his apointments today.

## CZERNIN SAYS "WIN RUSSIANS TO GAIN FOOD"

### Accepts Large Part of Wilson Policy to Stop War.

Germany and Austria are divided in spirit, if not in fact, in regard to peace.

The speeches of their leaders—Count Czernin, foreign minister of Austria-Hungary, and Count von Hertling, imperial chancellor of Germany—show this difference clearly.

Count Czernin, addressing the Austrian delegation in the reichsrath, plainly indicates Austria is in fear of famine. He appeals to the Austrians to stand together until the negotiations with the various Russian states are concluded. Otherwise they may not get "a single bushel of wheat."

The foreign minister says Austria is ready to accept many of the war aims laid down by President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George of Great Britain.

**Von Hertling Defiant.**

Throughout his address the Austrian leader adopts a much more conciliatory tone than in any previous address.

Count von Hertling is defiant. Addressing the reichstag he says Germany will yield nothing. Alsace is to be kept. Northern France is to be held as a pawn in the peace negotiations, Belgium will not be "annexed by force," but its fate must be decided by the peace conference. The question of Russia must be decided by the Germans and Russians. Austria and Germany will decide on Poland, and the Turks will be protected "to guard German interests."

**IN STRAITS FOR FOOD.**

BASEL, Jan. 25.—Count Czernin, the Austro-Hungarian minister of foreign affairs, in an address to the Austrian delegations in the reichsrath, has laid bare for the people of a nation war-worn and desirous of peace, the stand of the dual monarchy toward the peace aims as stated by President Wilson and David Lloyd George, the British prime minister.

While declaring that the government was in virtual agreement with some of the peace aims of President Wilson and that a rapprochement might bring together all the allied states in peace negotiations, the dominant note in the address was his plea to the delegations for their support in the crisis and the making known of the fact that Austria is in straits for food.

**Russia a Mixed Problem.**

The foreign minister said the negotiations with the Russian states were the most important problem for Austria-Hungary.

"I wish to use the peace with those Russian states which possess foodstuffs available for export to assist our population," he said. "I do not wish, out of any hysterical anxiety, to conclude a peace some days or a week earlier to have to give up this advantage for our population.

"It is necessary to ascertain whether the Ukrainian negotiators can send us goods, and, if so, what goods, and how. The Ukraine, for her part, does not wish to conclude an agreement after a treaty of peace has been concluded, but at the time of its conclusion; but the uncertainty of the position in which the new states find themselves naturally has caused some delay in the negotiations.

**Danger in Hurried Peace.**

"If you attack me in the rear, if you compel me to conclude an agreement in great haste, then we shall derive no economic advantage, and our population will have to forego the advantages which they might derive from the conclusion of peace.

"If you create the totally erroneous impression among our enemies that we must absolutely conclude peace immediately—a peace at any price—then we

shall not have a single bushel of wheat. I repeat, for the tenth time, that it is not a question of imperialistic aims or of annexationist plans. It is a question of assuring for our population the reward they have deserved for their energetic resistance.

"Our associates are good calculators and will observe carefully whether or not you take away my liberty of action. If you spoil peace, if you wish to do without imports of cereals, then it is logical that pressure should be brought to bear by speeches, strikes, resolutions, and demonstrations.

"If not, it is a mistake and utterly false to say that we are in such a situation that we ought rather to conclude a bad peace without economic advantages today than a good peace tomorrow with its attendant advantages."

**Attitude of Government.**

Count Czernin mentioned the rumors that the government itself was not unconnected with the strikes, and said:

"As the government wishes exactly the same thing as the majority in the monarchy—that is, to obtain as quickly as possible an honorable peace without annexationist aims—it is folly to attack it from behind and to embarrass and perplex it."

Count Czernin finally asked for a vote of confidence, and concluded:

"Nothing but a feeling of duty and confidence in the emperor and the majority delegation is keeping me to my post. No minister of foreign affairs can conduct negotiations of this importance if he does not know, if the whole world does not know, that he is supported by the confidence of the majority of the constitutional organs.

"Now, if you have confidence in me to conduct peace negotiations, then you ought to assist me. If you have not that confidence, then you ought to dismiss me. There is no third way."

**Basis of Negotiations.**

Count Csernin said the negotiations between Austria and the Russian states were on the basis of peace without annexations or indemnities.

"I shall not abandon this program," he announced, "and those who thought I should allow myself to be led away from the path which I determined upon are bad psychologists. I have never left public opinion in the least doubt as to the path which I am following, and I have never allowed myself to be diverted an inch from this path, either to the right or to the left.

"While the pan-Germans and all those in the monarchy who take them as their model have honored me with their undoubted support, I am considered by those who wish peace at any price as being in favor of war. But neither the one side nor the other has ever worried me. Their insults are, on the contrary, my only distractions in these serious times.

**"Take or Give Nothing."**

"I declare once again that I demand not a square meter or a kreutzer from Russia, and that if Russia, as seems the case, adopt the same point of view peace ought to result.

"Those who wish peace at any price might be able to cast doubts upon my loyalty if I did not tell them to their face with the same categoric frankness that I shall never agree to conclude a peace exceeding the limits which I have just indicated.

**No Unsatisfactory Peace.**

"If our Russian interrogators asked us to cede territories and pay indemnities I should continue the war despite the desire for peace which I share as much as you, or I should resign if I were unable to make my opinion prevail.

"But once more it can be stated that there is no reason to draw the pessimistic conclusion that the peace negotiations will fail, for the commissions which are conferring are agreed to the principle of peace without annexations or indemnities and only new instructions from various Russian governments and their disappearance could change this status."

**Difficulties at Brest-Litovsk.**

The minister told of the difficulties met at Brest-Litovsk because of the fact the central powers must deal with many Russian factions, none having defined geographical boundaries. He continued:

"We do not wish to meddle in the internal affairs of Russia. But if the way is once cleared other difficulties will not arise. We will agree with the Ukrainian republic that the old frontiers of Russia and Austria-Hungary will also apply to the Ukraine.

"Regarding the Poland frontier, which up to the present has not been exactly fixed, we do not desire anything at all from this new state. The people of Poland must freely and without being influenced in any way settle their own destiny. For my part, I attach no particular importance to the form in which their vote on this subject is taken, but it will please me all the more if this vote reflects the precise will of the majority of the people, for I wish Poland a free decision.

**Poland Outlook Good.**

"I see in the desire of Poland the only guarantee for lasting harmony. I am irrevocably of the opinion that the Polish question ought not to delay peace for a day. If after the conclusion of peace, Poland wishes to come to us, we will welcome her willingly. The Polish question cannot and will not endanger the question of peace."

Count Czernin said he would willingly have seen Poland participating in the peace negotiations, for in his view Poland was an independent state.

"But," he added, "as the Russian government did not recognize the present Polish government as qualified to represent their country, we, in order not to cause conflict, did not insist."

**Question of Destinies.**

"Another difficulty undoubtedly is the divergence of view between Germany and the Russian government on the interpretation of the right of the Russian peoples to decide their own destinies in the territories occupied by German troops. Germany has no intention of making any territorial conquest by violence at the expense of Russia, but the difference of opinion is of a twofold character. Germany adopts the legitimate point of view that the nummerous expressions of the will of the people for independence and autonomy, as evinced by legislative corporations and communal representatives in occupied provinces, should be considered as the provisional basis of the opinion of the peoples, which subsequently could be ascertained by popular vote on extended bases.

"The Russian government still opposes this point of view as regards Courland, Lithuania and the Polish provinces."

**Withdrawal of Troops.**

Count Czernin said Germany would not agree to withdraw troops from the occupied territories before a vote is taken. This refusal, he said, was based on the fact a sudden evacuation would lead to "anarchy and great suffering."

"This difference," he added, "is not so serious as to justify a rupture in the negotiations. When peace has been concluded with Russia it will no longer be possible, in my opinion, to prevent for long the conclusion of a general peace, in spite of the efforts of the entente statesmen.

"I am convinced that peace is now maturing and that the question whether or not an honorable general peace can be secured is merely a question of resistance.

**Wilson's Peace Offer.**

"President Wilson's peace offer confirms me in this opinion. Naturally an offer of this kind cannot be regarded as a matter acceptable in every detail.

"I think there is no harm in stating that I regard the recent proposals of President Wilson as an appreciable approach to the Austro-Hungarian point of view, and that to some of them Austria-Hungary joyfully could give her approval. But she must first lay down this principle—that, in so far as these propositions concern her allies, whether in the case of Germany's possession of Belgium or in the case of Turkey, Austria-Hungary, faithful to her engagements to fight to the end in defense of her allies, will defend the possessions of her war allies as she would her own. That is the standpoint of our allies, in regard to which there is perfect reciprocity."

**Advice on Austria Declined.**

Count Czernin proceeded to declare that he must politely but categorically refuse advice as to the manner in which Austria and Hungary should manage their internal administration, and he asserted that there was not a more democratic parliament in the world than the Austrian parliament, which alone has the right to decide the internal affairs of Austria."

**Accepts Two Paragraphs.**

Count Czernin said as to the second point in President Wilson's peace aims, freedom of the seas, the president had responded to the views of all and that he (Csernin) absolutely and entirely supported this paragraph. Regarding paragraph three in President Wilson's proposals—the removal of economic barriers and the establishment of equality of trade conditions—Count Czernin said:

"This article, which pronounces in a formal manner hostility against a future economic war, is so just and reasonable, and its application so often has been urged by us, that we have nothing to add to it."

**Limitation of Armament.**

Count Czernin said that article 4 of President Wilson's proposals, which demanded the reduction of national armaments to the lowest point consistent with domestic safety, "expressed in a particularly clear and just manner the necessity of bringing rivalries in armament to the limit already indicated in the present profession of faith and therefore I greet with gratitude any voice which makes itself heard in the sense of my previous statement."

On the subject of Italy, Serbia, Montenegro, and Roumania, Count Czernin repeated what he already had said to the Hungarian delegation.

"I refuse to place a premium on the military adventures of our enemy," said the minister. "I refuse to make our enemies, who obstinately persist in wishing to wage war until a final victory by one side, concessions by which the monarchy would permanently suffer and which would give them an infinite advantage in being able to drag on the war; relatively without risk."

**Asks Entente to Speak.**

Count Czernin then invited President Wilson to use his great influence to make the entente allies declare on their side the conditions on which they were ready to speak and added:

"I will speak as feelingly and frankly as I have done here with President Wilson, and will with all those who would like to speak. But naturally the duration of the war will not be without its influence on this situation."

"We also are supporters of an independent Polish state, which would include all territories and populations which indisputably are Poles," he continued. "On this point also we believe we should quickly come to an understanding with President Wilson.

**Supports League of Peoples.**

"Finally, in his idea of a league of peoples, the president probably will meet with no opposition in the monarchy. We therefore are in agreement in the main. Our views are identical not only on the broad principles regarding a new organization of the world after the war, but also on several concrete questions, and differences which still exist do not appear to me to be so great that a conversation regarding them would not lead to enlightenment and a rapprochement.

"This situation, which doubtless arises from the fact that Austria-Hungary, on the one side, and the United States on the other, are composed of states whose interests are least at variance with one another, tempts one to ask if an exchange of ideas between the two powers could not be the point of departure for a personal conversation between all states which have not yet joined in peace negotiations."

# "Yield Nothing to Get Peace" Von Hertling Insists; German Chancellor Defies World in Reichstag Speech

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 25.—Chancellor von Hertling in the peroration of his address to the German reichstag yesterday gave defiant reply to the entente allies, saying:

"Gentlemen, you have acquainted yourselves with the speech of Premier Lloyd George and the proposals of President Wilson. I must repeat what I said at commencement: We now must ask ourselves whether these speeches and proposals breathe a real and earnest wish for peace. They certainly contain certain principles for a general world peace to which we also assent and which might form the starting point and aid negotiations.

**Speak as Conquerors.**

"When, however, concrete questions came into the question—points which, for the Teutonic allies, are of decisive importance—their peace will is less observable. Our enemies do not desire to destroy Germany, but they cast covetous eyes on parts of our allies' lands. They speak with respect of Germany's position, but their conception, ever afresh, finds expression as if we were the guilty who must do penance and promise improvement.

"Thus speaks the victor to the vanquished; he who interprets all our former expressions of a readiness for peace as merely a sign of weakness.

**Puts Blame on Entente.**

"The leaders of the entente must first renounce this standpoint and this deception. In order to facilitate this, I would like to recall what the position really is. They may take it from me that our military position was never so favorable as it now is. Our highly gifted army leaders face the future with undiminished confidence in victory. Throughout the whole army, in the officers and the men, lives unbroken the joy of battle.

"I will remind you of the words I spoke Nov. 29 in the reichstag. Our repeatedly expressed willingness for peace and the spirit of reconciliation revealed by our proposals must not be regarded by the entente as a license permitting the indefinite lengthening of the war. Should our enemies force us to prolong the war, they will have to bear the consequences resulting from it.

"If the leaders of the enemy powers really are inclined toward peace, let them revise their program once again, or, as Premier Lloyd George said, proceed to reconsideration.

**Invites New Peace Offer.**

"If they come forward with fresh proposals we will examine them carefully, because our aim is no other than the reëstablishment of a lasting general peace. But this lasting general peace is not possible so long as the integrity of the German empire and the security of her vital interests and the dignity of our fatherland are not guaranteed. Until that time we must quietly stand by each other and wait.

"As to our purpose, gentlemen, we are all one. [Loud cheering.]

"Regarding methods and 'moralities' there may be differences of opinion, but let us shelve all those differences. Let us not fight about formulas, which always fall short in the mad course of world events, but above the dividing line of party controversies let us keep our eyes on the mutual aim—the welfare of the fatherland.

"Let us hold together the government and the nation, and victory will be ours. A good peace will and must come."

**Negotiations with Russia.**

Chancellor von Hertling referred to the negotiations with the Russians at Brest-Litovsk, saying he held fast to the hope that a good conclusion would be arrived at. He continued:

"Our negotiations with the Ukrainian representatives are in a more favorable position. Here, too, difficulties have yet to be overcome, but the prospects are favorable. We hope shortly to reach conclusions with Ukraine which will be in the interests of both and which will be economically advantageous.

"The Russians last month proposed to issue an invitation to all belligerents to participate in the negotiations. Russia submitted certain proposals of a very general character.

"At that time we accepted the proposal to invite the belligerents to take part in the negotiations on the condition, however, that the invitation should have a definite period for its acceptance. At 10 o'clock on the evening of Jan. 4 the period expired.

"No answers had come and as a result we were no longer under obligation and had a free hand for separate peace negotiations with Russia. Neither were we longer bound, of course, by the general peace proposals submitted to us by the Russian delegation.

**Lloyd George Changes.**

"Instead of the reply which was expected but which was not forthcoming," Chancellor von Hertling continued, "two declarations were made by enemy statesmen—Premier Lloyd George's speech and President Wilson's speech.

"I willingly admit that Mr. Lloyd George altered his tone. He no longer indulges in abuse and appears desirous of again demonstrating his ability as a negotiator, which I had formerly doubted. I can not go so far, however, as many opinions which had been expressed in neutral countries which would read in this speech of Mr. Lloyd George a serious desire for peace, and even a friendly disposition.

"It is true he declares he does not desire to destroy Germany, and never desired to destroy her. He has even words of respect for our political, economic and cultural position. But other utterances also are not lacking, and the idea continually comes to the surface that he has to pronounce judgment on Germany, charging her with being guilty of all possible crimes.

"That is an attitude with which we can have nothing to do, and in which we can discover no trace of a serious purpose to attain peace. We are to be the guilty ones, over whom the entente is now sitting in judgment. That compels me to give a short review of the situation and the events preceding the war, at the risk of repeating what long ago was said.

**Defends Action in Alsace.**

"And Alsace-Lorraine, of which Lloyd George speaks again? He speaks of the wrong Germany did in 1871 to France. Alsace-Lorraine—you need not be told, but abroad they appear still to be ignorant of things—Alsace-Lorraine composes, as is known, for the most part, purely German regions which by a century long of violence and illegality were severed from the German empire, and until finally in 1779 the French revolution swallowed up the last remnant. Alsace-Lorraine then became French provinces.

"When, in the war of 1870, we demanded back the districts which had been criminally wrested from us, that was not a conquest of foreign territory, but, rightly and properly speaking, what today is called disannexation, and this disannexation was then expressly recognized by the French national assembly, the constitution representative of the French people at that time, March 29, 1871, by a large majority of votes.

**Wilson Also Changes.**

"I now come to President Wilson. Here, too, I recognize that the tone appears to have changed. The unanimous rejection of Mr. Wilson's attempt, in reply to the pope's note, to sow discord between the German governments and the German people has had its effect.

"This unanimous rejection might of itself lead Mr. Wilson on the right path. A beginning to that end has perhaps been made, for now there is at any rate no longer talk about oppression of the German people by an autocratic government, and the former attacks on the house of Hohenzollern have not been repeated.

"I shall not enlarge upon the distorted representation of German policy which is contained in Mr. Wilson's message, but will deal in detail with the points which Mr. Wilson lays down there, not less than fourteen points, in which he formulates his peace program, and I pray your indulgence in dealing with these as briefly as possible.

**No Secret Agreements.**

"The first point is the demand that there shall be no more secret international agreements. History shows it is we above all others who would be able to agree to the publicity of diplomatic documents. I recall that our defensive alliance with Austria-Hungary was known to the whole world from 1888, while the offensive agreement of the enemy states first saw the light of publicity during the war through the revelations of the secret Russian archives.

"In his second point Mr. Wilson demands freedom of shipping on the seas in war and peace. This also is demanded by Germany as the first and one of the most important requirements for the future. Therefore there is here no difference of opinion.

"It would, however, be highly important for the freedom of shipping in future if strongly fortified naval bases on important international routes, such as England has at Gibraltar, Malta, Aden, Hongkong, the Falkland islands, and many other places, were removed.

**Limit on Armaments.**

"Point three: We, too, are in thorough accord with the removal of economic barriers which interfere with trade in superfluous manner. We, too, condemn economic war, which would inevitably bear within it causes of future warlike complications.

"Point four: Limitation of armaments: As already declared by us, the idea of limitation of armaments is entirely discussable. The financial position of all European states after the war might most effectively promote a satisfactory solution. [Cries of "Hear! Hear!"] It is therefore clear that an understanding might be reached without difficulty on the first four points of Mr. Wilson's program.

"I now come to the fifth point—Settlement of all colonial claims and disputes. Practical realization of Mr. Wilson's principles in the realm of reality will encounter some difficulties in any case. I believe that for the present it may be left for England, which has the greatest colonial empire, to make what she will of this proposal of her ally. This point of the program also will have to be discussed in due time, on the reconstitution of the world's colonial possessions, which we also demand absolutely.

**"Concerns Russia Alone."**

"Point six: Evacuation of Russian territory: Now that the entente has refused within the period agreed upon by Russia and the quadruple alliance to join in the negotiations, I must, in the name of the latter, decline to allow any subsequent interference.

"We are dealing here with questions which concern only Russia and the four allied [central] powers. I adhere to the hope that with recognition of self-determination for the peoples on the western frontier of the former Russian empire good relations will be established, both with these peoples and with the rest of Russia, for whom we wish most earnestly a return of order, peace, and conditions guaranteeing the welfare of the country.

"Point seven: Belgium: My predecessors in office repeatedly declared that at no time did the annexation of Belgium to Germany form a point in the program of German policy. The Belgian question belongs to those questions the details of which are to be settled by negotiation at the peace conference. I must adhere to the standpoint hitherto always adopted and refuse the removal in advance of the Belgian affair from the entire discussion.

**Occupied France a Pawn.**

"Point 8. The occupied parts of France are a valuable pawn in our hands. Here, too, forcible annexation forms no part of the official German policy. The conditions and methods of procedure of the evacuation, which must take account of Germany's vital interests, are to be agreed upon between Germany and France.

"I can only again express accentuate the fact that there can never be a question of dismemberment of imperial territory. Under no fine phrases of any kind shall we permit the enemy again to take from us territory of the empire which with ever increasing intimacy has linked itself to Germanism, which has in highly gratifying manner ever and increasingly developed in an economic respect, and of whose people more than 87 per cent speak the German mother tongue.

**The Question of Italy.**

"The questions dealt with by Mr. Wilson under points 9, 10, and 11 touch both the Italian frontier question and questions of the future development of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy and the future of the Balkan states; questions in which, for the greater part, the interests of our ally, Austria-Hungary, preponderate.

"Where German interests are concerned we shall defend them most energetically. But I may leave the answer to Mr. Wilson's proposals on these points in the first place to the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister. Close contact with the allied dual monarchy forms the kernel of our present policy, and must be the guiding line in the future.

"Loyal comradeship in arms, which has stood the test so brilliantly in war time, must continue to have its effect in peace. We shall thus on our part do everything for the attainment of peace by Austria-Hungary which takes into account her just claims.

"The matters touched upon by Mr. Wilson in point 12 concern our loyal, brave ally, Turkey. I must in no wise forestall her statesmen in their attitude. The integrity of Turkey and the safeguarding of her capital, which is connected closely with the question of the straits, are important and vital interests of the German empire only."

He added that the speech had been dictated by Hindenburg and Ludendorff, and contained no declaration of policy regarding Belgium, which he had always looked to as a test of the reality of any proposals from the other side.

# Russian Army Useless as War Machine, Inquiry Reveals

**BULLETIN.**

LONDON, Jan. 25.—Hot fighting between Bolshevik and Roumanian troops is in progress and communication between the Roumanian front and Petrograd is cut off, dispatches received here today from Petrograd state. The Cossack military government has permitted Gen. Alexieff to form a volunteer army for the defense of the constituent government, it was declared.

PETROGRAD, Thursday, Jan. 24.—Maj. Gen. Bonch-Bruevitch, chief of staff at the Russian front, paints a gloomy picture of the condition of the Russian armies in a report to Ensign Krylenko, the commander-in-chief. The army organizations are utterly demoralized, he says, the officers are inexperienced, and the maintenance of discipline is impossible.

The only possible salvation for the army, the only chance for offering an effective resistance, he declares, is for the various sections of the armies to fall back to their natural defenses and undergo a thorough reorganization of the units under trained leaders.

Many parts of the western front are entirely open, Gen. Bonch-Bruevitch reports. At numerous places there are only 240 infantrymen to the mile. The reserves are refusing to relieve the men in the trenches and the soldiers are deserting in masses.

**Fortified Points Destroyed.**

Communications are broken and few horses are available. The wire entanglements have been destroyed to facilitate fraternizing and the exchange of commodities with the German armies.

At many points, adds the chief of staff, fortified points have been destroyed, making resistance utterly impossible on the lines as at present located even with good troops. Various branches of the staff must soon cease work, he declares, because of the disordered conditions, and the economic life of the army will thus be ruined.

**Germany's Demands Vast.**

A detailed account of the Brest-Litovsk conference session following Gen. Hoffman's bold statement of the aims of the central powers was published by the Smolny institute today. Leon Trotzky, the Bolshevik foreign minister, addressing the conference, declared "the position of the Austro-Germans is now absolutely clear."

"Germany and Austria seek to cut off more than 150,000 square versts from the former Polish kingdom of Lithuania," he continued, "also the area populated by the Ukrainians and white Russians, and further they want to cut into territory of the Letts and separate the islands populated by the Esthonians from the same peoples on the mainland.

"Within this territory Germany and Austria wish to retain their reign of military occupation, not only after the conclusion of peace with Russia but after the conclusion of a general peace. At the same time the central powers refuse not only to give any explanation regarding the terms of evacuation but also refuse to obligate themselves regarding the evacuation.

**Destiny in Kaiser's Hands.**

"The internal life of these provinces lies therefore for an indefinite epoch in the hands of these powers. Under such conditions any indefinite guarantees regarding the expression of the will of the Poles, Letts, and Lithuanians are only of an illusory character. Practically it means that the governments of Austria and Germany take into their own hands the destiny of these nations."

Trotzky declared that he was glad now that the central powers were speaking frankly, stating that Gen. Hoffman's conditions proved that the real aims were builded on quite a different level than were the principles recognized on Dec. 25 and that real or lasting peace was only possible on the actual principle of self-definition.

**Promise Self-Definition.**

"It is clear," Trotzky declared, "that the decision could have been reached long ago regarding peace aims if the central powers had not stated their aims differently from those expressed by Gen. Hoffman."

Dr. Richard von Kuehlmann, German secretary for foreign affairs, replied to Trotzky, declaring in principle that Gen. Hoffman's aims were the same as those advanced on Christmas. Throughout the negotiations, he said, the Germans had kept in view the ethnological boundaries and also the actual boundaries of the old Russian empire. He said the central powers intended to permit free self-definition, scoffing at the theory that the presence of troops would prevent this.

Regarding evacuation, Dr. Kuehlmann said that it must be taken up with the newly born, self-defined governments.

# BRITISH CAPITAL IS COLD TOWARD TEUTONS' OFFER

## Gratified That Peace Talk Continues Among Belligerents.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The first impression that Chancellor von Hertling's speech has made on this country, as gathered from public men and the newspapers, is that it throws a searchlight for the nations allied against German militarism upon the kind of men and the kind of diplomacy with whom and with which they are dealing.

The first example of this diplomacy was given by the German negotiations with the Bolshevik delegates at Brest-Litovsk when the Germans declared themselves in perfect accord with a policy of no annexations or indemnities, coupling this platform with terms which knocked all the props from under it.

Count von Hertling's speech strikes the British as reeking with the same sort of diplomacy. The test and the keynote of Germany's policy was felt to rest on one word—Belgium. What von Hertling said about Belgium is so vague that it gives no straight clue to the ears of British listeners of what Germany proposes or may propose to do.

**Future of Belgium.**

Germany never has demanded the incorporation of Belgian territory "by violence," said the German imperial chancellor, but a great amount of doubt and suspicion is attached to those two words. Only yesterday the news came of Germany's plans to make it appear that the Flemish people wished independence from the Walloons of Belgium. All the Flemish-Belgian spokesmen in London declare that their people wish nothing of the kind.

Count von Hertling's proposals for the negotiation of the Belgian question in a peace conference fall on cold ground here.

**Militarists in Saddle.**

The placing of the restoration of Belgium and northern France in water-tight compartments, as one to be decided by a general peace conference and the other by negotiations between Germany and France only, equally fails to command a response.

Count von Hertling's speech also strikes the English as showing that shining armor is in the saddle in Germany and that the voice that speaks represents the mailed fist only and in nowise is the voice of the German people.

But, whatever the words of the central empires' spokesmen may mean, the fact is that peace negotiations are launched. They none the less are negotiations if conducted through speeches reported by the newspapers instead of through the conversations of diplomats seated around a conference table.

**"A War Speech," Lord Cecil.**

Chancellor von Hertling's speech was characterized today by Lord Robert Cecil, minister of blockade, in a statement to the Associated Press as a "very warlike, certainly not a peace, speech."

# MOBS, CRYING FOR PEACE, RIOT 2 DAYS IN BERLIN

## 100,000 on Strike in Prague; Parades by Big Crowds.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 25.—Severe rioting on Wednesday and Thursday in Berlin was reported in dispatches received here today. One report asserted that mobs were marching in the streets demanding peace. It was regarded as of great significance that Thursday's newspapers had not arrived today from Berlin, as usual.

**Naval Revolt Grows.**

LONDON, Jan. 25.—A German naval engineer with the rank of lieutenant, who deserted from Kiel, according to an Amsterdam dispatch to the Daily Express, states that dissatisfaction among the men of the German fleet is much more serious than in the army. He asserts there have been serious revolts, generally among the crews of mine sweepers.

Three weeks ago a squadron of mine sweeping trawlers entered Hamburg after an expedition in which three men were lost in an encounter with the British.

**44 Killed; 73 Wounded.**

An hour later a lieutenant arrived and ordered the men to return to their boats. They refused. The lieutenant swore at the men and struck two of them, the dispatch continues. He was thrown into the water and left to drown.

The Hamburg commandant, who had watched the mutiny, dispatched a motor boat carrying two machine guns, which were fired into the crowd of sailors, killing forty-four and wounding seventy-three. The others were arrested and sentenced to terms of imprisonment varying from five to twenty years.

**100,000 Strike in Prague.**

ZURICH, Jan. 25.—One hundred thousand workers struck Thursday in Prague, a dispatch from Vienna asserted today. Great throngs of strikers paraded the streets throughout the day. No Austrian newspapers have been received here for several days.

**Claim All Strikes Ended.**

BERLIN, Jan. 25, via Amsterdam.—A Vienna telegram under date of Wednesday, to the German press, says:

"Work was resumed in all factories without exception. Reports from the provinces state that the workers almost everywhere have returned to work."

## Colby Will Represent Wilson at "Melting Pot"

President Wilson has named Bainbridge Colby, member of the United States shipping board, to represent the administration at the "melting pot" dinner to be given Feb. 6 at the Hotel La Salle under the auspices of the National Security league. Seventy-five nationalities will be represented among the 2,000 guests who will reaffirm their allegiance to the American flag and the ideals which it stands for in the present war.


**OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.**

At Atlantic and gulf ports: Arrived—Steamers Ardgarry, Artemis, Black Prince, Bethlehem, Charlton Hall, Constantinople, Cape Breton, City of Oran, Confidenza, Chester Sun, Eleonora Maersk, Ellin, Fort Galne, Freeport Sulphur No. 2, Freeport Sulphur No. 3, Freeport Sulphur No. 4, Gene Crowley, Gotland, Londonier, Meraake, Mandeville, Malcom, Nordstjernen, Northland, Orduna, Pennsylvanian, President Bunge, Queen Elisabeth, Ronda, Seneca, San Giorgio, Samuli, San Silvestre, Tamaha, Virginia, Westcott, Warfarer, schooners Daisy Farlin, Thomas B. Garland, Thomas F. Pollard.


# SMALL HOPE OF PEACE IS SEEN IN WASHINGTON

## Terms of Hertling Cannot Be Accepted by Entente.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Count von Hertling's speech does not incline administration officials to the belief that any considerable advance has been made in the direction of peace.

"We seem to have in this speech the pan-German terms modified in deference to the internal political situation," said one high state department official.

"No responsible official would say that the German chancellor has deliberately closed the door on peace negotiations. At the same time his call for further peace terms was declared to be absurd in view of the specific demands advanced by President Wilson. The general character of the speech strengthened the conviction of officials that the pan-Germans and the military party are still in the saddle.

**"Freedom of the Seas."**

It was accepted as a matter of course that Germany would agree to the first four points advanced by President Wilson.

Germany's interpretation of what President Wilson meant by the freedom of navigation on the seas was declared to be purely Teutonic. The president stated specifically that in time of war this freedom would be restricted. Von Hertling declares that Germany stands for thorough freedom of navigation of the seas during time of war as well as in time of peace. Naval officials believe that President Wilson contemplated that England should relinquish Gibraltar and other important fortified points which the German chancellor pronounces "eminently important."

**Will Not Abandon France.**

American officials do not concede that the proposals of President Wilson concerning northern France and Alsace-Lorraine, Italia Irredenta, and Russia are matters for discussion only between the central powers singly or jointly and the nations immediately concerned. That the United States and the allies will leave France and Italy and Russia, if she does not negotiate a separate peace, to settle territorial questions directly with the central powers was said to be out of the question. The joint action of America and the allies in this connection was the base on which President Wilson's war aims and peace terms were erected.

## British Flyers Hurl Seven Tons of Bombs at Goeben

LONDON, Jan. 25.—During the last forty-eight hours seven tons of bombs have been dropped on and around the former German cruiser Goeben, stranded in the Dardanelles, and upon the Galata airdrome, it was officially announced tonight. Several direct hits were obtained.


**TO PREVENT THE GRIP.**

Colds cause Grip — LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets remove the cause. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on box. 30c.—Advertisement.



# Keeping Open the "Lines of Communication"

WESTERN transportation systems, such as the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, are proud in their privilege to add a new chapter to the splendid record of their part in the development of the nation. They first blazed the trail—surveyed the wildernesses and the uncharted prairies—pushed back the frontiers year by year—opened up a great new empire and took out sturdy settlers to populate and build it. They kept open the "lines of communication" between the old bases and these advance forces of pioneers; carried supplies to them, and brought back their crops, and cattle, lumber, ore, and manufactured products to the markets for trade.

They wove the fabric of the West into the greater economic and industrial fabric of the nation, and very soon the West, which they opened up to civilization, became essential to the economic well-being of Europe as well as America.

And now, when the very life of all free nations depends upon the prompt and efficient distribution of those vast supplies of food and material which the West so lavishly produces—now, when it is not too much to say that the continuance of self-government in this as well as in the European democracies depends upon the unrestricted flow of foodstuffs, and the sterner materials of war to our various seaports and supply depots—the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company, in common with other transportation systems, accepts, with solemn pride, the great responsibility of giving itself and its full measure of experience, equipment and loyal service to the greatest cause in history.

With this frank statement that the needs of the government must be considered first, this company wishes to assure its patrons that it will continue to serve them in the characteristic "St. Paul" way, and that everything possible will be done to insure their comfort and convenience.

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Informative Bulletin No. 2


## EVANSTON FUEL CHIEF QUITS IN ROW OVER SUPPLY

Charles T. Bartlett resigned yesterday from the position of fuel administrator for Evanston. He was succeeded by Irving Brower, commissioner of public works in Evanston, who was promoted from the position of deputy fuel administrator. His jurisdiction includes Wilmette.

"Conditions have been wretched in the offices of the county fuel administration," said Mr. Bartlett. "I never have seen such incompetence. We asked for twenty-three cars daily, thirteen of soft and ten of hard coal, and we never received more than eleven cars in a day.

County Fuel Administrator Raymond Durham said that despite Mr. Bartlett's charges the north shore situation was well in hand.

Other north shore administrators appointed yesterday were: Allen E. Murray for Glencoe and W. L. Woolhiser for Winnetka and Kenilworth. Citizens of all the north shore communities are protesting against the use of soft coal on the ground that it pollutes the air of the suburbs.

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# NAME SENATORS IN PACKER PLOT TO BLOCK QUIZ

## Swift's Letters Reveal Fear of Criminal Prosecution.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]
Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—The federal trade commission resumed its investigation of the Chicago packers in Washington today by placing in the record a bulky file of letters and telegrams obtained by formal request from the confidential files of Swift & Co.

The letters related almost exclusively to efforts made by the packers to defeat the Borland resolution before a committee in congress in March and April, 1916.

The interesting disclosure was made that Democratic leaders were opposed to the Borland resolution which called for an investigation of the packers, because a political campaign was coming on and the Democrats needed campaign contributions.

**Inquiry Followed Election.**

Although it was not brought out in the record of the proceedings today, the Borland resolution was defeated, but in February, after the election, President Wilson ordered the investigation, now in progress, which covers the scope planned by Borland.

It was disclosed today that the packers obtained the services of E. Dana Durand, former director of the census, and author of a report on the packing industry favorable to the packers, to come to Washington in their behalf.

Francis J. Heney, counsel for the commission, read the letters into the record.

**Appealed to Wadsworth.**

Immediately after the Borland resolution was introduced in congress, according to the records, Armour, Swift, and Morris arranged to oppose it. Later Cudahy was asked to join them, because it was suggested that attorneys for that firm had "powerful acquaintances" in Washington.

R. C. McManus, counsel for Swift, proceeded to Washington to keep in touch with developments. If the resolution could not be made to die in committee the packers proposed "to draw a herring across the investigation trail," as Commissioner Murdock phrased it, by having the bureau of markets commence publication of live stock and beef price data, which they hoped would make an investigation unnecessary.

Senator Wadsworth of New York, who, Heney said, was a stockholder in Swift & Co., was appealed to for aid.

**Commend a Kansas Senator.**

One letter read into the record mentioned the names of prominent Democratic senators who favored the packers in opposing the Borland resolution.

Senator Thompson of Kansas was spoken of as "deserving" and it was suggested that the Swift company give his Kansas City law firm some business.

The letter dated April 15, 1916, which was addressed to R. C. McManus, and signed by L. A. Carton, treasurer of Swift & Co., was as follows:

"Mr. W. H. Gates, chairman of the Democratic state committee of Colorado, whom you met in my office the first of this week, returned from Washington and New York today, and while in Washington met some of the president's advisers who told him that the president was unwilling to do anything to disturb business, and that he did not approve the Borland resolution and that the advice he had concerning it did not appeal to him, according to Mr. Tumulty.

**Meets Congressional Leaders.**

"While in Washington Mr. Gates had an interview in which the Borland bill and the causes leading up to it were discussed by Senators Shafroth of Colorado, Thomas of Colorado, W. J. Stone of Missouri, Reed of Missouri, Thornton of Louisiana, and Hoke Smith of Georgia, and Congressman Taylor of Colorado, who are all unfavorable to the resolution and to the agitation now going on in Washington by the radicals in the cattle associations.

"He also saw Senator Thompson of Kansas, of the firm of Thompson and Robertson, lawyers, Wahlstmaier building, Kansas City, Kas., who is a personal friend of Mr. Gates, and Mr. Gates laid a great deal of stress upon the senator's friendship and believes that we would make no mistake in keeping close to him, and that we could reciprocate by giving his firm some of the legal business we have to do in Kansas City—and I believe it would be in the interests of the situation to consider Mr. Gates' request. Mr. Gates says Thompson is a poor man and for that reason should not be in Washington, but that he thought so much of him personally that he gave $1,000 against his campaign expenses."

**"Need Corporations' Help."**

The correspondence read by Mr. Heney showed the organization of the fight by the Chicago packers against the Borland resolution leading up to the successful effort to halt congressional action.

A legislative committee, consisting of R. C. McManus, J. M. Chaplin, and A. D. White of the Swift staff was sent to Washington to direct the fight. In a report April 10, 1916, the McManus committee said:

"This administration has not disturbed business by prosecutions, and does not wish to be known as appealing to the mob spirit. It does not wish to spend money, as its revenues are in bad shape. It must come before the corporations for political subscriptions shortly, as the convention is almost at hand. Congressmen wish to go home to attend to their fences."

**How They Sized Up Foes.**

The report of the McManus legislative committee, which was read into the record, assailed some of the witnesses who appeared in advocacy of the Borland resolution. These characterizations were as follows:

"Ed Burke of Omaha is a sincere man, but Mr. Meeker, who has known him all his life, says he is a curious, solitary man, has few intimates, and is obsessed with the idea that he always gets the worst of everything.

"Stubbs of Kansas, while governor, ousted the Standard Oil company from Kansas. He is a bitter politician and is now trying to be United States senator.

"Borland of Missouri is seeking renomination. He boasts that he has a life job assured by reason of this agitation.

"Congressman Doolittle is a boy of small ability. He thinks he sees an opportunity to secure prominence in politics.

"Walter Fisher is frankly pettifogging. He is concerned for the consumer. He is determined there shall be no mutual adjustment of differences and that there shall be started a long campaign of official investigation, in which he shall participate."

**Feared Criminal Prosecutions.**

In a report while the Borland resolution was still in committee and before it had been killed McManus and his associates warned the packers, in a letter to Louis F. Swift, that criminal prosecutions were threatened.

"We believe," this report said, "the situation to be serious and recommend that everything be done in every direction to head off the present movement and to relieve the tension.

"We believe that, as it stands today, nothing could stop criminal prosecution and that the situation is dangerous where men like Burke, who have been in the business all their lives, regard trivial and irrelevant circumstances as conclusively proving unlawful operations."

**Letters from Swift Files.**

Mr. Heney took up the letters obtained from the Swift & Co. files and read them into the record in chronological order.

The first was a memorandum from the Swift legal department, signed by Mr. McManus, to Louis F. Swift, under date of March 2, 1916. It outlined the steps that might be taken to defeat the Borland resolution. The memorandum follows:

"Borland is just now the most unpopular man in congress, because of a rider he attempted to get into the appropriation bill extending the work of all departmental employés one hour per day without additional pay. Anything that he advocates or handles during the next few weeks will meet the opposition of almost every body in a harassing way."

**Bring in Ex-Census Director.**

The name of E. Dana Durand, former director of the census, first appeared in the packers' correspondence in a memorandum giving the "program of a meeting of the committee on cattle conventions and Borland resolution." It was suggested that Mr. Durand be requested to appear at the hearing before the judiciary commission on the Borland resolution in behalf of the packers.

Some doubt as to the wisdom of having Mr. Durand appear as the packer's witness was explained by Thomas E. Wilson at a meeting held in his office early in March, at which Edward Morris, E. E. White, J. M. Chaplin, A. D. White, and R. C. McManus were present.

**"Educate a Committeeman."**

The following minutes of that meeting were read by Mr. Heney:

"The plan with respect to E. Dana Durand was approved with the exception that Mr. Wilson thought it quite possible that we may be charged with having subsidized Mr. Durand while he was in the government service and kept him under cover for just such an occasion. He thinks we should ask Mr. Durand regarding the circumstances of his leaving the government employ to see if there is any obstacle in the way of his employment and consider having him subpœnaed by the committee rather than offered by the packers.

"Messrs. Wilson and White both think some packing house head should be within call and prepared to make a statement, but that it would be inadvisable for him to be sitting there, as he would certainly be called by the committee.

"They think if we decide to have the committee call Durand we could give some friendly committeeman a little preliminary education on the subject and a set of questions and facts which he might draw out from the witnesses."

**Durand Likes Ideas.**

Dr. Durand was then called for a meeting with Messrs. Hayward, McManus, Chaplin and Veeder, of packers counsel, at which the proposal that he come to Washington in the interests of the packers was broached to him on March 18, 1916. Dr. Durand objected on the grounds of his former government connection.

"We then," the minutes continued, "explained to him our ideas in reference to periodical publicity of average beef prices and cattle prices and also average division of the receipts of beef between the livestock producer and the packers, etc.

"He thought it an excellent scheme and would assist. He suggested that he go to Washington at once, have an interview with his friends in the bureau of markets, in the federal trade commission and in the agriculture department to see if he could not bring them to his way of thinking and have them suggest the adoption of such publicity scheme."

**Vetoed by Swift.**

The plan of having the bureau of markets publish this bulletin referred to in previous letters was vetoed by Louis F. Swift in a letter dated March 16, 1916.

"It had been agreed that if we find the excitement is subsiding, and the agitation against the packer as the one responsible for the losses suffered by the cattlemen, is dying out, we also will limit our activities to the same degree, so as not to keep alive something which gives promise of dying a natural death," the letter said.

Mr. Heney had a bulky volume of letters still unfinished when the hearing adjourned at 5 o'clock to resume tomorrow morning.

# FROEMKES' WORK AT ARTS CLUB

## Portraits of Chicago Children Included in Exhibit—Society Attends Opening.

(ABOVE): FLORENCE, DAUGHTER OF MRS. RICHARD CRANE. "IRIS." (BELOW): MASTER CHAUNCEY BLAIR.

# KILLED IN ACTION

## Brother of Illinoisan Gives Up Life in Battle in France. Gen. Pershing Reports Additional Deaths from Natural Causes.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 25.—Gen. Pershing today reported another American soldier killed in action on Jan. 22, but gave no details. The man killed was Private Fred P. Thompson. His brother, Ralph Thompson, lives at Georgetown, Ill.

The following deaths abroad not in action also were reported:

**Sergt. Frederick D. Day**, meningitis; 119 Hancock street, Auburndale, Mass.

**Nurse Florence Hinton**, meningitis, 1502 East Wood street, Decatur, Ill.

**Mechanic Ernest Hilton**, disease, R. F. D. No. 1, Wells Beach, Maine.

**Private William Rossi**, tuberculosis, Lodi, Cal.

**Private Floyd Bolen**, pneumonia, 19 Raymond drive, Athens, O.

**Private William B. Mohr**, sarcoma, 97 East Twelfth street, Covington, Ky.

**Private Howard Hall**, pneumonia, nearest friend, N. J. Wiggins, Derby, O.

Allentown, Pa., Jan. 25.—Cornelius Tillman of Hooper, Neb., a member of an ambulance section, died last night in the Allentown hospital, of pneumonia.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Health conditions among the American troops in France for the week ending Jan. 18 show only a slight change. The total of all men off duty for illness or injury whether their cases were serious enough for hospital treatment or not was 55.1 per 1,000, as against 54.1 the preceding week. It was 47.6 for all troops in the United States.

# U. S. PRESSING FOR VIGOROUS NAVAL POLICY

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—America, by example and by counsel, is pressing England toward a more aggressive naval policy, involving hazardous risks, but which, with the tremendous superiority of the American and allied fleets, can be afforded, it was stated in a high quarter today.

"It has become a matter of prime necessity," it was declared, "that naval measures be taken against the enemy. The allied shipping in the Mediterranean, naval as well as commercial, for example, is meeting with terrific losses. The principal menace to the allies in the Mediterranean, and the chief submarine base of Austro-German submarines, is Pola. It can be attacked with many prospects of success.

"Germany's submarines must be countered at their bases. Experiments already have revealed that it is dangerous to delay other measures in the hope of finding for the U-boats an antidote to be applied at sea."

**HORSE IN COAL HOLE.**

It took an hour for firemen called to the rear of the Masonic temple last night to rescue a horse owned by Orerar, Clinch & Co. The horse had fallen into a coal hole.

# DOUBLE SHOW AT ARTS CLUB FINDS FAVOR

## Froemkes and Salvatore Paintings and Sculpture.

BY LOUISE JAMES BARGELT.

A double exhibition opened yesterday at the Arts club, consisting of paintings by Maurice Froemkes and sculpture by Victor Salvatore. The galleries of the club were decorated anew and with the usual taste and excellency of appreciation.

There are portraits by Froemkes and paintings of a purely pictorial decorative nature, and there are a large number of still lifes. Chicago is to be congratulated for being the first city to entertain this particular display. Mr. Froemkes is well known for his portrait of Lyman Abbott and his painting of Cardinal Merry del Val, which was done at the vatican in 1904.

**Portraits of Chicago Children.**

In this exhibit of his work there are two of his latest portraits, including one of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Crane's daughter, entitled "Florence."

These portraits are delicately and finely done, the transparent skin showing beautifully against the dark, decorative panels Froemkes uses for his backgrounds.

"Iris," another Froemkes canvas, stands out distinctively, a girl in a red coat with a picture hat of gold yellow and a background predominantly black. Then there is "Meadow Sweetness," a golden girl with a scroll backing of gold, and "Master Chauncey Blair" hangs on the wall, a sturdy youngster with yellow curls and big eyes and a half smile on his lips.

Among the pieces of still life which attract attention is the "White Heron," and there are a number of flower pieces which are gay and pleasing.

**Power Shown in Sculpture.**

In the gallery beyond is the sculpture by Victor Salvatore, the Italian sculptor, who reveals much power in the dozen or more pieces he has on exhibit.

There are a couple of faces of old men which contain a degree of expression quite out of the ordinary, and there is a child's head showing the utmost naturalness of portrayal.

The blue draperies which have been hung on the walls of this gallery form an effective backing for the various sculptural pieces.

**SOCIETY AT EXHIBIT.**

An unusually gay throng came to the party at the Arts club. Both the sculptor and the painter were present as guests of honor.

At the tea tables were Mrs. Arthur Ryerson, her daughters, Miss Ellen Ryerson and Mrs. George H. Clarke, and Mrs. Joseph Winterbotham Jr., Mrs. George Higginson Jr., Mrs. Froemkes, and Mrs. Carpenter. Everybody was especially interested in meeting Mr. Salvatore, as his wedding to Miss Ellen Ryerson is to take place next month, and this was his introduction to many of the friends of his fiancée.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Meeker, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Bartlett, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Aldis, Mrs. Jacob Baur, Miss Ethel Wrenn, Mrs. Anna L. Stacey, Miss Alice Gerstenberg, Miss Alice Roullier, Miss Grace Hickox, Miss Kathryn Linn, T. P. O'Connor, and Christian Abrahamsen.

## *Gets Uniform to Strut In; Now in Cell to Think In*

To wear a sailor suit was one thing Paul Bell, alias Smith, always had desired, but the responsibility he sidestepped. So he spent the night in the South Clark street station. He will be turned over to the federal authorities.

The police are searching for John Byers, an alleged deserter from the navy, with whom Bell exchanged clothes, and Hazel Hall, 18 years old, who is said to have lived with the two men for the last week at 1310 North La Salle street.

Bell, through his admiration of navy men, met Byers a week ago, he said. The introduction to the girl followed. Then because he liked to strut around the exchange of clothing took place.

## *Roosevelt Dinner Guest of Medill McCormick*

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Col. Roosevelt was the guest of honor at a dinner given tonight by Representative at Large Medill McCormick of Illinois. Invited to meet the former president were the Republican members of the Illinois delegation and forty other Republican members of the house. Col. Roosevelt made a speech on the duties of Republicans to support constructive measures for obtaining 100 per cent efficiency in the national war efforts.

**ROCK ISLAND SUBURBAN SERVICE IN EFFECT MONDAY.**

To better accommodate suburban patrons Rock Island Lines announce special Monday schedules in effect Monday, Jan. 28th, and each Monday up to and including March 25th, 1918. Full information at local ticket offices.—Adv.

# ARGUE SUPPLIES TO RUSSIA WOULD PROVE SYMPATHY

## Lincoln Steffens, Lovett, and Jane Addams Give Views.

Resolutions urging that the United States continue to ship to Russia the supplies that are sadly needed there were passed last night at a massmeeting held at the Chicago theater.

"Russia is starving! Our country must not abandon her!" was the thought in the motion made by Robert M. Lovett, University of Chicago professor and head of a committee of sixteen which arranged the meeting.

As chairman, Prof. Lovett opened the program. Miss Jane Addams also spoke briefly upon the direct simplicity and the "realism" of the Russian character. But Lincoln Steffens, who was in Russia when the revolutionary upheavals began, occupied most of the evening.

"The Russians may be crazily blundering along," said Prof. Lovett, "but they have gone directly to the heart of things."

**Miss Addams' Views.**

"There is in their action something of the realism of the Russian character," said Miss Addams. "They did not want to treat with the German army as an army. They wanted to treat with its soldiers as individuals and they sought to do it.

"They believe that the land belongs to the man that tills it and when the revolution was accomplished their first desire was to get back to their own villages and till their soil.

"We should send them tonight a message saying: 'We are watching your struggles because you are dealing with human equations and in the end your efforts will reach the highest possible destination.'"

**"Gentle Mobs."**

Mr. Steffens dwelt at length upon the "gentle mobs" which seized control of Russia.

"To this day," he said, "these mobs, these gentle mobs, are ruling Russia. And Russia has displayed the most consistent policy of all the nations. The mob—the loosest form of democracy—has proved to be the most consistent statesman."

"It is not playing for peace," he said. "That is camouflage. It is playing for a revolution in Germany. And if we want to help them we must help them on that proposition."

**Praise for Wilson.**

"Hooray for the Bolshevikil!" roared a black haired young fellow in the middle of the house.

Another interruption came a moment later when the speaker asked who in the United States "best represents the revolutionary spirit."

"Yes, President Wilson," answered, repeating what some one in the audience had said.

There was a hiss that lasted for a few seconds. But the speaker went on to say that the Wilson declaration on peace terms "cut imperialism to the bone," and the disturbance ceased.

**British Labor Heard.**

"The Bolsheviki missed the significance," he said, "but who got it? Why, organized labor in Great Britain. Organized labor appealed to Great Britain to drop its imperialistic policies everywhere. So, we see, we shall have a revolution in England that will be the best of all—slow, orderly, without so much suffering as in Russia. We all know it is coming, but probably not until after the war."

Federal operatives, including stenographers, watched the meeting closely and will make their reports on it today.

# *JAPAN AND U. S. IN FULL ACCORD ON WAR MOVES*

## *Foreign Minister Tells of Aid to Allies and Nation's Plans.*

TOKIO, Tuesday, Jan. 22.—[Delayed]—Viscount Motono, the Japanese foreign minister, in his speech tonight to both houses of parliament announced that the members of the Japanese mission recently sent to America had, after a frank exchange of views, established a full, mutual accord between Japan and the United States in regard to military coöperation in the war. The foreign minister said:

"The great war which has bathed Europe in blood for the last three years continues its grievous course and it would seem difficult to predict the end.

"Japan, faithful to her international engagements, has made every effort to aid the entente allies to secure the objects of the war and has coöperated by every possible means with her military and navy.

**Alliance with England.**

"I am happy to be able to state that Japan's coöperation is highly appreciated by the peoples and the governments of the entente allies. Our alliance with Great Britain always has been the fundamental basis of our foreign policy. It was above all things the reason why Japan participated in this war.

"With regard to our policies toward China I, on a previous occasion, declared the Japanese government had no intention of interfering or taking sides in internal political dissensions in China. The Japanese government will maintain good relations with a stable government in China without regard to party or faction.

"One thing I desire particularly to speak of—namely: the decision taken by our neighbor to declare war against Germany in August, 1917. The increased German power was the greatest menace to the security of the far east.

**Agreement with U. S.**

"The government last year sent a special mission to America for the purpose of conveying our sincere felicitations and at the same time to consult with the American officials regarding the coöperation of the two countries in the European war. The members of that mission exchanged frank views with the American authorities and the result was the establishment of a full mutual accord with regard to military coöperation.

"Profiting by this opportunity, the Chinese question was made the subject of a full and frank discussion.

"For some time there existed a certain doubt in America with regard to Japan's intentions to ward China, while at the same time it is a fact, clearly proved, that by intrigues and underhand methods our enemies conspired to create antagonism beteen the two nations. It is an inestimable result obtained by our mission that it has been able to convince the people of the United States of the true sentiments of Japan and thus dissipate all misunderstandings.

"I desire to express the profound gratitude of the nation and government of Japan for the reception and treatment, so spontaneous and warm, extended by the American goverament to our mission."

## *Finds Husband a Suicide; 'Starved Out,' His Message*

Mrs. Harry Dean, who has not been living with her husband for some time, last night went to the house where they used to live together at 4859 Seeley avenue. She was unable to get in. The police, who broke in, found the husband dead in the kitchen, which was filled with gas. Four airedale terriers which Mrs. Dean said her husband valued at $1,000 also were dead. There was no fuel in the basement and no food in the pantry. Across the face of a calendar in the kitchen was written with a red crayon, "Starved out." There was no other message.

# COMPANY GIVEN U. S. MONEY, BUT BUILDS NO SHIPS

## Contract for 12 Vessels Sublet to Another Firm, Senators Are Told.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—In continuing its investigation today of the shipping board, the senate commerce committee inquired into a contract between the government and the Clinchfield Navigation company of New York, for twelve wooden ships, which was sublet to the Sloane Shipbuilding corporation of Seattle.

Philip D. Sloane, head of the western concern, told the committee that the government had advanced the Clinchfield company $1,700,000 on the contract, although no ships had been completed.

**U. S. Takes Over Yard.**

The money was used, Sloane said, to purchase materials, but since then the government had exercised its option under the contract and taken over the operation of the Sloane yard. He confirmed previous testimony that he was relieved of responsibility for such construction but was allowed a salary of $10,000 a year.

The witness asserted that under the government's management of the yard all of the company's assets will be wiped out and a deficit created. He added that shipyards under private ownership could complete ships from thirty to sixty days quicker than they can be built under government management.

**Asks Big Sum for Housing.**

Former Rear Admiral Bowles and other officers of the shipping board of the emergency fleet corporation, testifying today before the house investigating committee, urged passage by the house of bills recently enacted by the senate authorizing the expenditure of $50,000,000 for housing facilities for shipyard workmen and to create military zones around yards building government ships.

Mr. Bowles said both government and private yards are working less than 50 per cent capacity.

**Six Ship Experts Quit.**

Six members of the technical staff of the emergency fleet corporation have handed in their resignations as a protest against the resignation of Theodore E. Ferris, chief ship designer of the fleet corporation.

Ferris' resignation was accepted today following the congressional investigation. He was head of the technical department of the division of construction under Rear Admiral Bowles, and the men who resigned are all heads of certain branches of work.

They are: H. H. Thayer, assistant to the naval architect; A. J. C. Robertson, assistant to the naval architect; James H. Harrison, chief constructor; Charles H. Miller of New York, chief clerk; Hugh Wilson, chief of the design draftsmen, and Harold W. Billings, hull draftsman.


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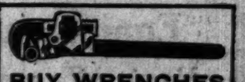

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# BAKER BLAMED BY GORGAS FOR HOSPITAL LACK

## Barracks for Sick Built Last; No Ships to Carry Wounded.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Surgeon General Gorgas let some more light into war department methods today in testifying before the senate military affairs committee.

Most startling of the surgeon general's disclosures were that his recommendation to build hospitals at American army camps and cantonments before the camps were ready to receive the youth of America was rejected by Secretary Baker and the war department, and that recommendations he made six months ago for the procurement of hospital ships to transport wounded from France are still being discussed.

As a consequence of Secretary Baker's decision to complete barracks before providing hospital facilities, the surgeon general said, none of the hospitals is entirely complete yet. Some, he said, had no steam heat or sewerage system. Some probably will not have steam heat before the winter is over.

**Training Camps Delayed.**

Gen. Gorgas also testified that:

Recommendations he had made months ago for enlargment of training camps for the medical corps of the army are still awaiting decision by the army general staff, vital though the enlargement is to the welfare of the military establishment.

Conditions as to health and sanitation in American camps are improving.

Epidemics of disease were due in large measure to overcrowding and, to some extent, to insufficient clothing for the soldiers.

**Higher Rank Urged.**

The surgeon general urged legislation which would give officers of the medical corps of the army higher rank, in order to put them and their important services on an equality with officers and work of other branches of the service.

He also advocated a measure which would give the surgeon general better control over all branches of the medical service, regular army, national guard, and national army, with authority to fix the ratio of medical officers in the national guard and national army as they are now fixed in the regular army.

**Some of the Testimony.**

Relating to the hospital ship situation, the following is part of the testimony:

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—I want to ask about the hospital ships. Have you taken up that matter?

GEN. GORGAS—That has been considered for some time. It is a question of whether the army is to have charge of the returning sick and wounded, or the navy.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—How did the matter originally come up?

GEN. GORGAS—It came up over the request for hospital ships.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Who made that request?

GEN. GORGAS—Our department.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—When was that, general?

GEN. GORGAS—Five or six months ago.

**Sent to Secretary.**

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—You made that request of the secretary?

GEN. GORGAS—Of the secretary.

GEN. GORGAS—It has been considered since that time from various points of view. It finally went back to the secretary, probably ten days ago. I spoke to the secretary about it personally. I spoke to him about the desire to get the matter settled.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Can you tell us where it was considered?

GEN. GORGAS—It probably went to the war college. It has come back to my office several times.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—You sent it to Secretary Baker. You think he referred it to the war college?

GEN. GORGAS—I think so.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—What do you think the war college did with it?

GEN. GORGAS—I have a sort of impression that it was disapproved, but I do not recall.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK — Disapproved because we would not need any hospital ships?

GEN. GORGAS—I was told later that the navy would have charge of transportation of the sick and wounded and that we need not concern ourselves about it.

**Three Months to Fit Out.**

SENATOR HITCHCOCK — What length of time would it take to prepare a vessel for hospital purposes?

GEN. GORGAS—Three or four months, if you do not build the ship. If you just transform the ship it will take three or four months.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Has the navy any hospital ships?

GEN. GORGAS—It has three hospital ships.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Are those hospital ships of sufficient capacity for the army purposes?

GEN. GORGAS—No, that would not be enough.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Is there any other way in which hospital ships could be procured, except the navy ships?

GEN. GORGAS—The question has come up as to whether we could not use transports for that purpose. That will no doubt have to be done, because we could not get hospital ships in time. After deciding the question who is to do the transporting, then will come the question of the fitting. Most of the men who will come back will be convalescent men, who would not need bed care. The transports will do very well.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—When do you hope for a settlement of the hospital ship issue?

**Has Daily Hopes.**

GEN. GORGAS—Every day. We are bringing sick back on our transports a few at a time.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — Who makes the decision?

GEN. GORGAS—The agreement is between the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy.

Testimony relating to the hospitals at American camps and cantonments was as follows:

SENATOR McKELLAR—Had the hospitals been completed at the various camps when you were there in October?

GEN. GORGAS—No, none of them. None were provided with steam heat.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Nor were they provided with sewerage, nor had the wards been finished?

GEN. GORGAS—Some very important things like water, and heat, and sewerage had not been put in.

SENATOR McKELLAR—Are they all completed now?

GEN. GORGAS—No.

SENATOR McKELLAR—How many are incomplete now?

GEN. GORGAS—I should say the steam heating and sewerage in none of the national guard encampments is completed. They all have stoves.

**Left to the Last.**

SENATOR McKELLAR—In order to look after the health of the army, would it not have been the most natural and proper thing to complete the hospitals at the beginning and have the sewerage and heat ready.

GEN. GORGAS—I think it would have been wiser. That was my recommendation at that time.

SENATOR McKELLAR—As a matter of fact, in completing the cantonments the hospitals were left to the last, as a rule?

GEN. GORGAS—They were very generally.

SENATOR THOMAS—Is it not a fact that the clamor for haste had something to do with the undue speeding up of the construction of the cantonments and also the crowding of soldiers in before they were ready?

**A Hypothetical Case.**

GEN. GORGAS — I presume that what has occurred is something of this kind. Take the recommendation, for instance, about the building of hospitals first, which I made to the department. Now, they go to the department; they go to the secretary, supposedly, and he settles the matter. I presume that he said: "No, build the cantonments first," because he had some military reason for it. I presume he has been pressed by our allies to get troops over to Europe as rapidly as possible, and if he delayed the cantonments until the hospitals were finished, or put the hospitals in first, it would delay for a longer or shorter time getting these troops into the cantonments. Of course, I have no official knowledge that he was pressed by the allies.

SENATOR THOMAS—Do you not think it would have been better for the welfare of the young men and also as respects a more speedy training and shelter, to have made haste a little more slowly?

GEN. GORGAS—I can express a very positive opinion about the young men. It certainly would have been better for their health to have gone more slowly, but I imagine from what I have seen in the papers as to what has gone on in Europe that it would have been a very unfortunate thing to have delayed our mobilization.

# UNITED STATES' MUDDLING ALARMS ALLIES, M'CORMICK SAYS; "WHERE HAVE THEY BURIED WOOD?" LLOYD GEORGE ASKED

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—That war officials of the British and French governments discovered lack of coördination in American war plans even before congress awoke to it, was revealed to the senate military affairs committee several weeks ago by Representative Medill McCormick of Chicago.

Testimony given by Representative McCormick in executive session and withheld from publication at the time was disclosed by the committee today, together with other executive information and details of artillery plans which members of the committee thought it would be well for the public to know, particularly as they are convinced that Germany has the information already.

**Where Is Wood Buried?**

Representative McCormick disclosed:

That Lloyd George had asked him where Gen. Leonard Wood was buried and why he was not in Washington or Paris.

That the foreign allied leaders wanted Gen. Wood on the allied war council as America's representative.

That British and French officials cabled that Col. House be sent to Europe for the purpose of discussing coördination, they having been convinced that time was being lost trying to coördinate from Washington.

That the allies have asked the United States to add 5,000 aeroplanes to the western front and to maintain that strength.

That responsible American army officers in France declared unless Gen. Sharpe, chief of the quartermaster division, and Gen. Crozier, chief of ordnance, were removed they did not know what might happen.

**United States Artillery Program.**

It was also disclosed through publication of heretofore suppressed testimony that the middle heavy artillery program of the United States government plans for an army of a million men and the following:

Six thousand seven hundred 75-mm. guns.

One thousand 4.7 guns.

Three thousand two hundred 155-mm. guns.

One thousand four hundred 9.5 guns.

This shows that America is planning to throw into the European breach against Germany 12,800 heavy guns to each million men. Experts have been declaring that at least 20,000 or 25,000 guns should constitute the program to make it adequate. Testimony just revealed further shows the American plan of adding the 9.5 gun, a new one, to the artillery program, was done against the advice of Lloyd George, who wished the calibers of artillery to be kept as uniform as possible.

**Some of the Testimony.**

Portions of the executive testimony given by Representative McCormick on Nov. 18, related in the course of a review of his experiences in the theater of war last fall, follow:

SENATOR WADSWORTH—I want to ask you, Mr. McCormick, in your conferences with any of the French or British officers, did they make any comment on what we had thus far done in the adoption of the Enfield rifle and the modified machine guns with respect to interchangeability of ammunition?

MR. McCORMICK—Lloyd George expressed great anxiety lest we be responsible for multiplying the number of calibers. There were already too many kinds of ammunition over there. Lloyd George was especially anxious to know what had happened to Leonard Wood, where he had been buried, and why he was not in Washington or Paris. He wanted him on the allied war council as our representative. He was very insistent upon that point.

**France's Hands Full.**

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Do you think we should make more artillery on this side, rather than depend on the French or the British?

MR. McCORMICK—The French cannot do it. If your roof leaks in France you cannot mend it. If your window is broken you cannot have it glazed. Every man who is in France is needed to be making guns for France or to be on the line.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Gen. Crozier said there were some advantages in shipping the raw materials because when it was lost there was no labor lost. France had the equipment and the factories.

MR. McCORMICK—If the committee thinks his opinion is worth more than that of Gen. Petain, why——

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Do you think the French factories can supply these heavy guns or the light ones faster than we can?

**Kitchener and Baker.**

MR. McCORMICK—I do not mean to say that they should not produce the maximum of their output, but here is America, producing more steel than all Europe. We must have 25,000 more cannon, and it is impossible for the allies to make them. We should have a munitions director. Here was Kitchener, who certainly was as big a man as Baker. I do not wish to make any derogatory remarks regarding Mr. Baker. The job was too big for Kitchener. They took the biggest man in the service of the enemies of Germany —Lloyd George. In France they took Loucheur. They made him the head of munitions.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—He is getting results?

MR. McCORMICK—He is one man of whom all Frenchmen speak to me in praise.

THE CHAIRMAN—He was an industrial man?

MR. McCORMICK—He is a steady, driving, rather silent Frenchman. The job is bigger than the biggest man we have in America. Yet, under our system, every labor dispute must be determined by the secretary of war. I would rather not mention any names, but the most important American officers said, "If Sharpe and Crozier do not go, we do not know what may happen."

SENATOR WADSWORTH—I have had that from three majors general.

MR. McCORMICK—Yes, the men on whom our burden rests said that to me.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK — Have they any way of reaching the administration?

MR. McCORMICK—I do not know. When Gen. Biddle was recently appointed American officers were all broken up about it. As an engineer, he was well thought of; they all liked him; but when he was to be made the probable successor to the chief of staff it just about mads them wince.

**Our Military Brains.**

SENATOR NEW—Whom do they have confidence in over here?

MR. McCORMICK—They talked of Gen. Marsh, of Gen. Morrison and Gen. Wood.

THE CHAIRMAN—Gen. Morrison is over there, is he not?

MR. McCORMICK—So is Marsh, too, I think. Naturally, I would rather not mention their names; but, as you eat with a group of men who are carrying the load, these are the three men who were mentioned as representing the best military intelligence we have.

SENATOR WADSWORTH — Gen. Crozier was asked whether he did not think it would be a good thing to establish a ministry of munitions in this country, as they have in England, and he answered in the negative.

**Opposed to Civilians.**

MR. McCORMICK—In the first place, your soldier never wants to change the existing practice or to put a civilian in authority. When they changed the government in the Philippines some of those soldiers really suffered spiritually. Here is an administrative job, the biggest in the world. There is another one that is big enough, and that is to organize an army out of nothing. The energy, direction, and decision of the greatest industrial genius in this country is not too much for this job. If Mr. Baker were another Carnot, he would not be big enough for the job.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—As our army arrives in France, does it appear to be equipped and well organized?

MR. McCORMICK—I heard of only one regiment which was said to have arrived short of overcoats. The men I have met seemed to be equipped very well. They were in splendid physical condition. In the course of six weeks they were outshooting their French instructors. If the generals are as good as the line, we shall have reason to be proud. The infantry is splendid.

SENATOR NEW—How are the airplane men doing?

MR. McCORMICK—There were not many up to the time that I left.

**Great Aviation Hopes.**

SENATOR WADSWORTH—Did any officers make any comments on our aviation program involving standardized motors?

MR. M'CORMICK—Yes, sir. The Italians thought that we would have a great deal more handwork to do; that there would have to be a great deal more done on the motors than we anticipated. I spent a day with Caproni and went up in one of his big planes. They expressed great hopes of what we would do. The French general headquarters estimate that we should add 5,000 planes to the total and never let the total fall below that. Airplanes are used pretty rapidly.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—Is the French aviation service beginning to fail?

MR. M'CORMICK—They are short of officers of all sorts.

**Testimony on Artillery.**

With respect to artillery the following testimony was made public:

MR. M'CORMICK—Lloyd George said that the soldiers had seldom made adequate estimates of the amount of artillery needed. On one occasion I was told that Lloyd George trebled the estimates for six inch guns and when they were turned out there were barely enough. The soldiers, it seems, kept thinking unconsciously in the terms of the text books.

SENATOR HITCHCOCK—We have been told that there is a great superiority of British and French ammunition over the German ammunition.

MR. M'COORMICK—The aeroplane men can tell that pretty well. At the battle of the Chemin des Dames they simply ruined the Germans and silenced them.

"Lloyd George sits down every day with men who represent all the elements, in spite of old and bitter animosities. They wondered why we set out on the old partisan course. They said: 'Why do you not summon So-and-so and So-and-so to Washington to sit in council?'"

# BAKER AVERTS GOETHALS ROW ON STETTINIUS

## Defines the Powers of Each in Purchases of Army Supplies.

(Continued from first page.)

inet, but in his action today he has made concessions to the demands for a munitions ministry.

**Statement from Baker.**

The creation of a surveyor general of purchases and the selection of Mr. Stettinius for the post were announced by Mr. Baker in the following statement:

"Edward R. Stettinius of New York has been appointed surveyor general of all army purchases. He will be in charge of the procurement and production of all supplies by the five army bureaus, viz., ordnance, quartermaster, signal, engineer, and medical. It will be his duty to coördinate such purchases and properly relate the same to industry, to the end that the army program be developed under a comprehensive plan which will best utilise the resources of the country.

"From the outbreak of the war Mr. Stettinius has been in sole charge of the allied purchases in this country and has been responsible for the development of the production of war materials. His intimate knowledge of war conditions in Europe and in the United States, as related to industry, and the practical means he has used to accomplish his plans, preëminently qualify him for his position.

"Mr. Stettinius will assume his new duties at once and establish his office in Washington."

**Stirred by Chamberlain.**

Emanating as it did from a hitherto recognized administration leader, the speech of Senator Chamberlain yesterday made a profound impression in the capital. The White House was silent, although it became known that the president desired Mr. Baker to put in a defense on behalf of the administration. Thereupon the secretary of war wrote the following letter to Chairman Chamberlain:

"The questions which have arisen with regard to the conduct of the war require an explicit statement from me for the information of your committee and generally for the information of congress and the country.

"I feel that in justice I owe such a statement to the splendid officers and men of the army, who have forgotten themselves and labored with self-sacrifice and, as I think, success in the building of a great army.

**Praises Business Men.**

"It is due also to the great number of men of business and of affairs who have accepted the invitation of the war department to come to Washington, and brought their business experience, their talents, and their judgment to the work in hand. And I think the people of the country are entitled to have at large a summary of what has been done by America in the war.

"I therefore respectfully request that your committee arrange an opportunity for me to make such a statement, and that the time and place be fixed so as to enable all members of the senate and the house of representatives who are so disposed to attend.

"If this request can be complied with I shall be happy to be advised at your earliest convenience of the time and place."

**No Special Privilege.**

Secretary Baker denied that he sought to appear before the senate, saying he was not privileged to speak in either house, but he did desire to talk directly to as many senators and representatives as possible. The senate committee considered the matter in executive session and decided that the secretary of war should not be accorded privileges not enjoyed by other witnesses. The hearing, therefore, will be held in the regular committee room, which accommodates less than fifty persons.

Secretary Baker said that he would endeavor to give the committee all of the specific information in his possession regarding war preparations, camp conditions, and the procurement of supplies.

"Of course," he said, "I feel that any information that would be of real military value to the enemy should be suppressed. So far as other information is concerned, I shall endeavor to give in a connected way just what the war department has done and is doing."

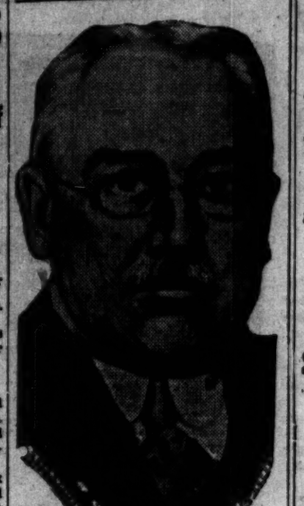
**Asks for Names.**

Secretary Baker said he had written to Senator Chamberlain since the latter delivered his speech yesterday asking for the names of the individuals he mentioned as having died as the result of neglect in camps.

"Not knowing the names of the men or the camps," Mr. Baker said, "I do not know whether I already have had these cases investigated. Any such instance that has been brought to my attention has been investigated instantly and the blame fixed. It may be that the cases mentioned by Senator Chamberlain already have been the subject of rigid inquiry. If not, they will be the moment I get the names."

# ARMY SUPPLY HEAD

J. P. Morgan Lieutenant Made Surveyor General of Army Purchases.




# ONLY THIRD OF NURSES READY USED IN CAMPS

Camp Grant, Rockford, Ill., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Only 5,500 of the 17,000 nurses enrolled for immediate service in the American Red Cross nursing bureau have been given an opportunity by the war department to begin actual work. Miss Clara Noyes of Washington, director of the bureau, told a TRIBUNE representative tonight that unlimited numbers of trained women can be supplied whenever they are called for service in national army cantonments or in France, but that lack of quarters has forced the bureau practically to mark time since war was declared.

"Of the twenty-one units organized," she said, "only eight or ten have been utilized. Thirty nurses were ready to go to Camp Dix recently, but there were no quarters ready for them. This is probably the case in a number of camps where men are dying because of lack of proper care.

"I can say truthfully that the Red Cross can supply all of the trained women that are called for and they are the type of competent experts who have completed the rigid requirements of the service.

"It must be remembered that the service we offer is expert service and not the misdirected force of amateur enthusiasm. None of the society women heralded as members of units sent to France to do Red Cross work are with the American Red Cross unless they are trained nurses of proved ability. They may be identified with the French organization, however."

TO SAVE COAL

Employ your Local Consulting Engineer. John A. Stevens, 8 Merrimack street, Lowell, Mass.—Advertisement.

# CYCLONE STRIKES AUSTRALIA CITY; FEAR MANY DEAD

SYDNEY, New South Wales, Jan. 25.—The town of Mackay, in Queensland, has been overwhelmed by a cyclone which produced a tidal wave and flood conditions. Heavy loss of life is feared. Fourteen bodies have already been recovered. There is call for food and other assistance for the stricken community.

Property damage was heavy, especially to the stocks of sugar, of which more than $3,000,000 worth was stored in the town. The state authorities are arranging for relief measures.

Mackay, a seaport of Queensland, lies on the southern bank of the Pioneer river. It is situated in a sugar growing region and is the port of outlet for important gold and copper fields. It had a population of approximately 5,000 by the last available census.

# Cologne Flooded; Food in the Cellars Is Destroyed

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—A flood reported in the upper Rhine valley has inundated the city of Cologne, destroying quantities of provisions stored in cellars, dispatches received here today said.

# SEIZE WEALTH TO PAY FOR WAR: BRITISH LABOR

NOTTINGHAM, England, Jan. 25.—The Labor conference today unanimously adopted a resolution for the conscription of wealth for the payment of the war costs.

Mr. Bromley, secretary of the Society of Firemen and Engineers, discussing the food question, said:

"We have stood a lot of 'soft soap' about the glory of England and the winning of the war long enough. There is now a feeling of unrest such as has not been known in this country before. If it is allowed to continue there will be serious danger to the country. If the government is to continue sitting on the safety valve they must expect something to happen."

William Crawford Anderson, Labor member of parliament for Sheffield, said famine was sweeping across Europe. In addition to the danger arising from the food situation, he added, there was an untoward industrial situation looming on the horizon.

A great industrial explosion, Mr. Anderson added, might be dangerous from the standpoint of securing a democratic people's peace, and unless the government dealt wisely with food and profiteers there would be a national disaster.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*Begins Tuesday, January 29*

This comprehensive exhibition is arranged to demonstrate our Store's ability to equip offices, large or small, with furniture, furnishings and office supplies in keeping with the spirit of the times.

*Here will be found a series of Model Offices, completely equipped according to the best standards of business efficiency.*

*Eighth Floor—Wabash—North.*

At a Decided Reduction

—we are still receiving from the factories hundreds of pairs of the season's advance novelties ordered for the holiday trade, which were delayed in transit. We are offering them at

$3.45—$4.45—$5.45

They are splendidly adapted for Easter wear (Easter comes early this year), thus affording a valuable opportunity for women to buy for future as well as immediate needs. Please do not associate this merchandise with the merchandise usually sold at these prices.

LEON'S INCORPORATED

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N. W. Corner Clark and Madison Sts.

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Rich Stetson Velours

*Displaying now the newest ideas in velours and other effective mid-winter hat styles.*

**Smart Derbies,** embracing a splendid collection of the very latest stiff hat effects in accord with most recent style developments. We display now an exceptionally large variety at $3, $4, $5 and up to $10.

**Stetson Velours,** in a most attractive variety of new shapes, new trimming effects and new color tones. These hats are particularly smart with fur-trimmed overcoats and greatcoats; $6, $8, $10 and $15.

**Scratch Finish Mixtures,** in unique and original novelty effects revealing new shapes, new shades and trimming details, at $3, $4, $5 to $10.

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STILL IN PROGRESS

OUR Half-Yearly SALE

*in Men's and Young Men's*

Suits and Overcoats

$14.50 $18.50 $24.50

Manhattan Shirt Sale

*now in progress*

Furnishing Goods Specials

$2.00 Shirts now.....$1.45
$2.50 Shirts now.....$1.95
$3.50 and $4.50 Shirts now..$3.15
$5.00 and $5.50 Shirts now..$4.25

Gloves—$2.00 values, now...$1.45

75c Neckwear now.....59c
$1.00 Neckwear now.....79c
$1.50 Neckwear now.....$1.15
$2.00 and $2.50 Neckwear..$1.45

20% Reduction on Broken Lines of Underwear, Sweaters Coats, Mufflers and Pajamas

*Children's Wash Suits, now $1.35 and $1.95.*

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*Open Tonight Until 9 o'Clock*

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Square necked blouses with pin tucked front. Choice white or flesh tint. The handsome style pictured.

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O. D. Serges and Worsteds in all weights and new weaves—featuring the Barathea and Whipcord.

*Officers' Uniforms $45 to $65*

*Overcoats, $60 to $75*

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# ENTIRE NATION SOON TO BE PUT ON COAL RATION

## Each State Will Get Allotment; Supply Centers Are Planned.

BY HENY M. HYDE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Every state in the union soon will be put on coal rations. Each state will be alowed just so many thousand tons of coal and no more.

How this allotment of coal shall be distributed among the various classes of consumers will be arranged by the federal fuel administrator in each state. If more coal than is allotted to any state is needed for vitally important purposes, it can only be secured by reducing the amount furnished to other consumers in the state.

The coal fields of the country have been divided into some twenty districts. A manager will be appointed for each district by the coal administration. Coal from each district will be shipped only to certain states and parts of the state, which will be later announced by the fuel administration.

In other words, the country will be divided into consuming zones. All the coal consumed in each zone must come from certain specified mining districts and from no other.

**Garfield Explains System.**

So far the appointment of six district managers has been announced by the fuel administration. Dr. Garfield's letter announcing these appointments explains in detail the working of the new system of supplying coal to the country, so far as it has been worked out.

Dr. Garfield says:

"As soon as district representatives are appointed, all state administrators who may call upon them will be notified. Individual shippers and mines within those districts for which district representatives have been appointed will be notified to refer any orders for requests for shipment of coal made upon them by any member of the United States fuel administration to the proper district representative.

"State administrators accordingly should direct all emergency requests for fuel to the district representative in charge of the particular coal field from which the relief is to be obtained rather than to an individual operator within that district. This will prevent shippers from receiving conflicting orders from different members of the fuel administration, and will insure more prompt attention to such requests because of their being made in the field by a man thoroughly conversant with the local situation and the available supply.

**Plan Will Relieve Washington.**

"No emergency requests should be made directly to Washington by state administrators unless the proper district representative has been unable to supply the necessary coal.

"In order that the bituminous coal supply of the country may be apportioned equitably among the different states, and among the various consumers in each state according to the relative importance of their needs, it is necessary that the work of the fuel administration in regard to the apportionment and distribution of bituminous coal be not limited to the relieving of emergency shortages. Accordingly, the available coal production of the country is to be apportioned among the various states, based upon previous consumption and the changes resulting from the entrance of the United States into the war.

"In order that cross hauling may be reduced to a minimum and that each state may receive coals adapted to its needs, the particular fields from which each state shall draw its supply will be designated (by-product and gas coal excepted).

**To Name Supply Points.**

"When this budget is complete the consumers of each state will be notified through the press that their coal must be obtained from certain specified fields. Producers will then be allowed to ship only to consumers in the states designated, and jobbers will be required to observe the same rules. In other respects the normal distribution of coal will go on without interference.

"State administrators, as soon as the tentative apportionment is complete, will be informed as to the particular fields upon which they may call for coal and the quantities they may secure from each.

"District representatives will be instructed to comply with any requests for coal made by designated state administrators up to the amount allotted to their respective states.

**Aids State Administrators.**

"It should be clearly understood that it is not intended that the rights and duties of the state fuel administrators shall be lessened in any respect. On the contrary, the state administrators will retain all of their present responsibilities. The purpose of the plan is to facilitate the handling of emergencies and to define the limitation of supply."

Dr. Garfield has telegraphed the following to all state fuel administrators:

"Any increase of the working time on other days of the week by industrial establishments for the purpose of making up the lost time brought about by the fuel administration's order prohibiting work on Mondays will be considered by the United States fuel administrator as an evasion of that order and a violation of its spirit."

# LIFE SAVERS BATTLE THE ICE FLOES

**A View of the Chicago Harbor Coast Guard Crew and Boat Which Fought Through the Lake Ice Last Night in Vain Search for a Man or Boy Reported Lost. The Picture Was Taken by a "Tribune" Photographer Who Stood on a Drifting Floe with Two Guards Beside Him as He "Flashed" the Boat.**

# RAIL OFFICIALS REPORT TRAFFIC KNOT LOOSENED

## Corn and Coal Move More Freely; Empty Cars Arrive.

Railroad officials reported yesterday that the situation which resulted here from the recent big storm was less serious than at any time during the last two weeks.

R. H. Aishton, president of the Chicago and Northwestern, and Secretary McAdoo's western regional manager, said he understood that all of the railroads were getting things cleared up.

"The situation is nearer normal," he said, "than it has been since the blizzard. An especially pleasing phase is the continued arrival of empty cars from the east. This shows that the great freight congestion in that part of the country is being cleared up. We have received more empty cars in the last twenty-four hours than in the last week."

**Corn Crop on Move.**

Mr. Aishton said that coal was being moved freely and that the railroads were beginning to move corn in large quantities. More than 1,300,000 bushels of corn was transported by the western railroads during the last twenty-four hours, Mr. Aishton said.

W. J. Jackson, president of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad, returned last night from an inspection trip which covered the entire system. He reported that he found things generally satisfactory; that the coal mines were getting out a good production, and that coal was being moved in good quantities.

The Chicago, Terre Haute and Southeastern reported its tracks cleared and a steady movement of coal into the city.

**Urges Workers to Speed.**

F. D. Woodward, president of the Erie Railroad company, in a circular letter addressed to "officers and employés of all departments," sounds a warning to "guard against the error that has found voice—that now that the government has taken over the railroads a lesser effort on the part of employés will go.

He points out that "the officers of the railroads are subordinate to the director general. The direction of railroads remains in the hands of its officers, and they have the right to demand from every loyal employé full support. Your responsibilities to them and to the Erie railroad are in no way lessened."

**REVOKES SALOON LICENSE.**

Mayor Thompson yesterday revoked the saloon license of John Plocke, 1366 West Ohio street. He was accused by federal officials of selling intoxicants to soldiers. He is being held by the federal authorities.

# BOUDOIR PERILS

**U. S. Warns of Poisons in Rouge, Hair Dyes, and Other Cosmetics.**

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 25.—Warning to the public to be careful in the use of hair dyes, rouge, hair removers, and similar cosmetics, because many of them contain poisonous ingredients, was given today by the bureau of standards.

"Rouge for cheeks or lips has been the cause of serious mercury poisoning," the bureau's statement says, "owing to the presence of vermillion (mercury sulphide). Hair removers are in general quite corrosive in character, such as calcium, sulphydrate with calcium hydroxide, and sometimes poisonous, as calcium hydroxide with arsenic trisulphide.

"Dyes used in blackening gray hair generally contain one or more of the salts of silver, lead, copper, iron, or bismuth and can cause serious poisoning when taken internally. It is well to treat all materials of this character as poisons."

# MAY ALTER RULE CLOSING CHICAGO STORES MONDAYS

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Whether department stores are to be allowed to do business on the heatless Monday holidays and curtail their hours of business on other days of the week in compensation therefor will be determined after a conference with Fuel Administrator Garfield next Tuesday.

E. L. Howe, representing the National Retail Dry Goods association, made the appointment with Dr. Garfield today and telegraphed to heads of department stores in Chicago and other large cities to come to Washington for the conference next Tuesday.

So far Dr. Garfield has refused to yield approval of the proposition, to which he again gave his attention today without changing his attitude. He said, however, he would be glad to hear the representations of the department store representatives next Tuesday.

# COAL WORKERS URGE U. S. TAKE OVER THE MINES

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 25.—After expelling Industrial Workers of the World from membership in the organization, if there are any, the United Mine Workers today went on record as favoring the taking over of the coal mines by the government on condition the union men had the right to make collective bargains.

# BALK AT PLAN TO BIND ROADS TO U.S. CONTROL

## Senators Urge Change in Bill Favored by Administration.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Opposition to the provision in the administration railroad bill requiring that the government shall not relinquish control of the roads until the end of the war developed among some members of the senate interstate commerce committee today when the committee took up consideration of the amendments proposed by the house committee.

Senators Robinson and Cummins said they were opposed to congress being bound by any arrangement and urged amendments which would permit government control to be terminated at any time congress considered it advisable.

**Want Demurrage Rates Cut.**

Modification of the new high demurrage rates put into effect last Monday by Director General McAdoo to promote more prompt unloading of freight cars was sought today by representatives of the National Industrial Traffic league, who conferred with railroad administration officials. They asked especially for restoration of the so-called average agreement plan abolished by the director general, under which credit is given for unloading under the two days' free time.

**Ask Wage Inquiry Delay.**

Railroad labor leaders today protested to the wage commission appointed by Director General McAdoo to investigate labor conditions, against starting hearings on pending applications next Monday, as planned. They said they needed more time to prepare statistics and arguments supporting claims, and the earliest date suggested for the hearings was Feb. 5.

The commission will meet tomorrow to consider the request for postponement.

# GOING UP

**Contributions to "The Tribune" Tobacco Fund Reach $10,603.54.**

Yesterday's contributions to THE TRIBUNE Tobacco fund were:

| | |
|---|---|
| M. Early, 6520 Rhodes avenue | $ 1.00 |
| Swastika club, Bloomfield, Ia. | 6.40 |
| M. I. D., Chicago | 3.00 |
| Reinbeck Coml. club, Reinbeck, Ia. | 33.00 |
| Clinton Hunter | 5.00 |
| A Friend | 1.00 |
| A. T. and T. Girls of Chicago | 10.00 |
| B. F. Paine, 503 W. 62d st. | 1.00 |
| J. T. Thompson auction on the "Q." | 3.60 |
| A. E. Walker auction on 3:15 "Q." | 1.80 |
| Total | $63.80 |
| Previously acknowledged | $10,539.74 |
| Grand total | $10,603.54 |

Because of the large number of American soldiers in France it is hoped to double the fund as soon as possible.

# MEAT PACKERS AND MEN NEAR AN AGREEMENT

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—A settlement of the long standing controversy between the "Big Five" packing companies and their employés seemed almost certain tonight at the close of the first joint conference between the packers and men.

"The situation is much brighter and is in a fair way to speedy recovery," Secretary of Labor Wilson said at the conclusion of the joint session.

The packers, with their attorneys, and the labor leaders, headed by John Fitzpatrick and Edward R. Nockels, with their attorney, Frank P. Walsh, met with Secretary Wilson's mediation commission at 10 o'clock this morning.

Each side then named a committee of two to reach an agreement as to the questions to be submitted to arbitration. James J. Condon and Carl Meyer represented the packers, and Frank P. Walsh and John Fitzpatrick the men.

The packers and men have settled some of the questions susceptible of easy solution, but there were several unsettled questions remaining tonight.

# COAL EXEMPTION ORDER LISTS SHIP BUILDERS HERE

## Car Supply Improves, but 65 Illinois Towns Are Short.

The number of firms in Illinois that are helping build the emergency fleet which will combat the submarine menace was disclosed in an exemption order issued yesterday from the office of the fuel administration. The firms which are permitted to go ahead with their work on fuel holidays have contracts with the Submarine Boat corporation, which is building ships for the Emergency Fleet corporation.

The following firms are granted exemption: Chicago Bridge and Iron works, Gage Structural Steel company, Hanson Elcock company, Kenwood Bridge company, Morava Construction company, Mohr & Sons, South Halsted Street Iron works, Vierling Iron works, all of Chicago; the Rock Island Bridge and Iron works of Rock Island; William Graver Tank works of East Chicago; Continental Bridge company of Peotone, Heggie & Sons of Joliet, and the Decatur Bridge company of Decatur. The works of the Chicago Bridge and Iron works at Greenville are also exempted.

A number of other concerns, already exempted, are working on plates and steel shapes for the hulls of ships.

**Car Movement.**

The number of empty cars placed at mines for loading along the lines of the Illinois Central, Chicago and Eastern Illinois, Chicago, Burlington, and Quincy, and Chicago and Alton railroads was increased to 3,164 yesterday. The previous day 2,880 cars were placed. Compared with the daily average of 2,408 during December this shows a gain of 756 cars.

Railroads reported that 1,530 cars of bituminous coal reached Chicago yesterday, 358 being placed on team tracks and 409 in coal yards, 655 being unloaded. A total of 1,509 were held in railroad yards. This shows a considerable increase in the number unloaded, but a marked decrease in arrivals.

**Sixty-five State Towns Short.**

Sixty-five cities and towns in Illinois have reported that they are out of fuel. Galesburg is one of the points that is suffering, although fifty-two cars are in transit for its relief.

The Association of Commerce sent out appeals to its members yesterday to unload cars Sunday and Monday in order to help speed up the railroads.

The committee of five appointed by the coal producers met yesterday and agreed to hold daily sessions in order to take care of emergency orders.

The subcommittee that is drafting rules for fuel holidays decided yesterday that any restaurant holding a license and having a candy store in connection with its dining room can sell candy on Monday.

District Attorney Charles F. Clyne has ordered eleven owners and managers of manufacturing plants, alleged to have violated the Garfield fuel saving order, to appear at his office this morning.

# Master Bakers Arrange to Aid on New Food Rule

Arrangements were completed at a two days' session ending yesterday of the executive committee of the National Association of Master Bakers at the Hotel Sherman for cooperation with the government in the forthcoming regulations of the food administration. The executive committee had been advised that a set of regulations, calling for the admixture of other cereals with wheat in the manufacture of bread, may be expected by Feb. 1.

# PROTEST AGAINST CLOSED SCHOOLS STILL INSISTENT

## Dry Federation Says Saloons Should Go First.

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

The closing of the public schools and the keeping open of the saloons was the subject of indignant protests again at a meeting yesterday of the Dry Chicago federation at a luncheon at Marshall Field's attended by more than 400 men and women.

"It is an infamous situation," said Mrs. Ella S. Stewart, representative of the woman's clubs, "when a mother has to go out to hard work not knowing what will become of her children just because the schools have been closed. The children are not getting a fair chance or a square deal. I think public indignation ought to be aroused."

**Boy Circulates Petition.**

Wallace Moline, 7811 Muskegon avenue, a 13 year old schoolboy, created a stir when he was brought forward as an example of one of the boys who had taken a petition to circulate as a protest against the closing of the schools.

When asked to say something, Wallace grasped a flag and cried: "If we are to uphold the flag we must close the saloons and open the schools, so that the children can get trained to make Americans." It was said the speech was not put into his mouth by his elders.

Dr. Yarrow reported the number of signers of the dry petition totaled 114,495.

"We are not yet beyond the danger line," he said, "but we will be if the 10,000 petitions which are still unreturned shall come back with an average of only three names to a petition."

It also was reported that an unnamed Chicago judge, a wet, had signed a petition with the name Charles J. Schultz of 1155 South Ridgeway avenue. Prosecution, Mr. Yarrow said, will be asked on charges of forgery and violation of the election laws.

**Woman Opposes Insull.**

Mrs. Robert Nightingale did not treat Samuel Insull, chairman of the state council of defense, with as much deference as the men speakers had done.

"I found some women actually quoting Mr. Insull saying the circulating of the dry petition was unpatriotic," she said: "I think the Council of National Defense had better put on different glasses and get a larger vision. They send out placards entitled 'Hold the Home Lines,' and then when we are trying to do it in the way most effective in results, we are criticised."

# WILLARD RIDES ON ENGINES TO BREAK RAIL JAM

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—On some of the night trains running between New York and Baltimore employés standing at the stations this week may have noticed a man with iron gray hair seated in the cab with the engineer.

That man was Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore and Ohio. He has been inspecting the roundhouses, the terminals, and personally directing the gigantic work of clearing away the congestion in freight.

Mr. Willard observed that an engineman was not properly controlling his throttle.

"That isn't the right way, John," Mr. Willard said, courteously. "Try it this way." He caught hold of the throttle.

"By George," the engineman said, "the big boss hasn't forgotten how to handle the locomotive."

Mr. Willard is seeking efficiency in the running of locomotives. In the repair shops the president insists upon every man doing his bit for the government during the war—working overtime if occasion required it.

# ALL CHICAGO'S DAY SCHOOLS TO REOPEN MONDAY

## Elementary Classes Will Close Early to Save Fuel.

All Chicago schools will reopen Monday. The public elementary schools have been closed for two weeks and the parochial and private schools most of this week.

The decision to reopen came yesterday after school officials had a conference with the county fuel administrator. Most of the schools in the county will open Monday, except in some parts where the coal situation is still serious.

Cook County Fuel Administrator Raymond E. Durham assured President Edwin S. Davis of the school board and Supt. John D. Shoop that an ample supply of coal will be forthcoming from the dealers with whom the board has contracts or orders.

**Deliveries Are Started.**

Deliveries started immediately after the conference, as the supply in about 60 per cent of the schools was exhausted. In order to open Monday morning coal will be delivered all day today and tomorrow.

On Monday the regular school hours will be observed, but starting Tuesday there will be but one session a day in the public elementary schools. It will start at 8:30 a. m. and close at 1 p. m., with a lunch period at 11 o'clock.

**Other Activities Delayed.**

Evening schools, community centers, and other special features of school extension have been postponed indefinitely. Graduating exercises may be held in accordance with the original plans, however. In most cases they will be daylight exercises. It is estimated that several thousand tons of coal will be saved by shutting off the heat at 1 o'clock.

"It is hoped that we have reached the severest stage of the fuel shortage," read Supt. Shoop's statement to the principals. "The policy of conservation and economy must be continuous, however, if our schools are to continue uninterrupted. The uncertainties of the future in this respect should prompt us to urge that in both school and domestic use our resources of fuel be carefully guarded."

# Plenty of Coal for Ships in Harbors, Garfield Says

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Movement of coal in the east was reported by the fuel administration to have been greatly improved by the five day industrial suspension and the freight embargoes.

"Reports indicate that the fuel situation has been completely relieved in so far as it affects the bunkering of trans-Atlantic ships," Dr. Garfield said. "At northern Atlantic ports today there were only forty-four vessels waiting. All were loading their bunkers as rapidly as the coal could be put aboard. Less than thirty vessels are waiting for bunkers at southern ports."

Announcement

Notwithstanding the ruling of the Fuel Administrator, authorizing optical establishments to operate on fuel-saving Mondays, our factory and stores will close on the next, and succeeding fuel-saving days, and this notice to the public, we trust, will serve to avoid any serious inconvenience, or annoyance.

Almer Coe & Company

Morrison Boot Shop
Special Shoe Sale
Values Extraordinary!

MEN'S SHOE SPECIAL
$3.15

WOMEN'S SHOE SPECIAL
$4.35

HERE is a remarkable value in Tan Calf Blucher model with Light Cloth Top. You will instantly compare this shoe with others selling at one-half more than our sale price. All sizes.

All Sizes in this Special Sale $3.15

NO matter what your shoe size, we feel sure we can fit you. And you will say that this shoe in tan or black—Bal, Button and Blucher—is the best buy in shoes you have been offered. Special today at $3.15.

Morrison Boot Shop
81 West Madison Street
Day and Night Service. Open Until 1 A. M.

A+B
ROGERS PEET CLOTHES EXCLUSIVELY
EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR ROGERS PEET

We all know that good clothing costs more than it used to.

We also realize it's going to cost still more before it costs less.

Right now, the opportunity to pick up "extra value" offers special inducements.

You can pick up "big values" now in suits and overcoats at
$25.00

Exceptional values in Fur-lined overcoats.

ANDERSON & BROTHERS
Washington & Wabash (Northeast corner)

BEACHEY & LAWLOR

Borsalino Beavers
Shipment Just Received

MADE by Borsalino in Italy for Beachey & Lawlor. Dependable, correct and distinctive. They come in light and dark green, tan and brown, wide band and medium weight. Special today
$12

Also other new Borsalinos

BEACHEY & LAWLOR
Clothiers, Hatters, Furnishers
DEARBORN AND MONROE STREETS

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THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 3, 1926, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1918.


*"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."*
*—Stephen Decatur.*

## A GREAT ISSUE IN A CRITICAL MOMENT.

Senator Chamberlain's speech in reply to President Wilson was, as the senator said, foundation work. As a speech it was in good tone. The president had lost his temper. It was Mr. Chamberlain's duty to keep his. He did this and, without emphasis of details which will be needed later, he presented in general the differences of doctrine and method which separate the administration and the senate committee on military affairs, of which he is chairman.

It is fortunate that the senator is of the president's party. The controversy will be fortunate if it escapes partisanship, and as a conflict of doctrines and methods it will be better understood by the people if it is rid of political coloring.

Some of the opposition to government reorganization is tricky and deceitful. Either it willfully misunderstands the policies Chamberlain presents or it deliberately seeks to have the people misunderstand them.

Two points demand popular comprehension:

1. That the superior war council would not be an authority over the president, but under him.

2. That no possible reorganization of the war department itself would remove the necessity for a superior war council.

The opposition to centralization—"which wins," says the kaiser—seeks to cloud both these points, to distort them, to turn them back on the proponents of the legislation presented by Chamberlain and make them the mainspring of a popular opinion which will support the president in his present position.

This is not fair opposition and a sound cause does not need such trickery and could not command such misinformed supporters. If the opponents of the superior war council really believe that this instrument is intended to supersede the presidential authority, to establish at least a conflict of authority, they have no case. Its purposes are exactly the opposite.

If the opposition is not misinformed, it exposes the weakness of its case by not meeting the true issues and by trying to misinform the public as to them.

The matter stands against opposition either way. Opposition either does not know or it tries to keep the public from knowing.

The superior war council would take no authority away from the president. He would select its members. He would be relied upon to select the best men he could find in the United States. The positions would be satisfied with no other. Congress would give these men authority to act under presidential direction.

Each department would be conducted under the direction of men the president wishes to continue in or to select for the cabinet as at present organized. The superior war council, under the president, would see that the work of these departments was related to the great end to be accomplished.

How many illustrations of conflict of authority in the government do the American people need? Is it not enough to find that a coal shortage results from a conflict of opinion and orders in the cabinet early last summer? Is the spectacle of Lane twitting Baker now on the subject no comment upon the suspension of industry?

Is it of no consequence that Food Director Hoover has to read in the newspapers that Fuel Administrator Garfield has closed the food stores? That Railroad Administrator McAdoo has the same source of information to discover that the fuel administrator is trying to find more coal for his cars to deliver to ships which Secretary Baker does not know are tied up in harbor and cannot carry supplies to the troops in France?

Is it of no consequence that departments have bid against each other for supplies? That material has been sold at four and five different prices? That one department finds that another has virtually exhausted the available material needed for several different activities?

Is it of no consequence that the decision of one department can prevent the equipment of one branch of the service with guns and the decision of another department fully equip another branch with all the guns needed?

Illustrations can be given until reasonable people must be convinced that the demand for a coordinating council, under the president, comes out of the demonstrated need of one. Senator Chamberlain will give the detailed illustrations when he presents his bill from the military committee.

The president himself has realized his need of support from agencies not now recognized in the law. How else may we explain Col. House, whose missions have been numerous and most important? Who had the all important mission of officially representing the United States at the interallied conference in Paris, at which war methods and peace aims were agreed upon? The unofficial Col. House. The president is asked to accept the use of a needed government organization, to employ its services, to make its services the services of the most talented organizers in the United States and thus to obtain what Americans of all people understand best—team work.

To propose a reorganization of the war department is not to meet this demand. We hope the war department will be reorganized. We hope that the reorganization will begin with the appointment of a secretary of war who is not a pacifist. A man cannot detest the work he is doing and do it well. A man cannot hate the instrument he is trying to perfect and ever perfect it. Mr. Baker's conscious efforts, no matter how intelligent and active, will be checked by his principles and his aversions.

A perfectly organized war department would need the superior war council that it might work in harmony with the other departments. It is all aside from the point to suggest that the administration can resolve the inchoate war department into order. It must do that any way.

Chamberlain stands with a doctrine of realities and offers working methods to win victory. The administration stands with theories of imminent universal benevolence and opposes the working methods. The theories produced the present chaos. We need a doctrine of reality to get out of it.

Which do the people want?

## TWO FIGHTS FOR DEMOCRACY.

Democracy, as we understand it and want it, is a political arrangement which carries the consent of the governed into the government and gives people as nearly as possible the unrestricted right of political determination. Then, with necessary custodial help and restraints and with necessary punitive checks, it leaves the individual to the development of his opportunities, the play of his genius and talents, the acquisition of money, comforts and position.

That is the democracy for which we are supposed to be making the world safe. It is precisely the democracy for which Russia, as now dominated, is trying to make the world unsafe. The Russian proletarian government and the American democratic government are of necessity more bitter enemies than the American and the German governments could be.

So level headed a man as Charles M. Schwab, president of the Bethlehem Steel company, said that he was convinced that the new social order would win.

"We are at the threshold of a new social era," he said. "This new order of things may work great hardship for many of us. It is going to come upon us sooner than we expect. It is the social renaissance of the whole world."

The best organized, stanchest defense which democracy has now against this enemy is organized labor. The radical social revolution to which Mr. Schwab submits in advance is an enemy of democracy, of the democracy to which we adhere. Where that revolution advances the architecture of democracy—keeping the term within the limits of our political definition—disappears.

Democrats overthrew the czar and autocracy. Lenine and Trotzky overthrew the democrats. Trotzky says that the world has never seen the like of the Russian revolution except in the flash of the French commune. The Russian revolution has settled with autocracy. It is willing to treat with autocracy in Germany and Austria because it is convinced that kaisers and emperors, aristocrats and patricians, are in fact even now as powerless as Chinese mandarins. They govern, but that is by the sufferance of the moment. They control nations, but that is because the nations still are in hallucinations out of which they will come and at their awakening dynastic systems will disappear.

Autocracy is a rotten façade. The fight for democracy is a fight against nothing. If the fighting would subside, the façade would be found to be dust. That is the Bolshevik opinion. The greater fight—in Bolshevik opinion—is against these militant democracies which represent the political structure of a commercial middle class which must give way for the man who works with his hands for a daily wage he cannot better unless by a mass movement, by a revolution which will overthrow individualistic property ideas and reestablish the world on a level.

Against the progress of these ideas in the democracies fighting to make the world safe for their political institutions the labor unions are the first line of defense. They have been fighting for years for the individualized democracy we prize. Gompers in the United States has been the general of this prætorian guard.

After the habit of a prætorian guard, this one has been in conflict at times with the class of which it is a protection. It has been exasperating. It has been described as an enemy. It has been an opponent, but it subscribes to the theories of democracy and its position exposes it to the first attacks the radical social revolutionists make. If labor unions in the United States and Great Britain were dominated by Bolshevik instead of by democratic ideas the fight which Schwab says will be successful might be upon us in the midst of this war even as it came upon Russia.

Union labor is democratic. Here as in Great Britain it supports democracy as a matter of principle and, if this democracy encourages its nationalizing influences instead of losing them in an internationalistic fog, democracy will win both its fights and preserve itself.

## THE GERMAN PEACE.

Chancellor von Hertling, in official discussion of President Wilson's fourteen points in the world's peace program, says in substance that Germany will accept all that give anything to Germany and will reject all that demand anything of Germany. Peace upon that basis may be had any time the enemies of Germany are willing to confess that they are defeated.

## SENATOR KIRBY'S VIEWPOINT.

We quote the following from the reply of Senator Kirby to Senator Chamberlain, and suggest that it be read by his constituents in connection with the letter of a mother read by Senator Chamberlain to the senate:

"They talk about the soldiers down yonder at Houston not having as much tent space as ought to be provided for each particular man. I am a hunter, Mr. President. I go out hunting sometimes down yonder in Arkansas as late as the middle of December, and eight or ten of us sometimes sleep in a four by eight tent, and we have never found any injurious effects from it."

This might make a suitable sentiment to be engraved on the headstones of the American boys who in camps at home, among the richest and most luxurious people in the world, died for lack of covering, for lack of heat, for lack of common care.

## *Editorial of the Day*

### GOVERNMENT IN THE DARK.

[From the New York World.]

President Wilson justifies the Garfield coal order on the ground that—

"It is absolutely necessary to get the ships away, it is absolutely necessary to relieve the congestion at the ports and upon the railways, it is absolutely necessary to move great quantities of food, and it is absolutely necessary that our people should be warmed in their homes, if nowhere else, and halfway measures would not have accomplished the desired ends."

All these things are plainly necessary, but the president misses the point of the controversy. Was it necessary to go about it in the Garfield way?

It seems to the World that the administration's great mistake was in failing to take the public into its confidence in advance of that fact. The government has no means of knowing how much aid it could have obtained from an appeal for help, because no appeal was made. It acted in the dark.

### HERE'S A FIERCE PUN.

Jiggers—I suppose there's a lot of slush out in the country?

Biggers—That snow jooke!—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

## A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

*How to the Line, let the quips fall where they may.*

DUST.

*"Everywhere in France the question to-day:*
*'How soon will America be here?'"*

The Prussian Bluebeard whets his snickersnee;
Fatima Frances the while prepares for death.
And to her sister, looking toward the sea,
Fatima calls, with faint and fainter breath:

"Sister, O sister, the horizon scan!
Is anybody coming? Say, oh say!"
"I see a cloud of dust," said Sister Anne,
"But it's at least three thousand miles away."

BETWEEN two extremes of statement the truth is usually found, as somebody observed B. C. The critics of the administration are partly wrong, and the administration is partly right. But here's the point: It is more important that the administration should be wholly right than that the critics should be wholly wrong.

Bally Likely.

Sir: Enniscorthy, as you may know, has been ill. I inquired last evening of a friend how he was getting along. "Oh," he replied, "he's up, but he isn't down yet." Do you suppose I may accidentally have discovered Ballybunion or Donnybrook?

BALLYMOONEY.

"CAN you use this?" E. J. Q. writes from Vancouver, and incloses a paragraph from the Line of a week or so ago, lifted by the Vancouver World. Apparently our only constant readers are column conductors.

A REASONABLE REQUEST.

[From the Hayti, Mo., Herald.]

Dear Mr. Coal Thief: Now you know that you broke into our coal house one night last week and stole our coal, and we know it too. We are not kicking so much about the loss of the coal, but you know that you did not "tote" fair when you sorted out the slate and left it with us. I. Kohn and Charlie Morgan sell this slate and coal all at the same time and it is delivered to us all at the same time and at the same price, but the slate don't burn as well as does the coal, so if you should deem it necessary to divide with us again please take it as it comes, just like we do.

Bank of Hayti, L. C. A.

MAY we give ourselves the pleasure of hoping that the Providence Journal's information concerning the present efficiency of the war department is as trustworthy as its dope on German spies? We may.

THE PERNICIOUSLY ACTIVE HUN.

Sir: Your paragraph about "Papering the Magdalena" reminds me of an incident I heard in Bogota two months ago. Some young men had imported a heavy truck for freighting over one of the roads of the high plateau. They were in doubt as to the bearing strength of the bridges, which, of course, were built before the days of automobiles. Directing themselves to the ministry of public works, they made inquiry, and were informed that the government regretted not having the data. A friend suggested that he might obtain the information, and shortly afterward furnished it to them in detail. Asked where he got it, he said: "From the German legation." J. J. C.

INCIDENTS like the foregoing give one a faint idea of the enormous number of secret agents on Berlin's pay roll. And to house their maps and reports there must be, in the German capital, a building as big as the Coliseum.

Great Words of Great Men.

"A million men will spring to arms at the President's call."—Mr. Bryan.

"The war is three thousand miles away."—Mr. Baker.

"I should worry."—Iska von Bibble.

THE British airmen are not trying to knock the "ruhe" out of Karlsruhe, we are advised by J. F. L.; they are trying to anglicise it by knocking out the 'h.'

A PARNASSIAN ON HIS TRAVELS.

[From the Clinton Advertiser.]

During Mr. Kohn's later travels he is introducing his latest song, "The Ocean Must Be Free," which is both literary and musical, commemorating the sinking of 38 defenseless vessels to the bottom of the sea. Mr. Hubbard, a great friend of Mr. Kohn, having lost his life on the Lusitania, was the author of the great book named "The Philistines." On learning of Mr. Hubbard's death he wrote the lyrics of this song.

THE ad of W. Bill, shipper, appears in the London Times, "May we all have one guess?" entreats C. W. K.

FROM THE SIDELINES.

*"Non indecoro pulvere sordidos."*
Dust there will be, and blood beside,
The dust that never mars,
But bear them high and flaunt them wide,
Those dusty stripes and stars.

For shot and shell will fling their spray,
But flinch not from the race,
The heat and burden of the day,
The dust upon the face.

Dust there will be, and tears and blood;
To him that fears them, shame!
And shame to him that here flings mud
Upon our soldier fame!

PAN.

THE FELLER HAD A HUNCH, Y'UNDERSTAND.

[From the Dubuque Herald.]

The party who took the fur cap by mistake at the Fuel Lecture at the Commercial club, Friday evening, kindly return it to the club office.

THERE is a strong odor of immortality about Sterling Pigg of Orrick, Mo., who is a "breeder of bigtype spotted Poland-China hogs."

Explained.

[From the Government Advertiser.]

The following awards have been made by the quartermaster of the Marine Corps for furnishing 1,500,000 yds tape:

A. L. Clark Co., 60,000 yds identification tape, 1.1c.

Hope Webbing Co., Providence, R. I., 111,000 yds tape, 1.3c; 250,000 yds, 1.3c, and 800,000 yds, 1.1c.

Frank T. Dunlap, Philadelphia, Pa., 300,000 yds tape, ½c.

THE LIE DIRECT.

"A deliberate and unqualified falsehood."—The Colonel.

THE LIE INDIRECT.

"Astonishing and absolutely unjustifiable distortion of the truth."—Mr. Wilson.

A Cold Storage Record.

[Bridgeton, N. J., Evening News.]

H. L. Adams is back at his store again after having been made ill by eating cabbage which had been frozen. Twenty years ago he was made sick by the same thing, the cabbage having poisoned him both times.

ERROR OF A ST. LOUIS CITIZEN.

Sir: Just after I spied a gent tacking his way slowly along Olive street, St. Louis, to-day, I saw the sign responsible for his condition. "Use 15 to 25 per cent rye or corn," it said. The trouble was that the darned fool had mixed it with beer, and not with flour, which the sign directed. W. S.

NEW TEETH FOR OLD SAWS.

Many whys and found foolish: Sec. Baker.
Forewarned is disarmed: Gen. Crozier.
War is sell: The Profiteers. R. F. C.

*IMPENITENT.*

*The "grilling" and the "flaying" dies,*
*The "hits," the "scores," the "raps" depart.*
*But where's the ancient sacrifice—*
*The humble and the contrite heart?*

RIGHT ON YOUR HEELS.

Sir: Commercial candor at 61st and South Park. A large sign on the window reads, "Sugar 8½ per lb." Inside, however, they sell only one pound to a customer. Do you follow me, or am I alone?

HICKORY DICK.

They Were Tickled Pink.

[From the Tampa Tribune.]

The many friends of Silas Harris will be pleased to hear of his recent accident while picking fruit in the Wilson grove.

IF we must have a Baker, our choice is Bunn of Baraboo. B. L. T.

## *How to Keep Well.* By Dr. W. A. Evans.

*Questions pertinent to hygiene, sanitation, and prevention of disease, if matters of general interest, will be answered in this column. Where space will not permit or the subject is not suitable, letters will be personally answered, subject to proper limitations and where a stamped, addressed envelope is inclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual diseases. Requests for such service cannot be answered.*

[Copyright: 1918: By Dr. W. A. Evans.]

### CURE FOR FLAT FOOT.

HERE are some simple exercises for the cure of flat foot; Remove the shoes and stockings, loosen the breeches and underwear over the lower legs. Stand on a two inch board with the toes projecting over the edge. Flex the toes as much as possible. Pull hard with the flexor muscles located in the sole of the foot. Extend the toes without strong muscular effort. Repeat for five minutes. Gradually lengthen the time given this exercise to ten minutes.

After about two weeks add to the toe flexing exercise a foot inverting exercise. Roll both feet in until the weight is carried on the outside edge of the sole. This is the position in which a young baby holds its feet. Roll the feet in just as far as they will go, flex the toes as much as they will bend, and pull hard on all the muscles which cause the motions. Allow the foot to roll back into the natural position without pulling on it. Repeat this exercise for fifteen minutes.

When the muscles become stronger these exercises can be continued for thirty minutes a day. During the period of the cure the person must walk with his toes turned in.

At Fort Ethan Allen Lieut. Perry treated 400 men suffering from flat foot with these exercises. About 90 per cent of them were cured and made able to continue their training without discomfort. Footprints show that the foot arch had been restored.

I feel certain that exercises which spread the toes and then bring them together, if persisted in, would cure a large percentage of the cases of bunions and ingrowing toe nails.

Maj. Brewer says that 13 per cent of the men examined by him were rejected for flat foot. Even at that a large number of the men who were passed suffered with their feet when they began to train. If clerks had government physicians to give them foot exercise every day some of them would be more patient with unreasoning customers. Aching feet and petulant customers do not make a peaceful combination.

Dr. Overton reports that his board rejected about 25 per cent of the applicants appearing before them. One and sixty-six one-hundredths of this 25 per cent were rejected on account of flat feet.

Tuberculosis of the lungs led with a percentage of 4.53. Defective sight was responsible for 3.03. Deformities of extremities (mostly foot conditions other than flat foot) caused rejection of 2.66 per cent of the applicants.

Heart conditions were responsible for 2.33; under weight, 2.03; hernia, 2; defective hearing, 1.75; discharging ears, 1; defective teeth, .83; varicose veins, .75; hemorrhoids, .66; chest deformities, .50; bad appendix scars, .50; epilepsy, .42; Pott's disease, .30; hip joint disease, .28; varicocele, .25; nasal defects, .25; mental deficiency, .25; fracture of the skull, .25.

### DRINK CURES.

Mrs. M. K. writes: "1. Would there be any feeblemindedness resulting from drink cures? 2. Would there be any harm in putting advertised cures in coffee? 3. What is the best thing to do?"

REPLY.

1. The drink cures are fairly effective. They sober, clean out the system, and produce a temporary distaste for alcohol. In my opinion the best cures are those which require the patient to remain in the hospital or sanitarium for a month or thereabouts. Time is required to readjust the system and for the patient to gain some morals. To refrain from drinking requires some backbone and that cannot be grown over night.

Drink cures do not produce feeble mindedness nor any other mental disease. Unquestionably every now and then a person who has stopped drinking is found to be feeble minded or crazy. That is not the fault of the cure. To begin with, men become drunkards because they are weak willed, illy balanced, or half way crazy some other way. Hard drink is destructive to the mental fabric. So long as the drunkard is a drunkard people expect him to do foolish things. When he stops drinking and his lack of mental quality can no longer be charged to the acute effects of alcohol the tendency is to charge it to the cure.

2. "Cures" that are surreptitiously put into the patient's coffee are of no service.

3. Put him in a cure and leave him there until he is clean and until he has some grip on himself. Then take him home, back him up, boost him, help him all you can.

### FENNEL TEA FOR BABIES.

P. M. C. writes: "What is fennel tea and is it good for babies?"

REPLY.

Fennel water contains two parts of fennel oil in 1,000 parts of water. Fennel tea has about the same composition. It is ordinarily made by boiling fennel leaves in water. It is good for colic in babies, partly because of the fennel and partly because of the water and the heat. Most babies never get any water except as a constituent of milk and teas of one sort or another. Physicians encourage the use of teas because they want the babies to get the water contained in them.

## LA MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

[Copyright: 1918: By the Brentwood Co.]

ENGLAND'S Canadian born chancellor of the exchequer, Andrew Bonar Law, has at length come out flat footed in favor of a conscription or levy on capital. But he is absolutely against having recourse to any such drastic measure until after the war.

He holds that when once peace has been restored it will be preferable to have a general levy on capital, in order to reduce the national debt, rather than to handicap trade and industry by onerous taxation during the following fifty years or more. He made this declaration of policy to a deputation of the Trades Union congress which called upon him recently.

The chancellor of the exchequer incidentally pointed out that the principal cost of the present war, as far as Great Britain is concerned, has been paid by those who have or had wealth. Thus, for the twelve months immediately preceding the outbreak of hostilities, indirect taxation represented 42 per cent of the total revenue and direct taxation the remaining 58 per cent.

Indirect taxation, which is the taxation derived from the masses, has now been reduced to 18 per cent of the entire revenue, while the remaining 82 per cent is furnished by direct taxation, which comes almost wholly from the well to do and the rich.

The levy of capital which Bonar Law recommends for adoption after the war is not so alarming as it appears at first sight. It must be remembered that the imperial government of Germany had recourse to two separate levies on capital in Germany prior to the war and that these levies were obtained without much grumbling and with amazingly little economic and industrial disturbance.

Of course those best able to pay this levy on capital will be the captains of industry, of finance, and of commerce, who will benefit in many ways by the consequent diminution of annual taxation and who will, therefore, soon recoup what they have been forced to surrender.

It will weigh heavily on the landed proprietors of the United Kingdom, especially those possessing ancestral estates. They have not the same means of recouping their losses, and it is to this that must be ascribed the extraordinary number of estates that are in the market in England—estates which are finding ready purchasers in those who have acquired enormous fortunes in the present war.

That August Thyssen should have made so vitriolic an attack upon the kaiser and against his dynasty as that contained in his extraordinary pamphlet recently addressed to the business men of the fatherland, and which has just reached the United States, may be regarded as a significant and noteworthy sign of the times.

It is amazing that the pamphlet should ever have been permitted to get into print and into circulation; that any copies should have been allowed to get out of Germany, and also that the author should be still at liberty. For he makes no bones about charging the kaiser in person with extortion and blackmail and with persecution of those who opposed his wishes.

He likewise sets forth the promises of immense tracts of British and French territory made by Emperor William to German business men prior to the summer of 1914 in order to secure their support for the war which he had in view, Thyssen himself being offered a grant of 30,000 acres in the mining districts of Australia and the entire dominion of Canada for exploitation by means of a syndicate. Thyssen refused to take these pledges seriously and has been in the emperor's black books ever since.

In order to appreciate the importance of the pamphlet it is necessary to explain just who August Thyssen is. If Albert Ballin, Emil von Rathenau, the members of the dynasty of Stumm, the Henckel-Donnersmarcks, etc., are the captains of finance and industry of Germany, then August Thyssen is the captain general. He may be compared to a sort of blend between Charles M. Schwab of the Bethlehem Steel company and the late J. Pierpont Morgan.

He was bitterly opposed to the present war, which he insists could have been avoided if England had been represented at the court of the kaiser by the president of some great steamship company and Germany had been represented in the same way at the court of St. James by some great Rhenish or Westphalian ironmaster or manufacturer.

An ardent advocate of the internationalism of commerce, Thyssen possessed until the beginning of the war huge mines, iron works, docks, and even harbors in English colonies, as well as in France and in Russia, all of which have been sequestrated.

If Holland gets dragged into the fray, in spite of her endeavors to preserve her neutrality, Thyssen's vast system of docks and shipbuilding works at Vlaardingen, near Rotterdam, will likewise be lost to him.

These he secured some seven or eight years ago in behalf of the Vulcan Iron and Steamship Building Company of Germany, which he controls, and he had given a contract for the construction of an additional large new harbor with a depth of thirty feet, also of a dry dock large enough to hold the biggest battleships, and huge wharves at Vlaardingen when the war began. The entire property is surrounded by a lofty wall, so as to insure complete privacy.

Thyssen's iron works in France were situated at Montigny and at Maisieres, while his docks in France were at Caen. His principal base in Russia until the summer of 1914 was at Nikolsieff, on the Black sea, where he owned practically everything in sight.

August Thyssen is about 78 years old, and is, in every sense of the word, a self-made man, having started some fifty years ago with a capital of $6,000, with which he obtained control of a rolling mill employing sixty workmen. When the war commenced his workmen in Germany alone numbered some 70,000, their wives and children bringing the number of persons dependent upon him in Germany, and more or less under his control, up to half a million.

He has always insisted that the secret of his success was his adherence to the principle of industrial concentration, and his belief in trusts as factors for preventing trade crises is pronounced. He himself founded Germany's leading combinations—the steel, the coal, and the pig iron trusts.

He calls the cheapening of the cost of production the keynote of industry, and that is why prior to the war he mined his own ore, shipped it in his own ships, hauled it up the Rhine and other German waterways on his own barges, unloaded it at his own wharves, and converted the myriad by-products of coal, steel, and iron at his own works into commodities which he himself sold.

Thyssen is a great character, in his way, and utterly devoid of ostentation. The motto on his coat of arms, "If I rest, I rust," illustrates his character. For he is the hardest worker of his immense army of employés.

In the old castle high up on the wooded slopes of the River Ruhr where he makes his principal residence he has a great workroom adjoining his bedroom, and may, despite his advanced years, be found there at all hours of the day and night directing his vast operations.

He is sparing of his words, but speaks a number of foreign languages with remarkable fluency.

## AN INEXPENSIVE LUXURY

[From Punch, London (Copyright).]

First Kaiser (Wilhelm): "I am thinking of sending this bird of peace forth again. We can afford to be magnanimous."

Second Kaiser (Karl): "Well, we certainly can't afford anything else.

## *The Friend of the People.*

*Letters for this department must be signed with names and addresses of the writers.*

ENTITLED TO CITIZENSHIP.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—[To the Friend of the People.]—About two years ago I declared my intention to become an American citizen. I was living in California at that time. I have been one year in Chicago and can produce witnesses who have known me that long, but I do not know anyone here who has known me to be a resident of the United States for five years. Can I take out my final papers now or do I have to wait until I have resided in Illinois five years?

EDW. L.

Inasmuch as you have resided in the state of Illinois for more than one year last past, you may file your petition for naturalization by appearing in the office of the chief naturalization examiner, room 776 Federal building, with two witnesses, citizens of the United States, who have known you during the time you have resided in the state of Illinois. It is assumed, of course, that you have resided in the United States at least five years last past. The period of your residence outside of the state of Illinois within the five years next preceding the date of filing your petition may be established by the depositions of two witnesses, citizens of the United States. You should be prepared to give the names, occupations, and addresses of two such persons. All aliens who arrive in the United States after June 29, 1906, must obtain a certificate of arrival before appearing with their witnesses to file their petition for naturalization.

HAVE NOTIFIED OWNERS.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—[To the Friend of the People.]—A short time ago the alley between Millard and Lawndale avenues, from Twenty-fourth to Twenty-fifth streets, was paved with concrete and put in first class sanitary condition. The property owners seemed anxious to have the alley put in good order. Can they be compelled to keep it clean? H. J. M.

This alley has been given a thorough cleaning and the owners or occupants of abutting property notified to provide receptacles to care for their garbage, ashes, and rubbish.

F. S. MITCHELL,
Superintendent of Streets.

RESIDENCE DOES NOT CONFER CITIZENSHIP.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—[To the Friend of the People.]—I entered this country as a German subject about thirty-five years ago and have lived here continuously. Does this make me an American citizen? My father died when I was 2 years old. I do not know if he had been naturalized.

CHAS. OTTO.

The mere fact that you have resided in the United States continuously for thirty-five years does not make you an American citizen. Under the naturalization law the minor children residing in the United States become citizens on the naturalization of their father.

CANNOT INSURE FOR FIANCÉE.

Ellendale, N. D., Jan. 23.—[To the Friend of the People.]—Can an enlisted sailor take out $10,000 government insurance for his fiancé, or can he name only relatives as beneficiaries? L. M.

Fiancée cannot be named as a beneficiary under government insurance; neither can an uncle, aunt, or cousin qualify.

TEXAS MARRIAGE LEGAL.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—Is a marriage between a young man, 18, and a young woman, 17, performed in the state of Texas, legal? Can they live in the state of Illinois without another ceremony? They were married without their parents' consent. L. M. H.

The Texas statute directs the clerk not to issue a license on such facts, but we are of the opinion that the de facto marriage is valid and no additional ceremony is needed.

1. Yes.
2. No. TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

PARENTS' CONSENT NECESSARY.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—[To the Legal Friend of the People.]—Can a man, 19 years old, contract a legal marriage in Illinois? Must he obtain the consent of his parents? C. K. W.

The consent of his parents should be obtained.

TRIBUNE LAW DEPARTMENT.

## VOICE OF THE PEOPLE

*As but limited space can be given letters in this department, writers must confine themselves to 200 or 300 words. Unless they give us their full names and addresses their letters will not be considered. No manuscript will be returned unless the writer sends postage for that purpose.*

THEY GET THEIR MAIL ALL RIGHT.

Chicago, Jan. 23.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Lest some one should believe Florence Kaufman's statement that 120,000 men in camp at South San Antonio, Tex., have received no mail since Christmas, let me say that there is no such place as "South" San Antonio. It is plain San Antonio. I lived near there six years. Permit me to add that my brother at Camp Travis, San Antonio, gets letters every day. I know others in the same camp and have never heard one complaint about their mail not reaching them. MRS. HIRAM NICHOLS.

WHY NOT APPOINT MR. RODEN?

Chicago, Jan. 25.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Why not appoint C. B. Roden, now serving as assistant librarian, the librarian of the Chicago public library? His appointment would be the means of avoiding a lot of useless red tape and prevent political pull or influence of any kind being used in the selection of the librarian.

Mr. Roden, in my estimation, would be the best man for the position. Having been assistant librarian both prior to and after the late Henry E. Legler's term of office, he knows best the various requirements of the city library.

As Mr. Legler's first assistant he is well acquainted with Mr. Legler's plans concerning the improvement and extension of the library. B. V. BLAND.

UNDESIRABLE ALIENS.

Chicago, Jan. 25.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I have just read in THE TRIBUNE that a delegation of Russian anarchists, termed Bolsheviki, are en route to this city to attend the trial of the I. W. W. Can the immigration authorities permit such persons to enter this country to further complicate our disturbances?

CAROLINE ALDEN HULING.

PLUCKY BOY.

Chicago, Jan. 24.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—In reply to "Camouflage Soldiers" let me say that my son offered himself and was rejected for the marines and navy on defective color vision, was rejected for the second officers' training camp on account of his too slender build, and was advised by a good red blooded marine officer to enlist in the quartermaster's department. He did and was accepted.

There may be many young men who enlist in the Q. M.'s to avoid the draft, but there are many giving their days, months, and years to their country in the only way in which they will be allowed to serve. If Julia M. Carpenter is allowed to give more, I am glad. If her sons enlisted, let her be proud of them. If they were drafted, may they prove good soldiers.

MRS. LESLIE M. TRUITT.

MORE ABOUT YEOMEN.

Great Lakes, Ill., Jan. 24.—[Editor of the Tribune.]—Julia M. Carpenter's article insinuating that yeomen are camouflage sailors is an un-American expression and very unpatriotic.

When the United States entered the war the navy department made urgent appeals through the press for yeomen. Many loyal boys answered the call and offered their services to Uncle Sam, gave their country the advantages of their education and experience, worked early and late under the heavy increased burden of making our navy the greatest in the world.

Does J. M. C. realize that yeomen serve aboard battleships in our navy, and does she think that the kaiser's torpedoes discriminate in favor of yeomen, or is it her idea that in case of capture a yeoman is accorded kindlier treatment from the enemy than his shipmates?

She calls the "honor men" real fighters. Up to the present date not one "honor man" has lost his life in defense of our country, while conspicuous among the first casualties of the navy are the names of yeomen who died in battle. Does she recall the honor roll of the U. S. S. Cassin, recently torpedoed by a German submarine, wherein the name of a chief yeoman appeared for distinguished service while under fire?

Why should the men who were drafted be called "honor men"? Mark Antony said, "Brutus was an honorable man," but the world knows what he meant. When this war is over the United States will know who are the honor men. It will be proved that the men who volunteered and not those who waited to be drafted for the country they love are the men to whom the credit and honor is due, and among them will be found the names of many yeomen. YEOMAN.

O FOR A SUBWAY!

Chicago, Jan. 25.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—Lay off President Wilson for a while and use your valuable space on the Chicago "L."

O for a subway!

JAMES DENNIS.

# HEALTH RECORD AT CAMP GRANT BEATS CIVIL LIFE

## Only 23 Deaths Among 46,000 Men in Camp Since Aug. 25.

Camp Grant, Ill., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Twenty-three deaths, less than the weekly toll in many national army cantonments, have occurred in Camp Grant since the military occupation began Aug. 25. In the five months more than 46,000 men have lived in the Illinois military city, whose soldier population is now 27,000.

The health record, eclipsing that of any civilian community in the state, was compiled today by Lieut. Col. James M. Phalen, division surgeon, following a surprise inspection of the base hospital made yesterday by the commanding general, L. W. V. Kenyon.

**Selectives Are Strong.**

Superiority of selective soldiers is given added proof in the general medical report. Although the majority of men in camp are selectives, only eleven deaths have come in their ranks. Two drafted men died from alcoholism the day after they arrived in camp. One Negro selective, William Brack, 3404 South Dearborn, lost a hard fight today with a chronic disease. Two deaths were due to appendicitis and six to pneumonia. Two officers are included in the general fatality list. One of them, Lieut. Charles R. Starkle, was attended in the base hospital by his father, a prominent physician of Belleville, Ill.

The twelve remaining deaths occurred in regular army and volunteer units, including the Engineer regiments recruited here for immediate overseas service, the First Illinois infantry during its tour of guard duty in the fall and among eight thousand volunteers given temporary quarters in the depot brigade.

Joseph Saperstein, 3522 West Thirteenth place, Chicago, who died today of appendicitis, was among the newly arrived troops.

**Inspect Base Hospital.**

Few city hospitals could equal the spotless cheerfulness revealed this afternoon when the base hospital was given a second inspection. Although the entire medical corps in camp is engaged in a finish fight with the measles epidemic, quiet efficiency marked every one of the forty-two modern wards making up the big pavilion system where eighty medical officers, representing the best talent to be found in the state, and seventy women nurses are caring for the camp's sick men.

Seven hundred and seventy-one patients were in the hospital today.

**Ample Hospital Force.**

Three hundred enlisted men, most of whom have had nursing experience, are included in the hospital force to aid medical officers and nurses.

Ten expert machine gunners have been chosen to demonstrate the Lewis and Chauchat guns before Lord Northcliffe and Secretary Baker at the automotive engineers' banquet in Chicago Feb. 1. The honor squad, now training under Lieut. Richard W. Clarke, includes: Corporal Carson Scott, Sergt. Albert Spittgarber, and Privates W. T. Detert, George Warren, E. J. Kinney, John C. Piper, Leslie Cuseo, F. C. Blessing, G. A. Sype, and Andrew Cassell.

# UNCLAIMED PACKAGE OF HUMANITY

## He Was Put on Train with Note, But Nobody Met Him Here.

Peter Mikshy, 4 years old, resorted to tears last night when he arrived in the Union station from Kennebec, S. D., to find no one there to meet him. A policeman, touched by his grief, took him to the Desplaines street station, where he fell asleep in a roomy chair. The boy said he had been put on the train by Frank Scarlett, station agent at Kennebec, and that he was to be met by his parents here. A note which Scarlett had given him to show to the crew of the train and $3 were found in his clothing. Scarlett will be communicated with to learn something definite as to his parents. Later Peter was taken to the Juvenile home, where, after he had a good romp, he went to sleep again.

# IAN HAY STRIKES TRIAL BALANCE IN WAR ACCOUNT

## Finds Allies in Strong Position as Enemy Weakens.

"How do we, the allies, stand today in our common enterprise against our common enemy?"

The question from the midst of humorous comments on trench life, screen pictures of territory in the war zone, and estimates of the achievements of the allied armies, marked the climax of a speech delivered last night by Maj. Ian Hay Beith, British officer, who came to Chicago in the interest of the British government.

He spoke in Orchestra hall before an audience composed largely of young girls and older women, most of them knitting, and of white haired men.

**Broken Kaiser's Plan.**

"In spite of the losses of the latter part of last year there is still achievement to our credit," said Maj. Beith. "We have effectively knocked out the kaiser's plan to form a great central German empire extending from Hamburg to Bagdad, composed of 200,000,000 subjects. We have arranged it so that Jerusalem will never go back into the hands of the Turk.

"The French have dealt some severe blows to the enemy; they have captured tens of thousands of prisoners and have recovered much of the French ground taken from them. It has been a great season for submarine hunting and the Atlantic is now safe for traffic.

"There'll be only two things that can break down the line that we have made," the speaker continued. "They will be, first, want of munitions, and second, demoralization of the troops. The first is not to be feared, as we now have a reserve of 50,000,000 shells, and the second—well, behind that line there will be NO quitting.

**What America Can Do.**

"Therefore, with yet a long way toward victory to go, these are the two things that Americans can do to help: To speed up in every possible way the output of the sinews of war, especially of ships, and to make up your minds not to believe the stories that allied disasters are kept from you until you have traced those stories to their source, which will probably be Teutonic."

To do his bit in breaking down what he called "the superstition of German invincibility" the major declared that the German does not know how long the truce in Russia will last and is worried about it; that the German is desperately anxious for peace and that, boast though he may, he is more and more nervous about the little cloud that is rising over the western horizon, which will grow and grow until it will deposit in the center of Europe a deluge of American soldiers.

"And when the time comes," was the promise, "we shall take the offensive—such an offensive as has never been taken before—a three fold offensive of French, British, and American soldiers that will sweep everything before it.

**Fears War Weariness.**

"We are only afraid that the people at home will get tired of this before we do and will patch up some sort of a peace that will be no peace. We must accept nothing that does not render to us full and lasting return of the sacrifices that have been in this greatest crusade in all the world's history. Until we achieve this let our motto be 'Carry on!'"

# "O DAVE!"

## That's What Husband Says She Muttered in Her Sleep; Husband's Name Is Not Dave.

# ECHO OF FALLING BOOTS DRIPS ON HUSBAND'S EARS

## Wife Talked of "Dave" in Sleep; Not His Name, He Says.

Only the muffled tread of heavy heeled boots told the listener that there were two persons in the apartment above. Then four thuds and the listener was convinced that riding boots were being dropped to the floor. The listener was W. McKay White, 6824 East End avenue, half owner of the Holden & White railroad supply house.

According to his bill filed in his divorce suite White was convinced there were "goings on" in his apartment. And he knew, he says, that his wife, Adelina, was there. The husband waited. It was midnight. And a little after 2 o'clock, he says, a man softly closed the front door of the flat and silently stole away. A glance the husband caught solved the mystery of the stranger's identity.

**$50,000 Reply to Suit.**

So yesterday White answered his wife's separate maintenance suit with a red hot cross-bill and added a $50,000 alienation suit against the co-respondent, David N. Hanson. The bills were filed by Attorney Luther F. Binkley.

Hanson, who, according to White, is manager of the $500,000 estate bequeathed him by his father, David N. Hanson, a millionaire woolen manufacturer, met Mrs. White on the south side bridle paths. They rode often.

The bill says Hanson and Mrs. White sojourned to Libertyville. After her return she offered another clue, White says, by muttering in her sleep, "O, Dave!"

There was another trip—this time to Mackinac—made by the two, a party at the Woodlawn café and then the boot dropping episode, the complaint says.

**Love in a Swing Alleged.**

The bill charges that Mrs. White presented Hanson with an inscribed silver headed riding crop and that he sent her bouquets. While the two visited in Libertyville, the husband asserts, Hanson and Mrs. White sat in a swing together and whispered endearing names.

Mr. and Mrs. White were married three years ago and they lived quite happily—until Hanson and Mrs. White met in Washington park, the husband says.

"My wife left town when she heard I was going to contest her suit," said Mr. White last night.

Mr. Hanson was not in his office yesterday and could not be located last night.

# CHICAGO'S SUGAR SUPPLY REDUCED TO 14 PER CENT

Chicago is receiving only 14 per cent of its normal supply of sugar, according to statements made to THE TRIBUNE last night by leading sugar brokers and wholesale grocery men of the city. They agree with Harry A. Wheeler, food administrator, however in predicting that the shortage will be materially relieved within a week or ten days.

Normally Chicago receives approximately 15,000 bags of sugar daily, according to a broker who is credited by the "trade" with knowing more about sugar than any man in Chicago. For the last week, he declared, about 2,000 bags have been distributed daily. The situation will not be entirely normal for sixty or ninety days, he said. The eastern situation will force Chicago to depend entirely on beet sugar from the west. All sugar shipments from Cuba and the West Indies will be needed in the east.

Hundreds of cars of beet sugar, consigned to Chicago from Utah and California, are now held in various places because of the transportation tie-up.

# U. S. TAKES OVER "CAPT." MARTIN AS FAKE OFFICER

"Capt." J. D. Martin, bogus army officer, who has lived both soft and easy in full uniform, as a guest at the Minneapolis Athletic club, was taken away from the state authorities last night by Hinton G. Clabaugh, chief of the federal bureau of investigation. Mr. Clabaugh will ask United States Commissioner Foote to hold Martin under $10,000 bond.

Martin was brought back from Minneapolis to face charges of passing bad checks. The "captain" enjoyed ten charming days at the Hotel Morrison in December and, it is charged, tendered a worthless check for $255 in payment for a bill of $135 for his suite.

Others named as contributors to his festivities are Willis Reed, café owner, 349 East Sixty-first street, $25, and J. M. Van Delden, delicatessen proprietor, $50.

The authorities claim to have proofs that his real name is J. D. McDonald.

# Mrs. Oliver, "Bankrupt," Seeks to Sue Creditors

Mrs. Margaret Springer Oliver, adjudged involuntarily bankrupt on July 27, 1917, her liabilities totaling $961,970, asked Federal Judge Carpenter yesterday for permission to file suits against certain creditors. At the time of being adjudged bankrupt she claimed her assets amounted to $2,870,255.

She seeks to reduce the claims with a view to restoring her solvency. Mrs. Oliver, wife of Edward Oliver, known as the "onion king," before her present marriage was the widow of the late Warren Springer, Chicago real estate owner.

Two notes for $50,000 filed as claims by Mercer Davis, described as an "innocent holder," are attacked, as are claims of the German-American bank of Gridley, Ill., and the German-American bank of Bloomington.

# Yale and Princeton Clubs Plan to Merge During War

New York, Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Arrangements for pooling the resources of the Yale and Princeton clubs until after the war have been completed and await the ratification of the two organizations.

# H. B. HACKETT IS MADE COLONEL AT CAMP LOGAN

Camp Logan, Houston, Tex., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—The long expected promotion of Lieut. Col. Horatio B. Hackett of the One Hundred and Twenty-Fourth field artillery came from the war department today. It made him a colonel and commander of the regiment.

Since the departure of Col. Gordon Strong for the west, almost three months ago, Col. Hackett has been in temporary command. A few days ago Col. Strong resigned on account of his health.

Col. Hackett is a graduate of West Point and a resident of Chicago. He is an architect in civil life. He is well known to the sporting world. The position of lieutenant colonel is now open and it is thought that Maj. Charles Walz will be promoted.

Other promotions in the division that came with the promotion of Col. Hackett are:

To major, Capt. John P. Lucas; to captain, Lieut. E. W. Vickery; to first lieutenant, Second Lieuts. John W. Slack and Franklin McFarland; to second lieutenant, Master Signal Electrician H. T. Doyle, Sergts. A. R. Goodman, John Edwards, and Ernest A. Zust.

A plan to overcome some of the evils of the one uniform rule is being adopted by the divisional authorities. This is to substitute blue denim jumper suits for O. D. wool as work clothes.

# SUNDAY AT 3!

## Final Concert in "Tribune" Special Series Will Be Given Then in the Studebaker Theater.

While THE TRIBUNE is to continue its subvention of the American Symphony Orchestra for a resumption of last season's Sunday concerts in the public schools, the final program in the special Studebaker theater series will be tomorrow afternoon, starting at 3 o'clock. Glenn Dillard Gunn, for this occasion, has made a bill that is nearly all of music by Bohemian composers, one of whom, Kolar, is represented by a suite called "Amerikana." This, doubtless, is designed by Mr. Gunn to take the place of a composition by an American composer; for it has been one of this conductor's articles of faith that the American Symphony should devote itself to the care and encouragement of native authors.

The program in full is: The overture to Smetana's "The Bartered Bride," Dvorák's concerto for violin, Dvorák's nocturne and Proschaska's serenade for string orchestra, Beethoven's C minor piano concerto, and, as the final number, Kolar's "Amerikana" suite. "The Star-Spangled Banner" will, of course, be sung and played as a prelude to the formal schedule.

Miss Hattie Kovarik will play the part for piano in the Beethoven concerto, and George Hrusa that for violin in the Dvorák concerto. Guy Woodard, concert-master of the orchestra, will play an obligato in the Proschaska item.

Seats are ready at the Studebaker box-office.

**FOUR KILLED IN MINE BLAST.**

Fort Smith, Ark., Jan. 25.—Four persons, two men and two children, were killed and a third child seriously injured in an explosion yesterday at the Columbia Coal company's mine at Witterville, Okla.

# 176 Enlisted Men in U. S. Navy Are Made Officers

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Secretary Daniels announced promotion of 176 enlisted men of the navy to be temporary warrant officers today.

# TINKHOFF, U. S. A., TALKS BACK AT COURT MARTIAL

Paysoff Tinkoff kissed his bride of seven months good-by last night and with a government railroad ticket in his pocket went away to the war. His first destination is Camp Grant. But before he left he caused Maj. Nathan William MacChesney of the judge advocate's office, a busy day though Tinkoff is but a young lawyer's clerk.

And before he was done young Tinkoff caused Maj. Nathan William MacChesney to utter rebuke and tell him that he forgot that he is under authority of the army already and that he was smashing court martial decorum to smithereens by arguing with him, the major.

The little ticket in his pocket caused Judge Carpenter, federal judge, who at times seemed to admire the battle Tinkoff gave the major, to scratch his head. Finally the court declared that the acceptance of the ticket placed him under army authority.

The young embryo soldier thanked the judge, pocketed a revised writ of habeas corpus and said that he figured he was merely making an orderly retreat for strategical reasons.

Two men of draft age, pleading guilty to indictments, were each sentenced to sixty days in the Wheaton county jail yesterday by Judge Landis for failure to register. They are John Patsch, 27 years old, 5542 North Ashland avenue, and James Ross, 30, 4229 St. Lawrence avenue.


CHANGES IN TRAIN SCHEDULES

Effective Sun., Jan. 27, 1918.

No. 10 Daily—Express to Akron, Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore. Lv. Chicago 7:30 A. M. (35 minutes earlier.)

No. 8 Daily—"Washington Special"—To Akron, Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore. Lv. Chicago 10:00 A. M. (45 minutes earlier.)

No. 6 Daily—"Washington Limited"—To Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore. Lv. Chicago 5:00 P. M. (45 minutes earlier.)

No. 16 Daily—To Wheeling, Akron, Pittsburgh, Washington and Baltimore. Lv. Chicago 9:00 P. M. (One hour earlier.)

City Ticket Office, 236 So. Clark St. Phones Wabash 3242; Harrison 6253.

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| $70.00 Wine Wool Velour Coat, fur trimmed | $34.50 |
| $30.00 Navy Cloth Coat—reduced to | $16.75 |
| $40.00 Brown Cloth Suit—reduced to | $15.00 |
| $50.00 Navy Serge Suit—reduced to | $27.50 |
| $85.00 Velvet Suit, fur trimmed | $22.50 |
| $50.00 Taupe Wool Velour Suit | $24.50 |
| $100.00 Burgundy Cloth Suit, beaver trimmed | $50.00 |
| $85.00 Navy Embroidered Model Suit | $45.00 |
| $12.00 Black Satin Skirt—reduced to | $9.50 |
| $17.50 Blue Silk Poplin Skirt, reduced to | $9.25 |
| $50.00 Gray Satin Dress, gold embroidered | $22.50 |
| $30.00 Tan Wool Jersey Dress, reduced to | $20.00 |
| $75.00 Navy Satin and Georgette embroidered Dress | $23.50 |

*And Lots of Others*

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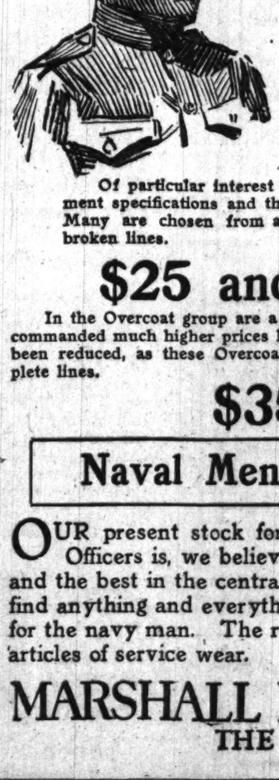

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IN CONNECTION with our Semi-Annual Sale of Men's Clothing our entire stock of Army and Navy Suits and Overcoats is offered at generous reductions. These are the only reductions we will make; they give an opportunity to secure good clothes at unusual prices.

Of particular interest are two groups of Suits, meeting all the government specifications and the high standards of Marshall Field & Company. Many are chosen from among higher priced Military Suits because of broken lines.

$25 and $30

In the Overcoat group are a number of garments which commanded much higher prices last fall, but the prices have been reduced, as these Overcoats were taken from incomplete lines.

$35

Naval Men, Notice!

OUR present stock for Seamen and Naval Officers is, we believe, the most complete and the best in the central west. Here you will find anything and everything in apparel desired for the navy man. The reductions apply to all articles of service wear. *Fourth Floor.*

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Clearing American made lingerie

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1.50 night dresses, lace and emb'y trimmed; at $1
1.95 night dresses, lace and emb'y trimmed; 1.25
1.95 envelope chemise, lace and emb'y trimmed; 1.25
$1 to 1.25 envelope chemise, flesh tint or white; 65c
$1 silk bodices, lace trimmed; reduced to 65c
1.95 silk bodices, lace trimmed; reduced, $1. *Third floor.*

Mandel Brothers
Glove shop, first floor.

Clearing the discontinued lines of women's double silk gloves at 95c pr.

Lines to be discontinued—gloves on which original prices were 1.25 and 1.50. White and black gloves in this clearance.

Women's strap-wrist or military gloves reduced to 95c

Discontinued lines of chamoisette gloves originally 1.25—and in white only. You can get no more at this price. *First floor.*



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# CAPITALS SEND NEWS AND VIEWS OF WAR'S MOVES

## Official Reports Sent Out Show Results of Battles.

### FRENCH FRONT

FRENCH.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—There have been spirited artillery actions in the region of Maisons de Champagne and on a sector of the Avocourt front.

North of the Aisne we easily repulsed two raids against our small posts. Our own and the enemy's artillery was fairly active during the first part of the night on the front of Chaume wood. The night was calm everywhere else.

AVIATION.

Two German airplanes were brought down during the day of Jan. 24, one of them by fire of our anti-aircraft guns.

NIGHT STATEMENT.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—An enemy raid against our small posts to the north of Bois des Caurieres (Verdun front) failed completely. The cannonade continued spirited during the afternoon. Elsewhere the whole region remained calm.

BRITISH.

LONDON, Jan. 25.—The hostile artillery was active yesterday evening and in the early part of the night west of La Vacquerie and in the neighborhood of Passchendaele. Otherwise there was nothing of special interest.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Jan. 25.—Western theater: In the afternoon the fighting activity revived between Poelcappelle and the Lys, near Lens and on both sides of the Scarpe river. There also were reconnaissances at various points. Elsewhere nothing new occurred.

### ITALIAN FRONT

ITALIAN.

ROME, Jan. 25.—In the Lagarina valley and between the Brenta and Piave rivers our batteries have effectively answered hostile guns which showed more activity. On the northern summit of Monte Melago and on Monte Asolone Austrian patrols were dispersed.

There has been considerable hostile aerial activity from the Adige to the Brenta and alone the Piave, but the machines were kept from our front lines by bursts of machine gunfire.

### MACEDONIAN FRONT

FRENCH.

PARIS, Jan. 25.—There is nothing important to report.

# HELP Y. M. C. A. REDUCE CRIME, IS NEW APPEAL

An effort to decrease juvenile delinquency not by jailing young criminals but by offering them clean amusement was undertaken by the Young Men's Christian association of Chicago last night. A campaign was launched last night at the Hotel Sherman to raise the $250,000 which is still required to meet the 1918 budget of the local association.

Four hundred business and professional men and Y. M. C. A. workers attended. James B. Forgan, who served as chairman of the ways and means committee in the $3,000,000 war fund campaign, tendered the services of his committee to raise the $250,000 needed for local purposes.

"There has been an alarming increase in juvenile delinquency in Chicago," declared W. F. Hypes of Marshall Field & Co., who presided. "This is due in part to the removal from home circles of fathers and brothers who have gone to war. It is also partly psychological, the effect of stories of bloodshed in Europe.

"The Y. M. C. A. must save these boys from lawlessness; it must also provide recreation for the older men in business and industrial callings lest they break down from the added strain of war times. And finally it must prepare to care for the soldiers in Europe when they come back home."

Other speakers were Frederick H. Scott of Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., John Nuveen, A. M. Schoyer, vice president of the Chicago Y. M. C. A., and L. W. Messer, general secretary of the organization.

# DESERTER TELLS HOW HE KILLED FELLOW JACKIE

## Two Others Named by Great Lakes Rookie in List of Crimes.

(Continued from first page.)

while he was placing the bottle to his lips I hit him about three times. He fell to his knees. Becker started to get up again and Weir snatched the pipe from my hand and hit him a couple of times on the top of the head. That seemed to settle him. He fell over on his back. We searched him and took $9.85, his pea coat, a watch, and a neckerchief.

"The next day we heard he had been found dead in the Sharples building. Then Weir left town. I haven't seen him since.

"I later went back to the training station and on Dec. 23 I got leave again and met Raymond Dunn, another jackie, at the railroad station. He did not have much money and I was broke, so I suggested pulling another job with the gas pipe and whisky."

"The first man who came along was Bundick, and then we met another man whose name I don't remember. He knew of a flat kept by Mrs. Elizabeth Phelps, 2065 Ogden avenue, and we went there.

"When we left I tapped Bundick on the head with the pipe about five times, but he put up a fight, and I grabbed him and held on to his throat while Dunn 'soaked' him with the gas pipe. Then I robbed him of $13.80 and his pants and shoes."

**Tells of Flight.**

Claude then told of going to the I. W. W. hotel, 15 South Morgan street, with Dunn, where they stayed several days and then left for Terre Haute. At Terre Haute, Claude said, they beat up the mistress of their boarding house and robbed her, then stole an automobile to drive out of town.

"When we got to St. Louis we started to work the same game with the whisky and the gas pipe, but got tired waiting for some jackie to show up, and we got drunk, and then the police took us in."

**Comic Relief.**

A humorous incident of the trip from Terre Haute in the stolen auto was related by Claude.

"We drove to within a few minutes of St. Louis and on the country road met a darky riding on a donkey," said Claude. "We asked him if he wanted to buy an automobile. He stopped the jack and looked up and asked: 'You white boys trying to make fun of me? All I got is $40 and the jack.'

"We then agreed to sell the car for $100 and took his $40, promising to call for the remainder in a month. The last we saw of the darky he had hitched the donkey to the car and was trying to get the jack to pull it home."

# Patrolmen to Repeat Oath of Office After Little Girl

Anna Kosallis, the 7 year old daughter of Patrolman Matthew Kosallis of the Irving Park station, is going to be the child to lead at tomorrow's meeting of the Chicago Patrolman's Social, Athletic, and Efficiency club. She is to recite the oath of allegiance to the flag and ask all patrolmen to repeat the oath they took when they joined the police department.

The patrolmen are seeking higher pay and the meeting is to hear from Ald. John R. Richert, chairman of the city council committee on finance, and Municipal Judge John R. Newcomer.

# HALE HOLDEN TELLS WORK OF RAIL WAR BOARD

## Compares Situation with That of England in Wartime.

The work of the United States railway war board was described in detail last night by Hale Holden, member of the federal temporary operating committee, at a meeting at the residence of Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, 1430 Astor street, under the auspices of the Chicago Equal Suffrage association.

Quoting the statement of Gen. Joffre that this war is a railroad war, Mr. Holden traced the railroad situation in this country from the period of industrial depression in 1914 to the taking over of the railroads by the government. "We have now," he said, "seventy-two new towns (our army cantonments), some of them with a population of 40,000 persons. To these new towns supplies must be sent and troops dispatched. The railroads are handling this siutation.

**Use Coal Nearest at Hand.**

In speaking of the coal situation the speaker urged that every one realize the enormous strain the railroads are under at the present time and be content to use the coal that is nearest at hand to save the confusion and extra work of cross haul coal.

The American railroad situation in war time was compared with that of Great Britain and Mr. Holden stated that in his opinion it would have been better if this country's government had done as England's did and taken charge of the railroads from the time we entered the war.

The work of the American railroad men in France was praised by Mr. Holden, who stated that many more would soon be sent to help out the transportation problem in France. The political upheaval in Russia, he declared, had hindered the work of American railway men in that country.

**No Violence in Eighty Years.**

Before Mr. Holden's address Mrs. James W. Morrisson, president of the Chicago Equal Suffrage association, gave a short talk on suffrage, urging all those present to write to as many senators as they could and plead with them for the passage of the Susan B. Anthony amendment.

"We have fought for eighty years," she said, "and in that time there has not been a single act of violence in our revolution, not even from the pickets, for after all they did not hurt any one except themselves and the cause. I consider it a tribute to the control of American women that in all this time no one has run wild and smashed things. It's about time that we got what we have been fighting for."

# Stops All Candy Sales at Great Lakes Station

Upon orders from Secretary Daniels of the navy department all sales and purchases of candy have been stopped in the Great Lakes training station.

# STORY OF A FIGHTING MAN; NEW BOOKS

## INSPIRING LIFE OF GEN. CHAFFEE BY GEN. CARTER

BY HERBERT CAXTON.

THE career of Adna Romanza Chaffee is one of the most significant and interesting in the history of the American soldier. As told with sympathy and understanding by his friend, Maj. Gen. William Harding Carter, himself a veteran and distinguished officer, the story of Adna Chaffee's life illustrates the qualities of the American soldier at his best and at the same time illuminates some memorable pages of our history.

Gen. Chaffee liked to think of his career as proof that in our army the apothegm of Napoleon was valid. When at the beginning of the civil war the serious young Ohio boy enlisted in the Sixth United States cavalry under the gallant and ill-fated Lowell, if he did not carry a marshal's baton in his knapsack it was because, being a trooper, he had no knapsack and, being an American, there were no marshal's batons to be had even, figuratively speaking.

Nevertheless, that trooper won his way by gallant and devoted service from the ranks of private to that of lieutenant general and actual commander as chief of staff of the United States army. It is, indeed, the only case on record, and Chaffee was a rare man.

But what has been done any soldier may hope to do again. There may be a rookie even now learning his squads right and squads left who will follow Chaffee's footsteps to the top.

Gen. Carter's biography unfolds more than the life of Chaffee. It gives us in panorama the life of the regular army through its bloody and self-sacrificing service of the civil war, through the long weary trial of the Indian wars, through the brief adventures in Cuba, in China, and the Philippines.

The civilian who reads these pages cannot but feel the thrill of this epic of service, and in a period already learning the fallacies of pacifism gain some better conception of the manly lives which spent themselves in the battles of the civil conflict and in the long guardianship of the pioneer west that the nation of this day might be and thrive.

One passage dealing with Gen. Chaffee's latest service is of especial interest in connection with recent evidence of the survival of hostility to the general staff system at this time. Gen. Carter speaks of Gen. Chaffee's experience as chief of staff:

He was convinced that a small group had planned a course of action that would deprive the nation of the benefits contemplated by the establishment of the general staff corps unless the scheming was stopped. The detail system also met a determined opposition which boded ill for its survival unless the president and secretary of war could be warned and induced to announce their conviction in favor of it.

Gen. Chaffee had to fight from the start to the finish of his service as chief of staff concerning these and other bureau activities which monopolized much of his time and prevented consideration of the grave questions involved in the development of the general staff corps. The fact that the president (Mr. Roosevelt) was known to favor both the general staff and the detail system is believed to be all that prevented a successful combination of interests against their continuance, except in a mutilated and ineffective form.

The opposition to the proper development of the general staff and detail systems continued, however, and exists today. It will not be wiped out till the bureau chiefs are subject to detail and their opportunity of digging themselves in politically through long residence in Washington is done away with. Men like Chaffee have been the friends of the general staff system not merely because they are thoughtful officers but because they were disinterested men seeking the best plan for army control.

It is a pity that public indifference and the small mindedness of politicians in congress have been allowed to countervail the judgment of such patriotic and foresighted officers. Today we are paying the price.

"THE LIFE OF LIEUTENANT GENERAL CHAFFEE" is a welcome addition to the literature of American biography and history and extremely timely now when the nation is again engaged in the vast business of war, again looking to the soldier for his indispensable though oft forgotten service. Adna Chaffee was every inch a soldier, every inch an American, every inch a man. Brave, patient, zealous, devoted, uncomplaining, humane to the vanquished, enduring, modest, clear headed, and able, he rose from the lowest rank to the highest in his profession without favor, solely by merit, and his life should be an inspiration to the America he loved and served so well throughout a long and arduous life.

His distinguished biographer deserves our thanks for his service in placing before us such an admirable record. [University of Chicago Press.]

May Sinclair

Miss Sinclair's new novel, "THE TREE OF HEAVEN" [Macmillan], has been hailed by English critics as one of the great novels of the year. It will be reviewed at an early date in these columns.

## HOLY LAND

FOR the last 3,500 years the question of the boundaries of the Holy Land has been one of academic interest only. Now, at almost a blow, it has become one of burning interest to every one of Jewish descent.

Samuel Hillel Isaacs has made a deep and careful study of the ancient records of these boundaries.

According to the interpretation of the scriptures made by Mr. Isaacs, the boundary line starts at the lower end of the Dead sea, passes through places situated on the edge of the desert of Sinai, and follows the Wadi el Arish down to the Mediterranean. The west boundary is the Mediterranean sea, up to the northern bend of the Gulf of Alexandretta.

There it turns northeast and passes over the highest peak of the Amanus mountains, near Yarpuz, through the Amanian pass, and down to Anitab. The high peak is called Mount Hor. The ancient translation for Mount Hor was "mountain on a mountain," and this mountain fits the description well. Turning southward, the east boundary runs to Apamea, from thence along the Orontes river to the headwaters of the Jordan, and down the Jordan to its mouth. Mr. Isaacs' book is called "THE TRUE BOUNDARIES OF THE HOLY LAND," and it is published in Chicago. S. F. M.

## A BOOK OF POEMS, HAUNTING AND FINELY WROUGHT

BY ELIA W. PEATTIE.

NO SWEETER poet is singing in America today than Thomas S. Jones Jr. Exquisite, haunting, and full of wistfulness which is the perfection of beauty are the poems he offers—poems which, though finished in workmanship, have all the charm and impulse of spontaniety.

His latest book, "THE VOICE IN THE SILENCE" [Thomas Bird Mosher, Portland, Me.], contains lyrics and sonnets written with a simplicity which is one of the prime achievements of song. There is a happy absence in them of that violence, brusqueness, and outré singularity which seems to be the aim of many contemporary poets. Read these serene verses from "The Quiet Valley" if you would have an intimation of the quality of the book.

Here only dreams will come the live-long day,
Dreams left beind, but here fulfilled at last;
For in this haven time is put away,
And, like the clouds, the freighted hours drift past.

Far, far away within the guarding hills
The changing beauty every moment fills,
Here, in the shelter, is the sweet release,
Where life drains deeply from the cup of peace.

A previous book of poems by Mr. Jones bore the title "THE ROSE JAR," and a poem of singular tenderness, written in memory of Mr. Jones' mother, was the titular poem. By an unfortunate circumstance this poem, with the title "The Vase of Memory," was included in a book of posthumous verse by Barbara Peattie Erskine. The poem, unsigned, was found in her rose jar and the compliers of her little book assumed it to be hers. The fact of its publication in "The Little Poems of Barbara Erskine" has caused much annoyance to Mr. Jones and distress to those responsible for the getting together of Mrs. Erskine's simple verses—verses which she did not design for publication. Such restitution as can be made is offered here heartily and with sincere apology.

"THE FULL MEASURE OF DEVOTION," by Dana Gatlin [Doubleday, Page & Co.], is a touching little war story of the heroism of those who fight their battles behind the trenches.


"The most sensational book of the war"

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opening the eyes of the world to the fact that the

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As remarkable and unexpected as the man who wrote it.

Six months ago he lived in a Bronx Tenement.—Today

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Introduction by Lincoln Steffens, the man who knows him.

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War and Battles and Trenches described by a Frenchman in *Under Fire*, the one big and great book on War. Here is a human book which has humor and pathos and all those things which only a genius could describe for the humans with feelings and brains of all countries. *Under Fire*, the greatest of all war books. Over 300,000 sold in France. Everybody is reading and praising this book. Published by E. P. Dutton and Company, 681 Fifth Ave., N. Y. Price $1.50 net.


*Every Word True*

Private Peat *His Own Soldier Story*

*Everywhere Books are Sold*



"Darby the Yank" Fights With the Tanks

A Yankee In the Trenches

By Corp. R. Derby Holmes

This American boy who fought with a London cockney battalion with the tanks on the Somme has written a book to stir the heart; a vivid picture of the life our armies now face; and war has not dulled his irrepressible sense of humor.

*Arthur Guy Empey, Author of "Over the Top," says:*

"A Yankee in the Trenches" takes me back to the fire step of a front line trench and once again I can hear the British Tommies with their wonderful sense of humor all about me. This is the most entertaining war book that I have read, and I have read many. It is the real stuff and should have a wonderful sale.

*At Your Booksellers* *Illustrated, $1.35 net.*

Publishers LITTLE BROWN & CO. Boston



# JUST OUTSIDE

By Stacy Aumonier

Author of "The Friends," etc.

Bret Harte made himself with a single short story. So did Mr. Aumonier with that astonishing piece of fiction called "The Friends." Not to become acquainted with Mr. Aumonier's work is to miss some of the really best things written in English today.

"Just Outside," his latest novel, is a fascinating story of a man of moods, of temperament, attempting to adjust himself and his environment; taking into account his boyhood, his young manhood, his work as an artist, his love affairs.

*Illustrated,* $1.35.

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By DONALD HANKEY

*Current Opinion says:*—"One of the outstanding books of the war. It has its own peculiar quality—a blend of realism and tenderness—and it penetrates the soldier's nature with touching fidelity."

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COMRADES

By Mary Dillon

Author of "The Rose of Old St. Louis," etc.

A straightaway story full of action, color and romance. The Great War is the background. The narrative begins in Dresden, where the various principal characters have gathered for the opera. The war breaks, and the reader follows the thrilling story as it traces its scattered and alluring people until finally they are gathered together once more. It is all fiction, but every deed of daring attributed to the hero has had its counterpart in the daily newspapers since August, 1914.

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ITS CAUSES, ITS TREATMENT AND ITS PREVENTION

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Showing how a moderate amount of preventive care will do away with most of our hair trouble. Written in simple, non-technical language, very fully illustrated, and provided with all necessary recipes, directions, &c. for treatment.

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*Every Word True*

Private Peat *His Own Soldier Story*

*Everywhere Books are Sold*



# America's Heatless "Holidays"

While the New York *World* calls Fuel Commissioner Garfield's conservation order the "greatest disaster that has befallen the United States in this war," and other journals are equally emphatic in condemning it, many other American newspapers view the action with tolerance, as being a necessary war measure, the Boston *Herald* declaring that "we should not criticize military orders no matter how needlessly sweeping they seem, and in the same spirit we approach these provisions for the conservation of our resources."

"The port of New York is part of the battle-line," says Public Service Commissioner Whitney of New York, in the *Times*, "and the people should realize this as clearly as if the battle-line lay in the Connecticut Valley. The coal situation is exceedingly critical and it is no time for public officials to rock the boat."

In THE LITERARY DIGEST for January 26th, public opinion, as reflected in the newspaper press from all sections of the country, is presented in the leading article dealing with Commissioner Garfield's drastic coal conservation order.

All phases of the subject are dwelt upon in this article, and a careful reading of it will make clear to the American people just why this order was necessary, how it will be carried out, and what its probable effects will be.

Other topics of pressing interest in this number of "The Digest" are:

## British Labor's Appeal to the German People

"Peoples of Central Europe," British Labor Entreats, "Do Not Let Your Governments Drive the British People, as They Are Driving the Russian People, Into the Terrible Choice Between Continuing the War and Abandoning the Only Principles That Can Save the World."

The Call for a War Lord
Both Sides Veto President's "Free Sea" Plan
The Next Battle-Thrust
"U"-Boats as Peace Arguments
Are Engineers Narrow-Minded?
Triumph of Secretary Daniels
Thumbs Up for Mathematics
The Fallacy of Cost Plus 10%
Plot Failures in Great Fiction
A Man Who Thinks We Can Pray the Kaiser Off His Throne
News of Finance and Commerce
Austria-Hungary's Future
Where Adam Got His Brains
Shooting Through a Slot
Another Step Toward the Talking Movie
Art Beauty for Profit of the Blind
How the Schools Can Help
Corn as a War-Time Food
(Prepared by U. S. Food Administration)
High Moral Tone of American Soldiers in France
Our Conscientious Objectors

*Many Interesting Illustrations*

## "The Digest" a Beacon to Puzzled News-Seekers

In the darkness of night, amid the quicksands and rocks that beset the coasts of the world, many a ship would be lost but for the guiding flare of the lights that the ingenuity of man has placed everywhere for the service of sailors. For the bewildered citizen, battling in the deep waters of politics in these dark days of world-wide storm and stress, urged hither and thither by the thousand contrary currents of shifting opinion, one steady beacon shines aloft, to direct him into the calm haven of sound judgment—THE LITERARY DIGEST. This great news-magazine, unaffected by the winds or waves of opposing ideas, gathers up for you the vital substance of the world's news, using every source impartially, and makes of it an illuminating beam of world-information. Get into the circle of its radiance today and know the truth.

January 26th Number on Sale Today---All News-dealers---10 Cents

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The Literary Digest

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...most sensational book of the war"
BOLSHEVIKI WORLD PEACE
by LEON ROTZKY
...the eyes of the world to the fact that the
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...ago he lived in a Bronx Tenement.—Today
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...Administration)
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...NEW YORK



# METHODISTS TIE GERMAN PAPER'S EDITORS' HANDS

## Church Publication Is Made the Subject of Action.

"Der Christliche Apologete," a Methodist Episcopal publication in German, is to have an associate editor "who shall have entire charge of all matter appearing which touches on the war, thus relieving the present editors from that department of the paper."

The Rev. Albert J. Nast and his assistant, the Rev. Frank T. Enderis, have thus been relieved of the right to discuss the war in the columns of Der Apologete.

The announcement came last night from the Rev. John T. B. Smith, editor of publications of the Methodist church. It was given out as the reply of the church to assertions in Berlin that American churches are not supporting the war. The Rev. Mr. Smith read a statement signed by the publishing agents of the church, Henry C. Jennings, Edwin R. Graham, and John Race in which the announcement of the change of policy in regard to Der Apologete was included.

"This document," said the Rev. Mr. Smith, "is itself an evidence that the churches are in the war to the finish."

**Wholeheartedly in the War.**

The publishing agents' statement reads in part as follows:

"'The Methodist Episcopal church in the United States is unequivocally against the central powers of Europe and wholeheartedly with the United States and her allies in the present war for freedom, democracy, and humanity.

"'The officers and members of the church desire to put the total force of the church behind the government now as in all our previous wars. We cannot be dumb nor sound a doubtful or uncertain note.

"'Since the United States declared war with Germany the publishing agents have felt that the policy of the editor of Der Christliche Apologete was not in full harmony with the spirit of the church and country.

**Church Law Cited.**

"'The attention of the editor has been called to this condition without the desired result in a change of editorial policy. Under the law the publishing agents are responsible to the government for the utterances of a paper which has the use of the mail service.

"'The agents distinctly and sincerely regret that the Apologete has not been outspoken in its support of the United States and our allies, and in its opposition to the war spirit, the war conduct, the broken treaties, and the unspeakable atrocities of Germany and the other central powers; that it has not rung clear for the victory of the allied nations over the Prussianized autocracy that has broken the peace and threatened to destroy the liberty of the world.'"

**Medinah Temple Meeting.**

"That Methodists are in the war," said Mr. Smith, "and supporting it strongly was amply proven at the patriotic rally in Medinah temple on Jan. 17. A flag was exhibited there containing 8,449 stars, each star representing a Sunday school student in Chicago and vicinity. Medinah temple was crowded and Bishop Thomas Nicholson of the Chicago area, Bishop Homer C. Stunts of Omaha, and Bishop Matthew S. Hughes of Portland, Ore., addressed the meeting."

At that meeting greetings were read from Secretary Daniels and Secretary Baker in addition to President Wilson.

## *Negro Fraternity Formed at University of Chicago*

Considerable interest was aroused on the campus of the University of Chicago yesterday, when the committee on student organizations granted a charter to a Negro fraternity, Phi Alpha Psi. This is the first fraternity to be formed at the university for Negroes.

**BLAME CRIME TO LIGHTLESS NIGHTS.**

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Jan. 25.—Lightless nights are held responsible by the police for the many holdups in this city recently.

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STEAM 22nd year CAR

THERE is no car in the world you know less about—there is no car in the world you should know more about—
Than the Stanley.
It is unlike any other car.
But every count in the indictment for unconventionality is a point in its favor.
Every point is a factor in giving you the performance you have always wanted.
It has no gears to shift—no clutch to pedal—no carburetor—no ignition system—no "self-starter".
But it has stored power
And its fuel is kerosene.

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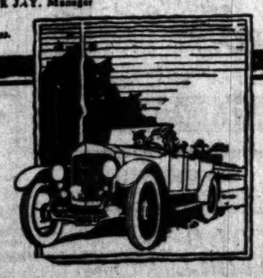

AUTO SHOW
SPACE E 5
ARMORY

## "A DAY AT GREAT LAKES"

**Ralph Otis to Auction Original Drawing of Porter by Robert Reid.**

Ralph Otis in the character of auctioneer will be one of the features of "A Day at Great Lakes" to be staged in Medinah temple on the afternoon and evening of Feb. 2. Mr. Otis will auction off the original drawing of the poster by Robert Reid, which is shown herewith. Mr. Reid has contributed his services to the Great Lakes show. It was he who produced the huge painting in Michigan avenue at Randolph street on THE TRIBUNE sign board.

Lieut. John Philip Sousa and the Great Lakes band will appear in the sailors' performance, the proceeds of which will be applied to the Great Lakes athletic fund to be used in behalf of the 27,000 sailors in training there. Seats are on sale today in Lyon & Healy's.

Mrs. J. Ogden Armour, Mrs. Samuel Insull, Mrs. Kellogg Fairbanks, and Mrs. J. M. Patterson are among those assisting in the plans for the performances.

# KIMBALL CHIEF PAYS INCOME TAX AHEAD OF TIME

## Sets Example He Hopes Others Will Follow to Aid Nation.

Waiving the discount allowed by the government for immediate payment of taxes, E. L. Conway, vice president of the W. W. Kimball company and one of Chicago's big income tax payers, sent a check to Julius F. Smietanka, internal collector of revenue, yesterday. In a letter he said:

"I hand you herewith my return for income tax, 1917, together with my wife's, and also check for the amount, instead of waiting for June 15. The government needs the money, and where it can save money, the call on the public, who in the last analysis must foot all bills, will be that much less.

"I hope that every one who can pay it will pay up just as soon as his statement is made out. Every one should do his bit, and it is a pleasure to me to do mine."

**Interpret Questions Today.**

Mr. Smietanka and assistants will attend a meeting of the Lawyers' Association of Illinois this afternoon at the Hotel Morrison, to interpret questions on the income tax.

Questions answered by government experts for readers of THE TRIBUNE yesterday are as follows:

Q.—Are Liberty bonds exempt from taxation and, if so, will they be exempt indefinitely? A.—All interest derived from the Liberty loan, 3½ per cent bonds, issued under the act of April 24, 1917, is exempt both from normal and additional tax. Interest derived from Liberty loan 4 per cent bonds, issued under act of Sept. 24, 1917, is exempt from the normal tax, but so much of the interest as is derived from such bonds, the principal of which exceeds $5,000, is subject to the additional income tax.

**Tips Are Taxable.**

Q.—Are tips of any kind or nature subject to tax? A.—Tips are income to receiver and are subject to income tax.

Q.—Is money paid by a minor to his father subject to tax, the amount being from the minor's wages in return for which he received board, room, and clothing? A.—A minor's income must all be included in his father's return whether he pays it to the father or not.

Q.—My income is between $2,000 and $3,000, but includes interest on mortgage bonds, where the issuing corporation agrees to pay the tax. By deducting these interests the income would be less than $2,000, and consequently no tax would be paid. Must I file schedule? A.—Yes, you must file a schedule, as your income is in excess of $2,000. You may claim exemption for that part of income deductable for interest paid.

**Must File Return.**

Q.—I am living with my widowed mother, whose gross income from rent and pension in 1917 amounted to $655. Adding to this the amount I have contributed toward her support and the upkeep of the home brought her gross income up to $1,200. My income is $1,600. Who is considered the head of family. A—She is exempt. You must file a return. Your exemption is only $1,000.

## WAR VICTIM

**Friends in Chicago Mourn the Death of Nurse Who Was Among First to Go from This City to France for War Service.**

*Miss Florence Hinton*
ROOT PHOTO

Many friends in Chicago of Miss Florence Hinton were shocked yesterday by the war department's announcement that she died on Jan. 22 in the One Hundred and Eightieth base hospital in Flanders, where she went several months ago as a member of Dr. Frederick Besley's unit No. 12. Death was due to spinal meningitis, presumably contracted in the course of her work as a war nurse.

Miss Hinton was a graduate of the Illinois Training School for Nurses in Chicago. Her home was in Decatur.

# *LOWDEN TO TELL MASONS HOW THE STATE AIDS WAR*

The important part that Illinois is playing in the world war will be told in detail Monday night by Gov. Frank O. Lowden, when he speaks at the massmeeting to be held in Medinah temple, Cass and Ontario streets, by the Masonic fraternity of the state.

Under the direction of Austin H. Scrogin, grand master of Illinois, the 160,000 Illinois Masons are raising a fund of $1,000,000 to be expended in war aid work.

This money is to be used, it is stated, for the relief of crippled soldiers and their dependent families, in giving entertainments at or near training camps, in assisting the government in the sale of Liberty bonds and war savings stamps, and "in any way that will aid the government in winning the war."

Monday night's massmeeting is for the purpose of launching the campaign in Chicago. More than 5,00 members of the Masonic order are expected to be present. Admission is not confined to Masons, and the public is invited to listen to Gov. Lowden's story of what Illinois is actually doing.

Gov. Lowden arrived in Chicago last night, and will be in the city during the greater part of the coming week. He has speaking engagements beginning today for five or six days.

# *FIREBUGS BURN TWO BIG PLANTS; LOSS $700,000*

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 25.—The big shipbuilding plant of the Henry Smith & Sons company at Curtis Bay was fired tonight about the same time that the Oella woolen mills, in Baltimore county, near Ellicot City, were burned.

Both concerns were engaged upon government contracts. The loss to the shipbuilding company is estimated at half a million; the loss to the mill about $200,000. At the shipbuilding plant two watchmen sighted the supposed incendiary; one fired at the man, but he leaped into the water, and probably was drowned.

The central building of the shipbuilding yards and a vast quantity of lumber were destroyed. The Henry Smith & Sons company is building eight 3,500 ton wooden ships for the government.

**ERBSTEIN REFUSES DEAR CASE.**

Attorney Charles S. Erbstein consulted yesterday with Earl Dear, who, with Eugene Hartnett, is charged with the murder of Rudolph Wolfe, a chauffeur. The attorney said that he would refuse to take Dear's case. The state is rushing a quick trial.

# *$90,000 LOAN TO LORIMER IS TOLD BY W. J. MOXLEY*

Frank Heflebower, a bank cashier, testified yesterday before Master in Chancery Behan in the Central Trust company suit growing out of the Lorimer-Munday bank crash, that Johnson Lawrence, a downstate farmer and member of the legislature which elected Lorimer to the United States senate, borrowed $9,000 on two notes from the Lorimer bank, that he was amply good for the sum and that it later was paid back. Heflebower signed the notes as security.

F. S. Reynolds, one of the Rosehill cemetery syndicate, told how a loan was arranged with Munday for the erection of the House That Jack Built. He said he gave a note for $12,000 or $12,500 for stock in the Broadway State bank, of which he was elected a director.

Former Congressman W. J. Moxley testified that notes held by the bank and signed by Moxley for $28,000 and $30,000 probably were signed by his son-in-law, John Dadie, now dead. Dadie had loaned Lorimer $90,000, which the former senator used to buy stock in the bank.

JORDAN
Sport Marine
The first completely equipped motor car ever produced as a stock model.
SPACE C 1, COLISEUM

# *MILKSOP PASTOR IS SUNDAY'S FOE, MINISTERS SAY*

## *"Slackers" Censured for Failure to Come Into Open.*

BY THE REV. W. B. NORTON.

Plush chair, milk and water, slipshod ministers were censured yesterday at a luncheon held in the interest of the Billy Sunday meetings at the Young Men's Christian association. There were 250 present, including representatives of all the Protestant denominations. Inasmuch as the Sunday tabernacle meetings begin March 10, the leaders handled all "slackers" without gloves.

"If you are opposed to the Billy Sunday meetings we hope you will get out and oppose them," said the Rev. John Timothy Stone, pastor of the Fourth Presbyterian church. "If you oppose the meetings you will help advertise them, but this is no time for milk and water, slipshod indifference."

**Must Leave Plush Chairs.**

"You ministers can't do this work sitting in your plush chairs or by hanging on to a telephone," said the Rev. James E. Walker, personal representative of Mr. Sunday.

"Billy Sunday is the only man I know in America who can stir a big city and do good to Catholics, Jews, and Protestants. In Washington permission to use public grounds was given by the vice president of the United States and the speaker of the house. The United States Marine band played at the opening meeting and the opening address of the campaign was made by Secretary of State Lansing, who said the coming of Mr. Sunday was the supreme moment in Washington. He declared the holding of the meeting was in the interest of the prosecution of the war.

"If the national capital can give Mr. Sunday such a welcome surely Chicago, Mr. Sunday's home town, can do as well."

**Churches to Close.**

Dr. Walker announced all the churches on the north side would be closed the first Sunday morning, March 10, all of the west side the following Sunday morning, and all on the south side a third Sunday morning, and thus continue taking turns through the campaign. Tickets for admission to seats in the tabernacle will be given to the members of the churches closing their doors.

The Rev. H. G. Rowe said the goal of 40,000 in the Bible classes would be reached before the Sunday campaign opens.

The Rev. George G. Dowey, one of the Billy Sunday party, said three fourths of those who came into the churches in Philadelphia were by-products of the meetings and were not tabernacle trail hitters.

"I have been in every city in the United States where Mr. Sunday has held a meeting," said Bishop Thomas Nicholson, "and I have made careful inquiry as to results. I found in every case Mr. Sunday did his work well and the results depended on the heartiness with which the churches entered into the campaign."

DISTINCTIVE TRANSPORTATION

MAKERS TO YOUR ORDER
ESTABLISHED IN 1838

EXHIBIT AT AUTOMOBILE SALON
CONGRESS HOTEL
JANUARY 28TH TO FEBRUARY 2ND INCLUSIVE
FACTORY, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

# GO TO CHURCH SUNDAY

*"In going to church we honor God. We go to worship Him and to show others that we wish to praise Him. Not to go to church is to dishonor God. 'Them that honor Me, I will honor, and they that despise Me shall be lightly esteemed.'"*
*SAMUEL M. GIBSON, D.D., Rector Christ Reformed Episcopal Church.*

**BAPTIST.**

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH,
S. LINCOLN-ST. AND JACKSON-BLVD.
The Rev. William Fetler,
Dean Russian Bible and Educational Institute, WILL SPEAK AT 11 A. M.
Pastor Fetler will describe conditions in Russia.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH,
31st-st. and South Park-av.
"The Church of the Cordial Welcome."
WILLIAM HOLLOWAY MAIN, Pastor.
11 a. m.: "More than Conquerors: or, The Soldier's First Duty."
7:45 p. m.: Preaching by the pastor. Dr. Daniel Protheroe, Musical Director. Large chorus in the evening.
To conserve coal, services held in chapel.

**CATHOLIC.**

OLD ST. MARY'S,
PAULIST FATHERS,
Wabash-av. and 9th-st.
Low masses: 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10 a. m.
High Mass, 11 a. m.
Paulist Choristers Assist at High Mass.
Sermon and Benediction,
8 p. m.

ST. PATRICK'S CHURCH,
ADAMS AND DESPLAINES-STS.
[Adjacent to the loop.]
High Mass, 10:45 o'clock.
[Choir of men and boys.]
Solemn Vespers,
3:30 p. m.
[Combined choirs, 150 voices].
J. LEWIS BROWNE,
Organist and Choirmaster.
THE PUBLIC CORDIALLY WELCOME.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH,
CORNER POLK AND CLARK-STS.
FRANCISCAN FATHERS.
Masses—5:30, 7, 8, and 9.
High Mass—10:15.
Benediction Service—3:00 p. m.
Friday—7:30 p. m.

HOLY NAME CATHEDRAL,
N. STATE AND SUPERIOR-STS.
Corner N. State, Clark, Wells-sts. and Chicago-av.
Masses—5, 7, 8, 9, 10, and Solemn High Mass at 11 o'clock.
Vespers—7:30. Works of Palestrina and the Old Masters performed. Male voices. Musical Director—Hans Merx.

ST. DAVID'S,
EMERALD-AV. and 32D-ST.
Halsted-st. car to 35d-st., walk 1 block east.
Rev. J. McNAMEE, Pastor.
The best choir on the South Side. 100 voices.
J. Aloysius Schneider, Organist.
Last Mass, 11 o'clock.

**CHRISTIAN SCIENCE.**

CHURCHES OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST.
SUNDAY, JAN. 27. SUBJECT: "TRUTH."
Sunday, 10:45 a. m. Sunday, 7:45 p. m. Wednesday, 8 p. m.

FIRST CHURCH—4017 Drexel-blvd. Reading Room, 3039 Drexel-blvd.
SECOND CHURCH—Wrightwood and Pine Grove-av. Reading Room, 2632 N. Clark-st.
THIRD CHURCH—2151 Washington-blvd. Reading Room, 2221 W. Madison-st.
FOURTH CHURCH—Harvard-av. and W. Marquette-rd. Reading Room, 6305 Harvard.
FIFTH CHURCH—4840-4850 Dorchester-av. Reading Room, 1311 E. 47th-st.
SIXTH CHURCH—11321 Prairie-av. Reading Room, 11104 Indiana-av.
SEVENTH CHURCH—5318 Kenmore-av. Reading Room, 1054 Wilson-av.
EIGHTH CHURCH—3909 S. Michigan-av. Reading Room, 112 E. 44th-st.
NINTH CHURCH—8150 Woodlawn-av. Reading Room, 6548 Kimbark-av.
TENTH CHURCH—5704 Harper-av. Reading Room, 1468 E. 57th-st.
ELEVENTH CHURCH—2840 Logan-blvd. Reading Room, 2505 Kedzie-blvd.
TWELFTH CHURCH—Wayland-av. and Rokeby-st. Reading Room, 8610 Broadway.
THIRTEENTH CHURCH—10317 Longwood-dr. Reading Room same ad.; no Sunday evening service.
FOURTEENTH CHURCH—3900 N. Roby-st. Reading Room, 1630 Monitor-av.
FIFTEENTH CHURCH—233 N. Central-av., Austin. Reading Room, 5633 South-blvd.
SIXTEENTH CHURCH—1710 Lunt-av. Reading Room, 7034 N. Clark-st.

**CONGREGATIONAL.**

South Congregational Church
DREXEL-BLVD. AND 40TH-ST.
SUNDAY, 8 P. M.:
JOHN LOUIS HILL
will speak on
"OPTIMISM IN WAR."
Patriotic songs led by Grant Hadley.

THE NEW FIRST CHURCH,
Ashland and Washington-blvds.
REV. GILBERT WILSON,
Ph.D., D. D., Pastor.
10:30 a. m.—"Not Worthy, But Worth."
7:45 p. m.—Special musical programme. "The Daughter of Jairus," given by the quartet and the united choirs of 250 voices.

**CHRISTIAN.**

NORTH SHORE CHRISTIAN CHURCH,
CLIFTON AND WILSON-AVS.
REV. C. C. MORRISON.
BIBLE SCHOOL, 9:30 A. M.
SERVICES, 11 A. M.

METROPOLITAN,
PEOPLE'S INSTITUTE MUSIC HALL, VAN BUREN AND LEAVITT.
J. H. O. SMITH.
11 a. m.: "Repentance."
8 p. m.: "Dry Chicago."
Sunday school contest, 9:45. C. E., 6:45.

**INTERDENOMINATIONAL.**

CHARLES G. TRUMBULL,
Editor of the Sunday School Times, Speaks at the
MOODY TABERNACLE,
Sunday morning at 10:30. Subject:
"THE CLEANSING POWER OF CHRIST."

PASTOR WM. FETLER
Speaks Sunday evening at 7. Subject:
"REVOLUTION AND RELIGION IN RUSSIA."
Singing by Russian Chorus.
Wednesday evening prayermeeting will be held at the Moody church.

The Tabernacle will be closed on week nights until further notice.

Special services every night at the
MOODY GOSPEL MISSION,
604 N. Clark-st.
Everybody invited.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL.**

ST. JAMES' METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
ELLIS-AV. AND 46TH-ST.
11 A. M.: "THE CITIZEN FOR THE TIMES." BY
REV. W. R. WEDDERSPOON
D. D., PASTOR.
7:45 p. m.—"Fresh News from the Work Among the Young Men at the Front," by Mr. Wilbur M. Messer, Gen. Supt. Y. M. C. A.

Grace Methodist Church,
LOCUST AND N. LA SALLE-ST.
William C. Millikan, Pastor.
11:00 a. m.—"Stewardship: Its Motives and Rewards."
7:45 p. m.—"What the Law Abiding Man Lacks."
Strangers always welcome.

FIRST M. E. CHURCH,
S. E. Cor. Clark and Washington-sts. [In the heart of the Loop.]
Rev. Wm. Macafee, Pastor.
At 10:40 a. m.: "The Kingdom of God Is at Hand."
At 7:30 p. m.: "The Christian Program."

**SUNDAY EVENING CLUB.**

SUNDAY EVENING CLUB,
ORCHESTRA HALL, 8 P. M.
Dr. FRANK W. GUNSAULUS
Central Church, Chicago,
Will speak on
"THE EDUCATION OF THE AMERICAN."
Splendid Musical Program.
NOTED SOLOISTS and CHOIR OF 100.
Organ Recital at 7:40.
CLIFFORD W. BARNES,
President of the Club, will give Seven O'clock Bible Talk on
"PAUL, THE SOLDIER."
TRAVELING MEN AND HOTEL GUESTS ARE ESPECIALLY INVITED.

**NEW THOUGHT.**

Church of Silent Demand,
Hall 913 Masonic Temple.
SILENT MEETING 10:30.
11 O'CLOCK.
E. E. GRAGG.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

CHURCH OF THE NEW CIVILIZATION.
[Founder, Dr. Julia Seton].
18 W. Jackson-blvd.
11 a. m.: "The Key to Attainment."
Dr. UNO WALTON, Speaker.
8 p. m., Science of Success Lecture.

DR. WILLIAM WATSON,
Author of "Modern Masters of Art and Music," lectures on "Spiritual Healing," Mental Science Hall, 4510 Broadway, near Wilson-av., 11 a. m., and on Mental Science at 8 p. m.

**PRESBYTERIAN.**

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH,
Michigan-av. at 20th-st.
11 a. m.:
"Where Do We Go from Here?"
4:30 p. m.:
Readings and Special Music.
7:45 p. m.:
"Fig Leaves or Beast Skins?"
Dr. Wishart speaks at all services.

**EPISCOPAL.**

TRINITY EPISCOPAL CHURCH,
Michigan-blvd. and Twenty-sixth.
SERVICES—8, 9:30, 11, AND 4:30.
THE REV. SAMUEL A. B. MERCER, D. D., WILL PREACH AT 11. THE REV. HENRY IRVING HATCHELLER WILL PREACH AT 4:30. CHURCH HEATED.

Episcopal Cathedral of
ST. PETER AND PAUL,
WASHINGTON-BLVD. AND A. PEORIA-ST.
DEAN POND
Preaches at 11 a. m. on the "Workings of the Conscience" and at 8 p. m. on "The Divinity of Christ."

**SEVENTH DAY ADVENTIST.**

WILL THE KAISER'S DREAM OF WORLD EMPIRE COME TRUE?
Bible specifically points out that German monarch's ambitions are doomed.

HEAR EXPOSITION OF DANIEL'S PROPHECY, TREATING ON WORLD CONFLICT, BY
Evangelist M. H. ST. JOHN.

Free lecture at Central Music Hall, 64 E. Van Buren-st., tomorrow (Sunday) night at 8 o'clock.

LIVELY SONG SERVICE CONDUCTED BY M. H. SEERS, BEGINNING AT 7:30.

**ZION.**

ZION IN CHICAGO.
ZION TABERNACLE,
MICHIGAN-AV. AND 26TH-ST. [Opt of st. 26th-st.]
LORD'S DAY, JANUARY 27TH, 1918.
PRINCIPAL MEETING AT 3 P. M.
ADDRESS BY
Apostle Francis M. Royall.
DIVINE HEALING MEETING TUESDAY, JAN. 29TH, AT 8 P. M.
PRAISE PRAYER AND TESTIMONY MEETING, TUESDAY, JAN. 29, AT 8 P. M.

**INDEPENDENT.**

CENTRAL CHURCH,
AUDITORIUM THEATER.
DR. F. W. GUNSAULUS
will speak at 11 a. m.
Doors open 10:30.

**EVANGELIST.**

EVANGELIST LIDDELL.
ROSELAND HIGHWAY TABERNACLE
Corner 111th and Michigan-av.
Services Sunday nights, Tuesday, and Thursday nights, at 7:30.

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

UNION BIBLE CLASS
Sessions resumed tonight, under the auspices of the Moody Bible Institute.
N. LA SALLE AND WEST CHICAGO-AV.
Notice Changed Program.
3:00 p. m.—Inspirational Studies. The Rev. R. J. Foos.
6:00 p. m.—Luncheon. Fellowship Hour.
6:30 p. m.—World-Wide Missions. Dr. Edmund F. Cook.
7:15 p. m.—Bible Stories. Miss E. G. Johnson.
7:15 p. m. SPECIAL—Dr. Otis G. Dale with Billy Sunday Evangelistic Campaign.
8:00 p. m.—Popular Bible hour. Dr. P. B. Fitzwater, "The Book of Exodus Explained."
PUBLIC INVITED TO ALL SESSIONS.

INDEPENDENT RELIGIOUS SOCIETY,
M. M. MANGASARIAN.
COHAN'S GRAND OPERA HOUSE, 11 A. M.
SUBJECT:
"WHO IS THE BIG MAN IN GERMANY TODAY?"
Admission Free.

CHICAGO ETHICAL SOCIETY,
THE PLAYHOUSE, 410 S. Michigan-av., at 11 o'clock.
LECTURE BY
MR. HORACE J. BRIDGES.
Jan. 27: "NIETZSCHE'S ATTACK ON THE COMMON PEOPLE."
All seats free. The public is cordially invited. Theater will positively be open on Sunday.

"DOES THE BIBLE PROPHESY THIS WAR?"
DR. PRESTON BRADLEY.
People's Church,
WILSON AVENUE THEATER.
11 A. M.

THEOSOPHICAL LECTURES
Rm. 708 Fine Arts Bldg., 410 S. Michigan-av.
TODAY (Sat.): Free public lecture, 3:30 p. m.
SUNDAY: Inquirers' class, 3:30 p. m. Free discussion lecture at 8 p. m.: "Mysticism, Theology, and Reincarnation," by A. E. Westbrook of Georgia.

# FASHION'S BLUE BOOK

BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—[Special Correspondence.]—We cold snap shotted this fashionable little miss as she walked demurely through the snow of Central park. Some of these days she will be a debutante. In the meanwhile she has a nurse and a governess and speaks French without a bit of Jersey accent.

In the meanwhile, too, she is wearing an extremely smart little coat and hat. This coat of black velvet has its adorable little cape shirred on to a yoke and is finished, as is the black velvet hat, with bands of white ermine. But the loveliest touch of all is the cape lining of flowered silk in the loveliest tones of blue and gold.

A word right here about ribbons for grown ups. Poor Johnny who goes to the fair will not have much money for the shoot the chutes or the other attractions if he keeps his promise about bringing home that bunch of blue or any other kind of ribbon. For ribbons, which are promised a star part in spring fashions, are more elaborate and expensive than ever before.

It seems that we are not going to have much of the glittery glitter silver and gold brocades this coming season. What we are guaranteed are cotton and canvas broché effects, checked or else carrying out cashmere colorings on ground of sand, coral, Sevres blue, navy, or black. These cotton ribbons vie with much faille ribbon brocaded in worsted—a brand new note.

## Tribune Cook Book

### THIS IS PORKLESS DAY!

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

*Thawing Frozen Fish.*

First the frozen fish were "winter caught." Now we also have "frozen at the shore" fish. There is no doubt but that this way of purveying fish comes more nearly to solving the problem of marketing them without colossal losses due to deterioration than any method that has ever been tried.

If I am not mistaken the method was used a long time ago by city fishermen, who got out into the wilderness in winter time to fish through the ice of Maine lakes. Perhaps the race of these men is more or less extinct, but formerly men of the greatest affairs got relief from business cares in this way.

As long as the fish are kept frozen they are safe for an indefinite time. If once thawed they should be cooked at once, as they deteriorate much more rapidly than fresh fish. In other words, the fish should remain frozen until they get into the kitchen.

Formerly the somewhat unreasonable demands of women in winter time for fresh caught fish led butchers to thaw and sell frozen fish as fresh caught, but, now that frozen fish stand on their own merits, this should no longer be a temptation to the market man.

That high class stores do thaw out slices of halibut and other fish and then put them back into their iceboxes to sell another day I know for a fact. This may be due to their inordinate love of displaying windows full of cut meat and fish, a most wasteful and wrong practice which ought to be stopped at once. The stuff all deteriorates, but is sold as though it were first class. I really sympathize greatly with the grocers and butchers in these days. Some of them are terribly harassed. Yet they need education. Foods have been handled in many wrong ways, insanitary, wasteful, actually unsafe.

A slice of halibut which I delegated a friend to buy for me the other day was not in a frozen condition when it arrived in my kitchen, but its somewhat honeycombed condition showed that it had once been frozen. By cooking it I found that it had stood at least twenty-four hours after it was thawed and I would not eat it. It was decidedly off flavor, despite the well flavored sauce in which it was cooked.

Slices of fish must be thawed in the room and not in water, and I am sure that all fish are better if so thawed, always mentioning the fact that this should immediately precede the cooking. They should not be cooked, however, until thawed to the bone.

Carp promises to be the most local and inexpensive fish about now. Taken from our large rivers and at this season this fish has not some of the characteristics or conditions that have led to its condemnation.

Broiled Carp—Thaw carp at room temperature, cut off head, and remove skin. Cut through the back and take off a fillet from the thickest part, or cut side into three parts, wash, sprinkle thickly with salt, and let lie one hour. Wash off the salt and wipe the fillet dry. Roll in a mixture of a little salt and pepper with a tablespoon of oil and one of vinegar—all whipped well together. Broil for five or six minutes on one side or more if thickness requires it, then turn and cook for about the same length of time on the other.

Boiled Carp—Thaw, cut off fillets, and let lie in salt an hour. Put a layer of sliced onions in a flat bottomed kettle, some sliced carrot, a slice or two of green pepper, add quart of water in which there is three or four tablespoons of vinegar. Bring to a boil, drop in pieces of carp, and cook for one-half hour or for the time needed. They should not only be thawed but warmed somewhat before put in to cook. Serve with sauce or cold for a fish salad with mayonnaise dressing.

* *

*Geographic Society Dinner.*

The annual dinner and the celebration of the twentieth anniversary of the founding of the Geographic Society of Chicago will be given this evening at 7 o'clock in the Hotel Sherman. Prof. Rollin D. Salisbury, who is to be a guest of honor, will be presented with the Culver gold medal.

## Defending Mrs. Dane Proves a Difficult Task

"MRS. DANE'S DEFENSE."
Produced by Famous Players.
Directed by Hugh Ford.
Presented at the Castle.

THE CAST:

Felicia Hindemarsh ....Pauline Frederick
Sir Daniel Carteret.....Frank Losee
Lionel, his son .....Leslie Austen
Lady Eastney .....Maude Turner Gordon
Janet, her niece .....Orml Hawley
Mrs. Bulsom Porter..... Ida Darling
James Risbee .....Cyril Chadwick
Duchess of Granthy..Amelia Summerville
Mr. Trent .....Howard Hall
Mrs. Trent .....Grace Reals

By Mae Tinée.

Mrs. Dane and I had a hard time defending Mrs. Dane at the Castle yesterday.

The picture is not up to the Paramount standard and I was just regretfully realising this when I became conscious that next to me some one was indulging in apparently irrepressible mirth. I turned my head, beholding a long, dark, saturnine, convulsed visage, punctuated with large and beautiful brown eyes.

"Hello, Mr. Lardner," I said. "And why art thou here?"

"Why art thou?" he answered, never removing his eyes from the

screen, and without waiting for my reply he answered my question:

"I felt like seeing a real, good comedy."

"Ha—this isn't comedy," I ejaculated.

"I'll bet you!" he freshed.

Haughtily ignoring his rude offer I turned again to contemplation of the screen.

Now "Mrs. Dane's Defense" is, as you know, taken from the play of the same name and is old-fashioned melodrama where the beautiful companion of a married woman succumbs to the pleadings of the woman's husband. The wife dies of the shock attendant on discovery and the girl and her child go out into the cold world.

Later, taking the name of Mrs. Dane, having consigned the child to the care of an old and discreet nurse, she appears in society and becomes affianced to the son of a famous lawyer. Her secret is discovered, however, and the picture ends sadly.

Though the acting of the majority of the cast is good, Pauline Frederick in curls is not Pauline at her youngest. At no time during the production is she at her best, and she has absorbed the Emily Stevens hand contortions which get vurr' wearing before the picture is finished.

"It's what you might call a hand-played piece," vouchsafed what sat at my right. I countered that she had pretty hands. He continued:

"What would you call this thing?"

"You say it's comedy and, being a comedian, ought to know," I answered icily.

"Bing!" said he. "Well, I've changed my mind. I think it's tragedy and being a comedian I ought to know. The way they take care of that baby is tragic, kissing it and waking it up like that. A baby to be healthy should be left strickly alone, by human beings and also flies. A properly tended baby—"

"If you came to see a comedy and it isn't, and you don't like the nursing methods, why don't you go?" I asked, he getting on my nerves.

"Why don't you?" he freshed.

"I am."

And I did.

"I am."

And he did.

## BOROWSKI'S NEW SUITE AND MR. M'CORMACK'S OLD SONG

BY FREDERICK DONAGHEY.

Felix Borowski opus'd again yesterday in the Orchestra's concert, and with, I think, happier effect than in any of his earlier works. The new matter is an informal suite representing, he explains, his translation into musical tone of impressions he took from three paintings. Their titles are his "program": "Portrait of a Young Girl," "The Garden of Night," and "The Festival." No more is required to make his point; and, as music, his three pieces, even with the labels off, are delectable things. Mr. Borowski when small, knew a girl who looked like the one in the picture, he says; and that, maybe, is the reason for a vivid, credible touch which I have found in nothing else of his. This first of the three sketches is warm, human, fresh, and lovely, with a modified allegro which seems precisely the pace for nice thoughts about a nice girl.

The second, while inevitably more obvious, is equally effective, and comes through as an exquisite contribution to the catalogue of good nocturnes. Pretty nearly everybody who composes at all tries a night-piece, and nine times in ten makes it up from musical logarithms. This one is exceptional, in several phases. One is, it is worked through to a finish that, of itself, is beautiful without losing either the musical idiom or the sentimental idea.

"The Festival" is least virile of the three items—a well-made scherzo of modified raptures, as if the fête of the painter's experience had been thoughtfully planned by Miss Lucy Page Gaston, the Rev. Philip Yarrow, and the Watch and Ward Society. Say, a gala with the gals bent on behaving as young ladies. Or, perhaps, Mr. Borowski saw the painting in a bad light. His suite is so good, as music and as entertainment, that it will, I suspect, be kept alive in Mr. Stock's repertoire.

No other man in the known world today can sing Händel so well as John McCormack, although singing "Mother Machree" has had far more to do with making a millionaire of him. He has revived an aria not often heard nowadays. "Waft her, angels," from "Jephtha"; and it is worth the reviving as it comes from him. He went like a violin through every "slur" of the lovely legato in yesterday's concert. Later, he used "O! My heart is sore within me," from Beethoven's "Christ on the Mount of Olives," and did better by it, I believe, than anybody else could do. But this is writing whose main merit is that it is "elevated."

Brahm's third symphony was played—for the twelfth time in the twenty-seven seasons. It is one of Brahms' manifestations that, as Mr. Stock plays it, can with safety to the composer's repute be used at least once a year. It is a great example of the form, and, in spite of its rigid regard for the rules, a mine of melody. "America," the "Fingal's Cave" overture, and the No. 3 "Leonore" overture are other matters of the week's bill.

## ASK ME! ASK ME!

MISS CANADA: How do you do, Miss Canada? I don't think there would be a great deal of chance for a homely girl with freckles, unless she played, perhaps, in comedies; though, come to think of it, Mary Miles Minter is supposed to be bountifully supplied with the little brown spots. But, my dear child, you are entirely too young to even think of leaving your nice sixth grade for the celluloid. By the time you are old enough to be a picture actress maybe you'll be a raving beauty with all the freckles gone. Wait and take a chance, anyhow!

POLLY: You will have to send me a stamped, addressed envelope for the information you request.

## New Players at the Playhouse

The British secret service agent who smokes out a nest of German spies in "The Man Who Stayed at Home" at the Playhouse now has a new interpreter. Alexander Onslow has been succeeded by Edward Douglas, a crisp young Englishman, familiar with the ways of stage Britons and also direct and forceful in the episodes of melodrama, when the spy getter is baying hetly in the hunt.

Mr. Douglas is not new to Chicago playgoers. Only a few months ago he was a participant in the naughty happenings of W. Somerset Maugham's "Our Betters," at the Blackstone, playing the little kept man who teased Rose Coghlan for automobiles and hypnotised Chrystal Herne into a rash rendésvous in the summer pavilion. When "A Pair of Silk Stockings" had its jolly run at the Princess a year ago Mr. Douglas was a week ender at the manor.

He was imported to help Billie Burke put over Pinero's "The Mind-the-Paint Girl" more than a few years ago; before that he had been a member of Charles Frohman's repertory company at the Duke of York's theater in London. The first gold medal awarded at Sir Herbert Beerbohm Tree's academy of acting in London was pinned upon his coat.

Without much rehearsing (for he was familiar with the play through understudying Leslie Faber in leading rôle in England three years ago) he is giving a performance that equals Mr. Faber's in decision of comedy and skill of transitions into the dead in earnest mood. The piece will remain at the Playhouse only two weeks more before it moves to Philadelphia.

Miss Flora Sheffield has succeeded Miss Auriol Lee in the rôle of heroine. Miss Sheffield is young and pretty, and therefore in complete agreement with the sentimental tradition of the theater. She is 19 years old (the age when debutantes become war brides), she is the sister of Reginald Sheffield, who plays the doughty Pennicuick of the story, and she is a veteran of the Pittsburgh run of the play.

The flock of 120 trained Southdowns appearing in "The Wanderer," the great sheep drama, will be brought to Chicago from Pittsburgh in the Pullman car "Excelsior," because there are no stock cars available for their transportation. At least, Mr. Page, their manager, says that they will.

## LOOP FEATURE FILMS

ALCAZAR, 69 West Madison—Feature picture.

BANDBOX, Madison, near La Salle—"The Warrior," with Maciste.

BIJOU DREAM, 114 South State—"The Ghost of Yesterday," with Norma Talmadge.

BOSTON, Clark, near Washington—"Her Boy," with Elle Shannon.

CASINO, 58 West Madison—"When a Man Sees Red," with William Farnum.

CASTLE, State, near Madison—"Mrs. Dane's Defense," with Pauline Frederick.

CHICAGO, State, near Harrison—"The Cure," with Charles Chaplin; vaudeville.

GEM, 450 South State—"The Count," with Charles Chaplin; vaudeville.

LYRIC, State, near Jackson—"In the Dark," with William S. Hart.

ORPHEUM, State, near Monroe—"Her Boy," with Elle Shannon.

PASTIME, 66 West Madison—"The German Curse in Russia," war picture.

ROSE, 69 West Madison—"A Modern Musketeer," with Douglas Fairbanks.

STAR, 68 West Madison—"Reggie Mixes In," with Douglas Fairbanks.

U. S. MUSIC HALL, State, near Jackson—"Prowlers of the Plains," with William S. Hart; musical comedy.

WORLD, 61 West Randolph—"Fearless Eagan," with William S. Hart.

ZIEGFELD, Michigan, near Seventh—"Wolves of the Rails," with William S. Hart.

## Speaks to Alliance Francaise.

M. Benedict Papot will speak today at 12:15 at the meeting to be given under the auspices of the Alliance Française at Fullerton hall in the Art institute. His subject will be "Les Nouveaux Livres."

## Bright Sayings of the Children

"The Tribune" will pay $1 for each available saying printed. The only condition is the story told must never have been printed in any magazine or paper. Write on one side of the paper only. It is not possible to acknowledge or return unavailable contributions. Address bright sayings to Aunty Doo, "Tribune," Chicago.

Walter was put to bed for being naughty. From under the cover he said: "Oodnight, mudder, I speck it time I was in bed anyhow."

Mrs. L. S.

Eleanor had just returned home from her first day at school and was telling her grandfather all about it.

"And how many little girls do you know?" inquired the proud grandfather. He was rather surprised when she answered quickly:

"O, I don't know any of the little girls, but I know all the little boys."

B. M.

Because of the fact that there had been considerable sickness in the neighborhood, Jack was to play with no one but sister while out. Buddy came strolling up to where Jack was playing.

"You better go home and play," suggested sister to small Buddy.

"Oh, me ain't got nuthin'," replied Buddy.

E. McC.

## If You're Still in Your Teens Don't Try to Look 35, My Dear

BY ANTOINETTE DONNELLY.

WAS IT YOU?

Have you in your home a little miss of 14, 17, 18, or even 15, whose ambition in life seems to be to wear a 35 year look and 35 year clothes? There are many of these floating about town, so they must be somebody's children.

Difficult little children they are to handle, aren't they? Especially if they are wage earning and demand the right to buy their own clothes. They go in for long earrings, flowing veils, and awfully grownup hairdress. And black evening gowns, if they are party going young ladies.

The pity of it is when they accumulate a decade more of birthdays they'll be looking back longingly at their teens and they'll be stealing the dress patterns for that age, and the hair styles, and the unsophisticated airs!

The stage could carry a message to the girl in her teens if she would hear! It's the pretty ingenue with the simple airs of youth who gets the hand and the exclamations, now, isn't it? She's wanted in every musical comedy show where beautiful girls are needed.

Think that over, little miss. Think of your movie heroines, too. The younger they look the better you like them, n'est pas?

No. I'm not scolding—just hinting in the interests of the preservation of the most beautiful thing in the world—youth.

## Real Love Stories

*A Newspaper Romance.*

My friend, Ella, lived in a southern city with her family, which still retained the old belief that a woman's place was at home. But Ella had different ideas. Several male relatives were in the newspaper business, and

"The Tribune" will pay $5 for every real love story published. If you know one, submit it, and write no more than 500 words. Address Doris Blake, "The Tribune," Chicago. MS manuscripts returned. If you have a perplexing love affair upon which you need the counsel of a friend, write Doris Blake. Send stamped, addressed envelope if you wish personal reply.

Ella considered her job very important and worked like a Trojan, handing her copy in to the city editor, a young and interesting man.

Within two weeks he pronounced her the best society editor the paper had ever had, probably influenced by a personal interest in the young girl.

The regular society editor continued her summer wanderings for five weeks, and upon her return Ella was forced to relinquish her place. The city editor told her, however, she had done such splendid work she could have the place the next season, but when the next August came around Ella was willing for her husband to be their sole representative in the newspaper world.

L. M. W.

she decided she wanted to be a "journalist."

When she announced her intentions the entire family were up in arms, and an uncle offered to present her with a monthly check for $50 if she would give up the idea and continue her life of attending afternoon teas and card parties.

She scorned the offer and secured the promise of the society editor to allow her to become her substitute during the summer vacation. When August rolled around the society editor took her leave, and Ella, green and nervous, took her place.

The family were all "disgraced," but

*"And Knit Her Heart Away."*

"Dear Miss Blake: I am sending you a stamped envelope and will you please send me the stamp flirtation? Please be as prompt as possible. Do you think it is all right for a girl of 16 to go out with a young man when her soldier brother is not at home to take her, or must she stay at home and knit her heart away?

"BROWN EYES."

No stamp enclosed, Brown Eyes! You probably forgot it, but I'll be prompt when you send it. What does your mother think about it? Will she allow you to go? Why do you say you knit your heart away? You are not like most girls nowadays. They are happiest when they are knitting for a nice soldier brother or a friend.


GUIOMAR NOVAES
THE BRAZILIAN PIANISTE

Plays the
STEINWAY PIANO
Under the Auspices of Musicians' Club of Women
BLACKSTONE THEATRE
MONDAY, JANUARY 28, AT 2:30 P. M.
TICKETS $1.50, $1 AND 50c ON SALE HERE
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Total ..... $92.50

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The painful twists and aches of rheumatic sufferers usually yield to the rich oil food treatment in

SCOTT'S EMULSION

when everything else fails. Besides helping to purify the blood Scott's strengthens the functions to throw off injurious acids and is especially beneficial in changing seasons. Many doctors themselves take SCOTT'S.

You Try It.

The imported Norwegian cod liver oil used in Scott's Emulsion is now refined in our own American laboratories which guarantee it free from impurities.

Scott & Bowne, Bloomfield, N. J. 17-01


## AMUSEMENTS


James Linick & Schaefer's
COLONIAL LAST MAT. SATURDAY
—LAST TIME SUNDAY NIGHT—
OLIVER MOROSCO'S GREAT COMEDY HIT
THE BRAT
NEXT MONDAY MAT.
A. H. WOODS WILL PRESENT
NEW YORK'S SUCCESSFUL FARCE
CHEATING CHEATERS
By MAX MARCIN
$1 MATINEE MONDAY
SEATS NOW SELLING

COHAN'S GRAND | Matinee Today
HOLIDAY MATINEE MONDAY
SELWYN & CO. Present
JANE COWL in LILAC TIME
"Most artistic part in Miss Cowl's career—acting throughout amazingly good."—C. Stevens in Examiner.

F. WIGHT NEUMANN announces
Tomorrow at 3:30 Colonial Grand
Violin Recital ELMAN

LA SALLE | Last Week
Engagement Ends Sunday, January 27
SMARTEST OF MUSICAL COMEDIES
"OH BOY"
JOSEPH SANTLEY
POP. MATINEE TODAY
BEST SEATS $1.50
BEGINNING WEDNESDAY, JAN. 30
"LEAVE IT TO JANE"
—SEATS NOW SELLING—

ILLINOIS | GALLERY SEATS 50c and $1
POP. MAT. TODAY
ALSO TOMORROW, MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY
A NATIONAL INSTITUTION
ZIEGFELD FOLLIES

GARRICK | TOWN'S HIT
MATINEE TODAY!!
THE LAUGHING HIT OF YEARS!
The Very Idea
with
ERNEST TRUEX and RICHARD BENNETT
EXTRA POP. $1 MATS. SUNDAY (Tomorrow) and MONDAY

BLACKSTONE MAT. TODAY TONIGHT at 8
—SPECIAL PERFORMANCE TOMORROW—
In accordance with our Country's ruling if closed theaters Tuesday, Mrs. FISKE will, for the first time in her career, appear on SUNDAY NIGHT
MRS. FISKE IN A NEW COMEDY "MADAME SAND"
NOTE—MRS. FISKE will not appear in any other western city this season.

$1.50 Mat. Today—PRINCESS
WM. A. BRADY'S THE
Man Who Came Back
with MARY NASH
Pop. Mat. Tomorrow $1
Another $1 Pop. Mat. Monday

PALACE | "IN THE ZONE" | —GREATER VAUDEVILLE— JACK WILSON
LIBONATI—CHINKO & CO.
INHOFF, CONN & COREENE
Frank Moore & Jos Whitehead
L. Wolf Gilbert and Anatol Freidland | Ford Sisters
NIGHTS 17-25-35-50c | MATS. DAILY 17-25-35c, SAT. & SUN. 17-25-50c, EX. HOL. | Matinee This

MAJESTIC | SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
Cecil Lean with Cleo Mayfield
AL. HERMAN
ARTHUR HAVEL & CO.—ROLAND TRAVERS
THE SHARROCKS
GALLAGHER & MARTIN—GWEN LEWIS
Albertina Rasch and Ballet
NIGHTS 17-25-35-50c | MATS. DAILY 17-25-35c, EX. SAT. & SUN. 25c, 50c

POWERS' | MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15 EVENINGS (Except Sun.), 8:15
DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID Warfield
in THE MUSIC MASTER
During this engagement Mr. Warfield will play Sunday nights, omitting the usual Tuesday performance.

JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER'S
RIALTO Continuous Vaudeville
11 A. M. TO 11 P. M. COMB ANY TIME
ANNIVERSARY WEEK

PLAYHOUSE TONITE AND MAT. TODAY
NEXT WEEK 3 POPULAR MATS. $1.00
$1.00 MON., WED., THURS.
THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME
CLOSED TUESDAY

ARENA ICE SKATING
The Arena will be open as usual every morning afternoon and evening except Tuesday evening
DANCING EVERY EVENING
Broadway and Thorndale. Admission 50c

COLUMBIA NOW | AFTER 5:30 | BURLESQUE
APEL & REYNOLDS MILLS & MERRY
Next Week "Hurtig's Bowery Burlesquers"


## AMUSEMENTS


STUDEBAKER
MATINEE TODAY
THE MUSICAL HIT OF YEARS
"MAYTIME"


## AMUSEMENTS


CORT | POPULAR PRICES | Mat. Today 50c to $1.50
TONIGHT 50c to $2.00 | Phone Central 10
The Best Show Ever.—Arthur Hopkins presents
"The GIPSY TRAIL"
A 1917 Comedy Romance by Robt. Housum.
ALL STAR CAST Headed by
GUY BROOKS and ELSIE MACKAY.


## AMUSEMENTS


OLYMPIC | EXTRA DOLLAR MATINEE SUNDAY
KOLB and DILL
Other Dollar Mats. Monday & Wednesday. Regular Mat. Sat. to the High Cost of Living


Subscribe for The Tribune.

Rheumatism
painful twists and
rheumatic sufferers
field to the rich oil-
tment in
SCOTT'S
MULSION
ything else fails. Be-
ing to purify the blood
engthens the functions
off injurious acids
ecially beneficial in
easons. Many doctors
take SCOTT'S.
Try It.
Norwegian cod liver oil
Emulsion is now refined
erican laboratories which
ree from impurities.
Bloomfield, N. J. 17b34

MUSEMENTS
ck & Schaefer's LAST MAT.
ONIAL SATURDAY
T TIME SUNDAY NIGHT
OSCO'S GREAT COMEDY HIT
BRAT By and With MAJOR FULTON
T MONDAY MAT.
WOODS WILL PRESENT
ORK'S SUCCESSFUL FARCE
EATING
EATERS
By MAX MARCIN
ATINEE MONDAY
EATS NOW SELLING
GRAND | Matinee Today
AY MATINEE MONDAY
WYN & CO. Present
OWL in LILAC TIME.
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HT NEUMANN announces
ow at 3:30 Cohan's Grand
ELMAN
LLE | Last Week
nt Ends Sunday, January 27
F MUSICAL COMEDIES
H BOY"
SEPH SANTLEY
MATINEE TODAY
ST SEATS $1.50
NG WEDNESDAY, JAN. 30
VE IT TO JANE"
EATS NOW SELLING—
OIS | GALLERY SEATS 50c and 75c
P. MAT. TODAY
OMORROW, MONDAY
D WEDNESDAY
TIONAL INSTITUTION
EGFELD
LLIES
RICK | TOWN'S HIT!
TINEE TODAY!!
UGHING HIT OF YEARS!
Very Idea
with
RICHARD BIRD and BENNETT
POP. $1 MATS. SUNDAY
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STONE MAT. TODAY 2:15
TONIGHT at 8:15
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ZONE" | JACK WILSON
ONATI—CHINKO & CO.
F. CONN & COREENE
Moore & Joe Whitehead
ilbert and Ford Sisters
edland
MATS. 17-25-50c. EV. DAILY SAT. & SUN. | Majestic 7260
ESTIC | SUPREME VAUDEVILLE
an with Cleo Mayfield
L HERMAN
AVEL CO.—ENGLAND TRAVERS
HE SHARROCKS
ER & MARTIN—GWEN LEWIS
ina Rasch and Ballet
MATS. 17-25-50c. EV. DAILY SAT. & SUN. | 7th Cent. 6420
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:15
EVENINGS (Except Tues.), 8:15
Warfield
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CING EVERY EVENING
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BIA | AFTN. EVES. | BURLESQUE
ABB REYNOLDS' FLOREKO'S
LLS & "MERRY ROUNDERS"
"Hurtig's Bowery Burlesquers"
ribe for The Tribune.

# Society and Entertainments

## Antiquarians Give Annual Reception at Art Institute

The Art institute yesterday the quarians held their annual recep- Mrs. Martin A. Ryerson, great- of the society, received the At the tea tables were Mrs. en Armour, Mrs. Le Roy Fuller, Watson Blair, Mrs. Bruce Bor- and Mrs. Arthur Meeker.

There were a number of new gifts the society which attracted much ntion, among them two table covers antique lace for the refectory , given by Mrs. Ryerson and Mrs. ard A. Leight; a piece of sixteenth ury needlework given by Miss ha Wicker, a bowl given by Mrs. J. Glessner, and a silver Russian donated by Mrs. Herman J. Hall.

Among those who came to the re- ion were Mrs. J. J. Mitchell, Mrs. rge M. Pullman, Mrs. Andrew Mac- ll, Mrs. Harry Pratt Judson, Mrs. lton E. Clarke, Mrs. J. J. Glessner, . E. H. Donnelley, Miss Naomi Don- ly, William O. Goodman, Kenneth dman Goodman, Mrs. Samuel Wright, . P. T. A. Junkin, Mrs. Tracy C. ain, Mrs. Frederick A. Stock, Miss y Nixon, Miss Martha Wilson, and Charles W. Dempster.

The members of the Junior league go to Rookford tonight to enter- rth soldiers at Camp Grant will guests of honor at a supper to be en by a number of soldiers, and re in the evening, after their plays, e will be a dance at the residence Mrs. Cyrus Hall McCormick.

The annual fancy dress ice carnival the young people of Lake Forest be held this afternoon at 5 o'clock the Lake Forest Winter club. The fancy dress ball of the club will be held Saturday evening, Feb. 16.

The Society of Midland Authors will hold at an Italian luncheon today at o'clock in the Arts club in the Fine Building.

The annual luncheon of the Loring ool alumnas will be given this noon the Union League club. Miss Mar- Peirce has charge of the luncheon. Miss Juliet Austin is president of association.

The members of the Alpha Phi so- rity will give a luncheon today at o'clock in Field's southeast tea m. Miss Ruth Richardson of 1046 th avenue has charge of the res- ations.

* *

## Weddings and Engagements.

announcement is made of the mar- e of Miss Mabel Stafford, daugh- of Mr. and Mrs. William Stafford Maywood, to Capt. Edmund Engel the regular army in Honolulu, ich took place on Thursday at the dence of the bride's parents.

announcement is made by Mr. and . William Boas of the engagement their daughter, Ray, to Fred A. Bart- , son of Mrs. R. L. Bartman.

announcement is made by Ernest mond Jr. of the engagement of his ther, Marie Angeline, to Charles e Jr., son of Charles Froebe of ntyn.

* *

## Y.M.C.A. Opposed to Benefits.

Appeals are being made for funds ough benefit entertainments and er methods for the Y. M. C. A. war k. William F. Hynes, president the association, extends notice that person, organizations, or group of ividuals is authorized to raise funds benefit entertainments of any kind the Y. M. C. A. war work, inasmuch the funds are raised by specific ap- al at stated times.

* *

## Solomon Birthday Party.

r. and Mrs. Martin Salomon and ily of 4457 Vincennes avenue, cele- ated the sixty-fifth birthday of Mar- Salomon Thursday night at their dence. All their children attended, ely: Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Salomon, and Mrs. Edward Salomon, Mr. and Henry Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Polacheck, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin G. , Ira Salomon, Miss Malvina Sale- n.

* *

## Naturalist to Lecture.

Ernest Harold Baynes, naturalist of ston, N. H., will give a free lecture night at 8 o'clock at Bethany Union rch, One Hundred and Third street Vanderpool avenue. Mr. Baynes ured at the Art institute last spring the Illinois Audubon society. is the author of "Wild Bird ests," and is a personal friend of Roosevelt.

* *

## To Discuss City Milk System.

A municipal milk system for Chicago be discussed at a massmeeting un- the auspices of the Mothers' ance of Chicago on Sunday, Jan. 27, the Princess theater at 2:30 p. m. Mrs. Harriet Vittum will preside. Dr. G. Hirsch, Jane Addams, Mary Mc- well, Carl B. Thompson, and John C. ssely will speak.

## MEETINGS

### Events Scheduled in Chicago Today and Tonight.

COLISEUM, First Regiment armory, and the Greer building, all day—Chi- go's eighteenth annual automobile w opens. Manager Samuel A. Miles s reserved advices that all the cars e in here for the opening.

HOTEL SHERMAN, 1 p. m.—Gov. ennen is expected to address the en Fellowship club and a great serv- g flag will be unfurled.

CONGRESS HOTEL, 12:30 p. m.— e ninety-eighth anniversary of the ding of Indiana university will be ebrated by the alumni living in Chi- go and vicinity at a Foundation day ner.

WILSON BUILDING, evening—A ing, skating party, and dinner for men will be given by wives of offi- s and employes of the Common- alth Edison company.

At the leading
THEATRES
TODAY

## Judge Pam Pleads for Day Nurseries

Judge Hugo Pam spoke yesterday at the fourth of the series of "Hold the Home Lines" meetings of the Central Council of Social Agencies at the City club.

"The day nurseries," said Judge Pam, "are located in congested districts, where our working people live, people whose wages are of a character that make the future precarious and threaten them with danger if even a few days' industrial depression occurs.

"All these conditions require the active, strong, persistent operation of the social agencies, among which is the day nursery. It is the only place where perhaps the child may have that environment which can save it from the contaminating conditions that surround it.

"So, no matter how strongly we need every resource for the war, there must be additional resources created which will keep active these agencies which, by holding the home lines, will preserve the welfare and morale of our youth, so that they may become the maintenance of our nation in the future generations."

Mrs. Tillie S. Frankenthal, president of the Chicago Children's Benefit league, called attention to the fact that many of the children cared for at day nurseries in the past were now fighting the country's battles abroad. The stock yards day nursery, it was stated, has a service flag of eighteen stars.

Miss Merle Brockett of the Mary Crane nursery spoke of the increased appetite of the children at the nurseries whose home rations had been put upon a war basis.

"Four boys used to eat one pound of bread," she declared, "but now four boys will eat two pounds."

* *

## CLUB NOTES

The canteen for soldiers and sailors maintained by the Chicago Woman's club in the Randolph street corridor of the public library is now an established success and many a uniformed youth is warmed and cheered by the comforts dispensed by the clubwomen on Saturdays and Sundays.

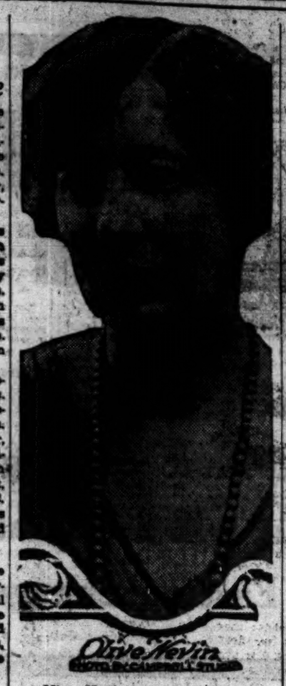
Miss Jessie Harding will read at the Sunday afternoon open meeting of the Central Eleanor club tomorrow at 4 o'clock. Miss Dorothy Pound will be the pianist.

The war fund of the Illinois Colony clubs was enriched yesterday by the proceeds of a card party and tea given at the Hotel La Salle by the South Carolina colony and Cherokee village. Mrs. Thomas Philip Casey was in charge.

* *

## Gunsaulus at Sunday Evening Club.

Dr. Frank W. Gunsaulus, pastor of Central church, will speak at the Sunday Evening club in Orchestra hall tomorrow night on "The Education of the American."



Miss Nevin, a kinswoman of that Nevin family which is represented in American music by the works of the late Ethelbert Nevin and the operas of his brother, Arthur, is to sing on Tuesday afternoon in the Playhouse, under the auspices of the Chicago Wellesley club. She is a soprano, and, as yet, unknown in Chicago as a singer.

## Patriotic Rally at Fortnightly Next Thursday

BY CINDERELLA.

The Fortnightly has a great rally arranged for next Thursday in its handsome rooms in the Fine Arts building. It's to be a patriotic meeting, with the Friday club and the Woman's National Defense of Illinois as its guests, with a fine program. One of the features of this is an address by Mrs. Joseph T. Bowen, whose patriotic utterances are always inspiring and stimulating.

Last Thursday afternoon the Fortnightly held an open meeting when John Alden Carpenter presented some of his most recent songs, including the Chinese group, playing the accompaniments himself. These Chinese songs are as lovely, as subtle, and as weirdly haunting as the figures in an ancient Chinese embroidery. One has to salute John Carpenter in his threefold personality composer of beautiful music, business man, and appreciative critic of other people's things.

Mr. Carpenter's Chinese group and other compositions will be the attraction at the Arts club on Sunday night. An Italian table d'hôte dinner will precede the music, and it all sounds like an extra specially nice party.

Yesterday morning Miss Mills of New York took "Mysticism" as her text when she lectured on modernism in Mrs. Ogden Armour's tapestried hall. The members of the class came in all furry and avid for further insights into this thrilling topic—mysticism—the future, glimpses of the unseen, the intangible.

But Miss Mills was fascinatingly wary of her theme, thinking, mayhap, that mysticism is as capable of many definitions as that slippery subject, socialism. For, simmered down, it was the French Masterlinck, Paul Claudel, who occupied the center of the stage, and two of his plays that Miss Mills read from.

Paul Claudel, the writer, visionary, and practical railroad man who proposes the Boulogne-Damascus railroad scheme to France, is the type, the lecturer thinks, of Rodin's great, rugged brooding statue, "The Thinker."

Next time, ches Mrs. Hots on Sheridan road, Miss Mills has agreed to take a very practical subject, the German kaiser. Not as he is today, O no, but as great people, writers, thinkers, and analysts knew him twenty years ago.

Some of the members of this class are Mrs. W. J. Bryson, Mrs. John J. Mitchell, Mrs. William Burton, Mrs. Albert Dewey, Mrs. Edward Swift, Mrs. Rawson, Mrs. Gustavus Swift, Mrs. Wilmarth, Mrs. Eal Lhmé, Mrs. Homer Stillwell, Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Austin Niblack.

The war keeps changing and changing things. Nobody's ever home any more, and now houses are being closed and sealed up as in summer.

The latest refugee is Mrs. William L. Baum, who has left Mrs. Chicago house and taken a teensy one in Rockford for three months to be near Maj. Baum, who is at Camp Grant.

* *

## College Society Luncheon.

The members of the Chicago society of the Illinois Woman's college will give a fellowship luncheon today at 12 o'clock in Field's tea room.

## WOMEN IN WARTIME

What to do for the woman of 40, out of employment and without means of support, is the question the employment bureau of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, is finding it difficult to answer.

"It is not so much that a woman of this age is not efficient," said Miss Helen Bennett, who is undertaking to reorganize the employment department of the committee. "In many cases a woman of 40 is by reason of her experience more efficient than a younger woman, but the employers are prejudiced and it has been difficult to place the woman of 40 or over."

A conference on this subject was held this week by the employment department, and there will be another on Tuesday at the Chicago College club, where representatives of various societies interested in finding employment for women are expected to be present.

The ward leaders of the woman's committee believe in the January thaw and they want everybody to be prepared for it. They met yesterday and passed a resolution urging all Chicago residents to have the gutters and drains near their dwellings cleaned immediately in order to prevent the raging torrents of melted snow from turning all Chicago basements into ponds. Mrs. Robert Bates of the Twenty-first ward reported that the anti-flood campaign had already been started in her ward and the following dodgers were being circulated with the instructions:

"You must clear your gutter! Dig down to the pavement, eighteen inches wide from the curb, or your basement will be flooded. Delay is dangerous. Dig out your gutter now, before the thaw. Dig out and clean out your alley. Approved, North Central Improvement and Woman's committee, C. N. D."

From 800 to 1,000 calls for coal have come to Mrs. Charles Greenwood, chairman of the Thirty-fourth ward for the fuel administration. Many of the ward leaders have had serious difficulties in getting small quantities of coal to the poor. In some instances it was stated yesterday the dealers would deliver the coal to an empty lot, dump it on the ground and then the people would come with baskets and buy it in small quantities. Some of the dealers refuse to deliver in half ton lots.

The speakers of the Woman's committee are out of breath, they have to tear so from one engagement to another.

"We need more trained speakers," said Miss Agnes Foreman yesterday.

To this end the committee has arranged for another course of public speaking lessons to be given in the library of 120 West Adams street on Mondays. Eighteen women have enrolled for the course under Prof. Bertram Nelson of the University of Chicago, and it is hoped others will join.

The offices of the woman's committee are open on Mondays because of the government work being done in the Council of Defense building. Volunteers are urged not to desert.

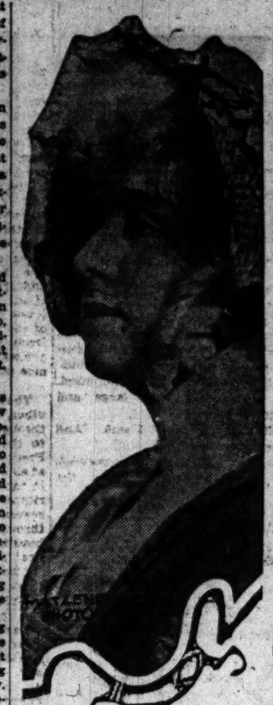
The teaching center of the Red Cross is anxious to obtain more registrations for a class in home care of the sick, which convenes for the first time next Monday at 1115 a. m. Another class the same hour in first aid is also in need of pupils to fill up its ranks. The first class in the training of instructors for blinded soldiers also begins on Monday at 2 p. m.

The Chicago College club, 18 North Wabash avenue, will be open next Monday and succeeding Mondays until further notice. All workers in the college club Red Cross auxiliary are urged to come.

* *

## Wits to Rule at Club Dinner.

A unique dinner will be given on Tuesday evening at the South Shore Country club, when the wits of the club will be organized into a little Bohemian club to be known as the bandits. There will be all sorts of provoking secrecy about their doings and their meetings, but all of a sudden, it is promised, they will burst forth with something wonderful to see and look at. R. J. McLaughlin, chairman of the entertainment committee, is at the head of the group, and won't tell a thing about what is going to happen at their first meeting.



Marie Lydia Standish

Marie Lydia Standish, a pupil of Yvette Guilbert, will be the soloist at a recital to be given under the auspices of the woman's committee, Council of National Defense, on Feb. 4 in the crystal ballroom of the Blackstone hotel. The recital is for the benefit of the finance department of the woman's committee.

## Plans to Turn War Camps Into Social Schools

When the Vocational Education Association of the Middle West closes its convention today at the Morrison hotel it will have a program for educational readjustment after the war. Dr. John Dewey, professor of philosophy at Columbia university, presented a plan for universal instruction under the federal government in an address at yesterday's session.

Dr. Dewey believes in training for social service rather than in military training. He suggested the use of the army training camps and cantonments and believes that public spirited men of science, art, industry, and education will be willing to volunteer in a scheme for educational training.

Under Dr. Dewey's plan, girls as well as boys would be subject to the government's call for social service training. It calls for education building up a sound physique, training in "economic efficiency," "social competency," and the "capacity for employment of leisure."

"What we want," he said, "is an American system of universal service that Europe may emulate, instead of an imitation of the European system. There is bound to be an educational readjustment after the war, as there has been after past wars."

More than 1,000 teachers heard Dr. Dewey's talk. The annual banquet was held last night. William Bogan, principal of the Lane Technical High school, was toastmaster.

In addition to the morning and afternoon sessions today there will be a luncheon and conference at the Chicago Woman's club at which Ella Adams Moore, director of the scholarship committee of the Vocational Supervision league of Chicago will preside, and another at the Morrison hotel at which Charles A. Prosser, director of the federal board for vocational education, will be chairman.

## OBITUARY.

### Funeral of Fred Eberts in Detroit Tomorrow

The funeral of the late Fred C. Eberts, manager of the Majestic theater, will be held in Detroit tomorrow. Until the departure of the funeral party tonight the body will be at Hursen's chapel, 1520 Michigan avenue.

WILLIAM M. HARVEY, 51 years old and a veteran of the civil war, died yesterday as he was preparing to enter the Old Soldiers' home. He was found dead by his friend, S. M. Miller of 225 East Sixty-first street, when he came to call.

## DEATH NOTICES.

IN MEMORIAM.

LEWI—Edward Lewy, in memory of the most considerate, thoughtful, and best of husbands, who died one year ago, Jan. 26, 1917. Gone but not forgotten.
LOVING WIFE.

SHOURDS—In loving memory of our beloved son, James Lansing Shourds, who entered into life eternal Jan. 26, 1898.
O, for the touch of a vanished hand
And the sound of a voice that is still.
MOTHER AND FATHER.

## DEATH NOTICES.

IN MEMORIAM.

LEVITON—In loving memory of our dear mother, Helena Leviton, who passed away five years ago today—Jan. 26, 1913.

AUSTIN—Joan Simpson Austin, beloved wife of Sergt. R. G. Austin, Jan. 24, aged 23 years. Funeral from her father's residence, 9454 Elliott-av., Berwyn, to Mount Auburn, 9 o'clock Monday.

BEARDSLEY—Mrs. Carrie G. Beardsley, nee Forsyth, at her residence in Highland Park, Jan. 24, at 8 p. m. She leaves to survive her, her husband, Jerome G. Beardsley, and two daughters, Mrs. Abbie B. Bastin and Miss Ruth Beardsley. Funeral service at the residence in Highland Park, Jan. 26, 2:30 p. m.

COHN—Tina Cohn, nee Friendley, Jan. 25, mother of Samuel, Charles, Louis, Gertrude, Mrs. M. Abrams, Mrs. S. Bernstein, and Mrs. A. Marcus. Funeral from 357 E. 59th, Monday, Jan. 28, at 10 o'clock a. m., to Waldheim.

CONKLIN—Mat. K. S. Conklin, age 76, died Jan. 23 at Peoria, Ill.; member of Joe Hanna post No. 117 G. A. R., Dept. Ill. Mohammed Temple, Peoria; father of Henry R., Eugene L., Charles and Mrs. Jamie Fryer. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 27, at Pekin.

CORNELIUS—Richard A. Cornelius, 3162 W. Monroe-st., Jan. 23, 1918, beloved father of R. Walter and Lawrence H. Cornelius. Member Cleveland lodge 311, A. F. & A. M.; Washington chapter 43, R. A. M. Funeral services at chapel, private. Burial at Baltimore.

DERMODY—Mollie Dermody, nee Doyle, Jan. 24, 1918, dearly beloved wife of Theodore, mother of Edward, Hugh, Rose, and Honora, daughter of Margaret Doyle, sister of Edward, Gertrude, and Eugenia Doyle of St. Mary's of the Woods, Ind. Funeral Monday, Jan. 28, at 9:30 a. m., from late residence, 5734 Union-av., to Nativity church, where solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated, solice to Mount Olivet. Member of St. Columbkille court, W. C. O. F.; Fanny Review No. 93, L. O. T. M.; Cosmopolitan, S. H. A.; and Silver Leaf, S. B. A. For information call Yards 586.

DEYO—Herbert Deyo, Thursday, Jan. 24, at his home, Glen Ellyn, Ill. Funeral services at the late residence at 1 p. m. Saturday, Jan. 26, followed by services at the chapel, Forest Home cemetery, at 2:30.

EBERTS—Fred C. Eberts, beloved husband of Mary J. Eberts and father of Nellie M. Eberts. Remains at chapel, 1520 Michigan-av. all day Saturday. Funeral at Detroit.

FICKETT—Harriett M. Fickett, aged 78 years, at residence, 7344 S. Carpenter, beloved wife of William R. Fickett, mother of Mrs. Mabel Stamp, and of Mrs. F. B. Dudley. Funeral services at Chandler M. E. church, corner 73d and Carpenter-st., Monday, 2 p. m. Burial Evergreen; autos.

GIESEKE—Emil Gieseke, 3519 W. 63d-st., Jan. 23, 1918, beloved husband of Louise Gieseke, father of Emil, Jr., and Mrs. Otto Hoffstein. Funeral Saturday, 1:30 p. m., from late residence, by autos to Waldheim.

GRONBERG—Caroline Gronberg, Jan. 25, 1918, beloved wife of late O. F. Gronberg, beloved mother of A. Frederic Gronberg, mother-in-law of Albertine Gronberg, grandmother of Baby Gronberg, aunt of Inez Christensen. Funeral from residence of O. F. Gronberg, 4459 N. Sheridan-av., to Mount Olivet cemetery, Monday, Jan. 28, 1918. Service at 2 p. m.

HEXTHE—Silas Hexter, at Ashland, Ill., Jan. 20, 1918, beloved husband of Flora, father of Fred, Dora, Mrs. Lucy Musser, and Mrs. Alfred Decker. Funeral notice later.

HUNKLER—Mrs. Luella Hunkler, Thursday evening, Jan. 24. Funeral notice later.

ISAACS—M. Hanna Isaacs, Jan. 24, at her residence, 4064 Indiana-av., wife of Walter W., mother of Willard W., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Saldenon, past worthy matron and organizer of Dickerson chapter, No. 685, O. E. S., president of Woman's Benevolent society, member of Willing Workers' Woman's club. Funeral from chapel, 4040 Prairie-av., Monday, Jan. 28, 10 a. m., to Graceland cemetery. San Francisco, Los Angeles, and New York City papers please copy.

LEDERER—Millie O. Lederer, nee Oberndorf, beloved wife of William D. Lederer, mother of Robert, sister of Max L. Oberndorf and Mrs. M. Rosenfeld. Funeral Monday, Jan. 28, 10 a. m., from Isaiah temple, 45th-st. and Vincennes-av., to Rosehill. Milwaukee papers copy.

LEISER—Mrs. Gertrude Leiser, nee Baer, beloved wife of David Leiser and fond mother of Jos. Louis, and Mrs. Zelma Mosher, nee Leiser, at 1030 Hyde Park-blvd. Funeral Monday morning at 10 a. m. to Rosehill. Omit flowers.

MASON—Lyra H. Mason at his residence, 4251 Hazel-av., Jan. 24. Funeral Saturday at 3:30 p. m. at Graceland chapel.

MILLS—John Milton Mills, at residence, 4442 N. Ashland-av., husband of Ella Blackburn, father of Mrs. Crandell, and Lois Cady. Services at Graceland chapel Saturday, Jan. 26, 1918, 2:30 p. m., under auspices of Columbia post 706, G. A. R. New York and Cincinnati papers please copy.

## DEATH NOTICES.

IN MEMORIAM.

LEVITON—In loving memory of our dear mother, Helena Leviton, who passed away five years ago today—Jan. 26, 1913.

AUSTIN—Joan Simpson Austin, beloved wife of Sergt. R. G. Austin, Jan. 24, aged 23 years. Funeral from her father's residence, 9454 Elliott-av., Berwyn, to Mount Auburn, 9 o'clock Monday.

BEARDSLEY—Mrs. Carrie G. Beardsley, nee Forsyth, at her residence in Highland Park, Jan. 24, at 8 p. m. She leaves to survive her, her husband, Jerome G. Beardsley, and two daughters, Mrs. Abbie B. Bastin and Miss Ruth Beardsley. Funeral service at the residence in Highland Park, Jan. 26, 2:30 p. m.

COHN—Tina Cohn, nee Friendley, Jan. 25, mother of Samuel, Charles, Louis, Gertrude, Mrs. M. Abrams, Mrs. S. Bernstein, and Mrs. A. Marcus. Funeral from 357 E. 59th, Monday, Jan. 28, at 10 o'clock a. m., to Waldheim.

CONKLIN—Mat. K. S. Conklin, age 76, died Jan. 23 at Peoria, Ill.; member of Joe Hanna post No. 117 G. A. R., Dept. Ill. Mohammed Temple, Peoria; father of Henry R., Eugene L., Charles and Mrs. Jamie Fryer. Funeral Sunday, Jan. 27, at Pekin.

CORNELIUS—Richard A. Cornelius, 3162 W. Monroe-st., Jan. 23, 1918, beloved father of R. Walter and Lawrence H. Cornelius. Member Cleveland lodge 311, A. F. & A. M.; Washington chapter 43, R. A. M. Funeral services at chapel, private. Burial at Baltimore.

DERMODY—Mollie Dermody, nee Doyle, Jan. 24, 1918, dearly beloved wife of Theodore, mother of Edward, Hugh, Rose, and Honora, daughter of Margaret Doyle, sister of Edward, Gertrude, and Eugenia Doyle of St. Mary's of the Woods, Ind. Funeral Monday, Jan. 28, at 9:30 a. m., from late residence, 5734 Union-av., to Nativity church, where solemn requiem high mass will be celebrated, solice to Mount Olivet. Member of St. Columbkille court, W. C. O. F.; Fanny Review No. 93, L. O. T. M.; Cosmopolitan, S. H. A.; and Silver Leaf, S. B. A. For information call Yards 586.

DEYO—Herbert Deyo, Thursday, Jan. 24, at his home, Glen Ellyn, Ill. Funeral services at the late residence at 1 p. m. Saturday, Jan. 26, followed by services at the chapel, Forest Home cemetery, at 2:30.

EBERTS—Fred C. Eberts, beloved husband of Mary J. Eberts and father of Nellie M. Eberts. Remains at chapel, 1520 Michigan-av. all day Saturday. Funeral at Detroit.

FICKETT—Harriett M. Fickett, aged 78 years, at residence, 7344 S. Carpenter, beloved wife of William R. Fickett, mother of Mrs. Mabel Stamp, and of Mrs. F. B. Dudley. Funeral services at Chandler M. E. church, corner 73d and Carpenter-st., Monday, 2 p. m. Burial Evergreen; autos.

GIESEKE—Emil Gieseke, 3519 W. 63d-st., Jan. 23, 1918, beloved husband of Louise Gieseke, father of Emil, Jr., and Mrs. Otto Hoffstein. Funeral Saturday, 1:30 p. m., from late residence, by autos to Waldheim.

GRONBERG—Caroline Gronberg, Jan. 25, 1918, beloved wife of late O. F. Gronberg, beloved mother of A. Frederic Gronberg, mother-in-law of Albertine Gronberg, grandmother of Baby Gronberg, aunt of Inez Christensen. Funeral from residence of O. F. Gronberg, 4459 N. Sheridan-av., to Mount Olivet cemetery, Monday, Jan. 28, 1918. Service at 2 p. m.

HEXTHE—Silas Hexter, at Ashland, Ill., Jan. 20, 1918, beloved husband of Flora, father of Fred, Dora, Mrs. Lucy Musser, and Mrs. Alfred Decker. Funeral notice later.

HUNKLER—Mrs. Luella Hunkler, Thursday evening, Jan. 24. Funeral notice later.

ISAACS—M. Hanna Isaacs, Jan. 24, at her residence, 4064 Indiana-av., wife of Walter W., mother of Willard W., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Saldenon, past worthy matron and organizer of Dickerson chapter, No. 685, O. E. S., president of Woman's Benevolent society, member of Willing Workers' Woman's club. Funeral from chapel, 4040 Prairie-av., Monday, Jan. 28, 10 a. m., to Graceland cemetery, San Francisco, Los Angeles, and New York City papers please copy.

LEDERER—Millie O. Lederer, nee Oberndorf, beloved wife of William D. Lederer, mother of Robert, sister of Max L. Oberndorf and Mrs. M. Rosenfeld. Funeral Monday, Jan. 28, 10 a. m., from Isaiah temple, 45th-st. and Vincennes-av., to Rosehill. Milwaukee papers copy.

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## DEATH NOTICES.

MERRIFIELD—Linda D. Merrifield, suddenly at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Robert McManus, 9005 S. Hermosa-av., Jan. 25; widow of Albert H. Merrifield of Ottawa, Ill.; mother of A. W. Merrifield, Fort Benton, Mont.; Mrs. R. C. McManus, Fred Merrifield, Mrs. J. H. Hose of Chicago, Roy W. Merrifield, chaplain One Hundred and Twenty-third Field Artillery, Houston, Tex.; Mrs. A. J. Cole, Omaha, Neb., and Rollin Merrifield, Sheridan, Ore. Notice of funeral service later. Ottawa, Ill., papers please copy.

MUNDT—Anna Marie Mundt, nee Hamberger, Jan. 23, aged 54, beloved wife of Richard Mundt, mother of Mrs. Charles Knapstein and Mrs. William J. Strohm and Richard G. Mundt. Funeral Saturday, 10 o'clock, at 6025 Greenview-av., autos to Waldheim. Funeral private.

MUNDY—Nettie Westcott Mundy, Jan. 19, at Miami, Fla., in his 77d year, beloved husband of Annie Havemeyer Mundy. Funeral at St. Thomas church, New York, Saturday, 26th inst., at 12 o'clock noon. Kindly omit flowers.

O'KLEIN—Margaret O'Kane, nee Lyons, Jan. 25, beloved wife of the late Rodger, mother of Mrs. William Bambrick, Alice, Dan, Joseph, James, and Bessie, and the late Jennie O'Kane, sister of Mrs. Richard Bayne. Funeral Monday, at 9 a. m., from her late residence, 7154 Union-av., to St. Bernard's church, where requiem high mass will be celebrated, thence by autos to Mount Olivet. For seats call Yards 703.

PATTON—Mildred Z. Patton, Jan. 24, beloved wife of Curt R. Patton, fond mother of Richard A. and Donald G. Patton. Funeral services Sunday, 2 p. m., at chapel, 2701 N. Clark-st.

PECK—Mary E. Peck, Jan. 25, aged 75 years, beloved wife of C. C. Peck, mother of W. L. Peck and M. D. Peck of Bloomington, Ill. Funeral services at late residence, 312 S. Marshfield-av., Monday, 1:30 p. m., autos to Rosehill.

RAFFERTY—James J. Rafferty, beloved husband of Elizabeth M., nee Dignan, fond father of James, Mary, Elizabeth, John, Edward, Richard, Patrick, Thomas, and Katherine Rafferty, at his residence, 3227 Fulton-st. Funeral notice later.

RILEY—Anne Fleeming Riley, Jan. 25, beloved wife of the late John Riley, fond mother of Mary R., Mrs. G. H. Glade, Mrs. N. Peterman, and John T. Riley. Funeral Monday, Jan. 28, at 9:30, from her late residence, 4322 N. Winchester-av., to Our Lady of Lourdes church, where solemn requiem mass will be celebrated, autos to Calvary.

TOBEY—Edgar Hazard Tobey, suddenly, Jan. 24, beloved husband of Alida De Vol Tobey of Glencoe, Ill. Remains at chapel, 1550 Madison-st. Funeral services at Rosehill cemetery chapel Monday, 2:30, under the auspices of Hesperia lodge No. 411, A. F. & A. M.; Member of Lafayette chapter No. 3, Adelbram council, and Illinois commandery.

TUSTIN—Marion M. Tustin, Jan. 23, 1918, beloved sister of Annie M. and Elizabeth R. Tustin, and Mrs. John L. Estes of Berwyn, Ill. Funeral services at her late home, 1855 W. Monroe-st., Saturday, Jan. 26, at 1 p. m. Automobiles to Mount Greenwood.

WHITE—George Hooker White, Jan. 24, 1918, aged 75 years, father of Jennie R. White. Funeral services Sunday, 3 p. m., from his late residence, 718 N. Pine-av., Austin. Interment Racine, Wis.

### CEMETERIES.

BEAUTIFUL CHAPEL AT ROSEHILL CEMETERY for funeral services—decorated with growing ferns and palms. Free, including use of organ, &c. The largest and best equipped Receiving Vault in the city, adjoining the chapel. Telephone Edgewater 714.

OAKWOODS CREMATORY — OAKWOODS Cemetery, East 67th-st. and Stony Island-av. Charge for cremation, $30, including use of chapel. Phone Hyde Park 61.

GLEN OAK CEMETERY, 127th ST. AND I. C. R.R. Single grave with perpetual care, $13.00. 111 W. Washington. Franklin 3511.

### UNDERTAKERS.

POSTLEWAIT — GOLDEN RULE FUNERAL HOME. Golden Rule service. 36 years at one location. 1807 Orden-av. Ph. West 880.

### MONUMENTS.

CHAS. S. BLAKE & CO., RELIABLE MARble Monuments and Mausoleums. 108 S. La Salle-st.

### FLORISTS.

TAKE ELEVATOR TO 2D FLOOR; SAVE half on funeral flowers by paying cash; sprays, $1.50 and up; wreaths, $2.50 and up. OHIO FLORAL CO.

CLOTHES ON THE LINE BEFORE 9

Wash-day becomes play-day when you use an Electric Washing Machine. It is a war time economy, too, because its use releases your laundress for more needful national service.

$5 PUTS A FEDERAL ELECTRIC WASHER

complete with electric wringer, in your home—balance payable monthly with your electric light bills. Demonstrated at ELECTRIC SHOP, 72 West Adams Street, or any branch store of this Company.

Telephone Randolph 1200, Local 214, and our representative will call to explain this offer in detail.

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72 WEST ADAMS STREET

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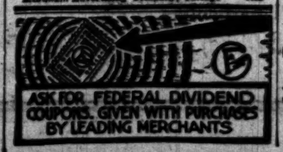

ASK FOR FEDERAL DIVIDEND COUPONS. GIVEN WITH PURCHASES BY LEADING MERCHANTS

Resinol is healing my eczema so quickly!

You don't have to wait to know that Resinol is healing your skin trouble! The first application usually stops the itching and makes the skin look healthier. And its continued use rarely fails to clear away all trace of eruption, crusts and soreness. Doctors have prescribed Resinol for many years, and it contains nothing that could injure the tenderest skin. Sold by all druggists.

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DOWNTOWN
Direction ALFRED HAMBURGER
ZIEGFELD
624 SOUTH MICHIGAN AVENUE
Wm. S. Hart
In WOLVES OF THE RAIL 25c
Tomorrow—MARY PICKFORD in "STELLA MARIS"

JONES, LINICK & SCHAEFER'S
ORPHEUM
8 A. M. to 12 P. M.
—LAST TIMES TODAY—
EFFIE SHANNON
IN "HER BOY"
EXCLUSIVE CHICAGO SHOWING
Coming Tomorrow | MABEL NORMAND in "D

# COME TO CALIFORNIA

## The Trains to California Will Be Run as Usual

**W. G. McAdoo, Director General of Railroads, has announced that passenger service to the Pacific Coast will not in any way be affected by the Eastern changes.**

## *The Land of Sunshine and Sights to See*

COME TO CALIFORNIA AND SAVE THE COAL. THE TRAINS THAT BRING you, the hotels and homes you live in, their heat, their light and their power come from abundant natural sources of crude oil, natural gas and hydro-electricity.

COME TO CALIFORNIA, WHERE THE OVER-SUPPLY OF FRESH BEEF, LAMB and mutton has eliminated "meatless day."

COME TO CALIFORNIA, WHERE YOU CAN WORK OR PLAY GOLF NEARLY three hundred and sixty-five days in the year and where the climate adds immensely to the value of industrial opportunities on every hand.

COME TO CALIFORNIA, WHERE YOU ADD TO YOUR STRENGTH AND THE length of your days. Here splendid hotels cater to the wants of the most discriminating. Here comfortable accommodations suited to every purse can be obtained. Swift, modern trains bring you here on time as usual. Motors whirl you where you will over matchless paved highways, and life is worth while. Consider the low expenditure an investment. The necessary contribution to your health and welfare that makes possible your wartime subscriptions.

COME TO CALIFORNIA. THE LAND OF BEAUTY, FLOWERS AND SUNSHINE. A LAND WITH WONDROUS MOUNTAINS AND THE SEASHORE OF THE GREAT PACIFIC OCEAN.

## *COME TO CALIFORNIA NOW—START TODAY!*

## *These Communities Bid You Welcome to Southern California:*

**Riverside Coronado Beverly Hills San Diego**
**Los Angeles Hollywood Long Beach Santa Barbara Pasadena**

**The nearest ticket office of any railroad will make your Pullman reservations and check your baggage direct to Southern California points**

***Circle Tours with liberal stop-overs at San Francisco and Northern California points may be arranged at no extra cost while the Pacific Northwest may be visited for just a few dollars more.***

**Address any Chamber of Commerce in these communities for full particulars.**

Placed by the Charles F. W. Nichols Company


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SECTION TWO. GENERAL NEWS, SPORTING, MARKETS, WANT ADS.

# The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

Let us devote "every power and resource" to "our present and immediate task" of winning the war.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 26, 1918.

* 13

## PAWNSHOPS AND BARS MUST AID POLICE OR CLOSE

### Council to Enforce Hoyne Plan; Vagrancy Court Idea Killed.

Pawnbrokers, saloonkeepers, garage owners, and the operators of poolrooms are to become active assistants to the police department for the suppression of crime.

This was agreed on yesterday at a conference between the city council committee on crime and State's Attorney Hoyne, Michael F. Sullivan, the prosecutor's first assistant, and Edward Fleming, Mr. Hoyne's secretary. The conference was held in Mr. Hoyne's office.

Under a plan that is to go into effect at once the men who conduct the places of business in which criminals dispose of their booty, and where crime is engendered and plans for "jobs" hatched, must, whether they are so inclined or not, help the police and the courts. They must help—or get out of business.

**Vagrancy Court Abandoned.**

Later in the day the judges of the Municipal court at a meeting to discuss the crime situation, abandoned the plan to create a special vagrancy court. Instead, men caught in the police "roundup" will be sent to the regular courts, probably the most of them to Clark street.

The special vagrancy branch was Chief Justice Olson's suggestion and its abandonment brought a debate. The meeting was secret. The judges also resented the suggestion that court laxness was responsible for the flourishing of crime.

**Recalls Sporadic Efforts.**

The aldermanic committee came to the state's attorney for advice. Mr. Hoyne set forth his ideas on the curbing of crime in no uncertain language. He told the aldermen they were simply repeating what other council committees in other years had done—started a vigorous drive on crime.

"But it always has died down and come to nothing after about two weeks of activity," he said.

"We do mean business this time," asserted Ald. Thomas F. Byrne, chairman of the aldermanic committee. "We've been investigating crime conditions all over the country, and we are going to stay at this until we clean Chicago up."

**To Enforce New Orders.**

The alderman agreeed with the prosecutor regarding the first steps that must be taken. They asked him to draw up for them council orders covering the points he had made, and promised to issue them at once. Here is what is going to be done, and to see that it is done, the chief of police is to be ordered to report to the crime committee regarding it weekly:

The licenses of pawnshops are to be raised at once to $1,000 annually. This is to make the revocation of the license of a pawnbroker a thing of consequence. They are to be ordered to make a daily report of all articles deposited with them each day. They are to accept nothing of questionable ownership. Under no circumstances will revoked licenses be returned.

The garage men are to report daily any strange cars that are brought into their places for storage for any length of time. They are to report the purchase of all cars, tires, and accessories each day.

**Must Report Crooks.**

Saloonkeepers and poolroom operators are to be made by the policeman on his beat to report to the district police station any habitual criminals or questionable characters who make rendezvous of their places of business. These men must obey the order or lose their licenses. If several arrests of bad characters have been made in any particular saloon or poolroom the owner will lose his license.

One practice heretofore encouraged by the police is to be positively abolished. This is the repaying of the amount paid out by a pawnbroker to thieves by the owner of the property in the brokers' hands.

"A person does not lose title to a watch or other property simply because it has been stolen by a thief and pawned, and he should be able to recover it without paying for it," Mr. Hoyne declared, and the alderman agreed with him.

**Thirty Day Law Criticized.**

Other phases of the situation discussed were the administration of the thirty day amendment to the house of correction act in the Municipal courts and the effectiveness against crime of some of the special branches of the Municipal court—especially the Boys' court.

Mr. Hoyne finds the thirty day amendment unconstitutional and declared it does not apply in Cook county if it were constitutional. Nevertheless, he asserted, the thirty day amendment is continually invoked by the Municipal court judges.

The prosecutor declared himself opposed to any special vagrancy court or any special courts of any sort. The aldermen intimated they may take steps to abolish one or more of the special courts now in existence.

**Judges Abandon Plan.**

Mr. Hoyne's objections to a special vagrancy branch of the Municipal court was followed by the judges of the court in deciding not to create one.

Chief Justice Olson made the suggestion for the special branch. He declared it would be of the utmost aid in the city's drive again crooks.

Under the arrangement recommended the habitual criminals will be tried in the regular police courts. Most of the cases will be heard at South Clark street, where Municipal Judge John R. Newcomer is sitting.

**Fear Changes of Venue.**

It was stated that to establish a vagrancy branch would give every crook a chance to obtain a change of venue. Charges would be made that this special court was prejudiced against men with prison records, and numerous jury trials would be asked.

The judges declined to carry out the suggestion from Mr. Hoyne to suspend the operation of the "thirty day" law.

Although reporters were not admitted to the meeting, it was learned that it was quite a stormy session. The judges resented the charge that they were to blame for habitual criminals walking about the city. Several of them stated that they found cases where police would bring in a man on a charge of disorderly conduct, when the man should have been tried on a charge of picking pockets.

**Book 'Em All, Is Order.**

Acting Chief of Police Alcock was elated at the success of the police department in rounding up approximately 400 known crooks and habitual criminals. The acting chief sent out this order to the captains:

"Book all known criminals under the state vagrancy act. Assistant state's attorneys will prepare the cases, for the members of the department who made the arrests.

"Criminal records should accompany all evidence offered. In some cases it will take a few days to get these records. Take the habitual criminals into court on the vagrancy charge. If the records are complete ask for immediate trial. If not, ask for a continuance, but point out that the men ought to be held in jail in the meantime. Ask the judges to place bonds at the highest mark if it is believed that the habitual criminals will attempt to get bondsmen."

## THE ROUNDUP

### Judges Aid Police by Sentencing Men Held as Crooks.

THE police and the courts yesterday continued their drive on crime in Chicago with unflagging energy. Detectives sought out the known criminals. Judges showed no inclination to let sentimental scruples enter into the administration of the laws in dealing with those who came before them.

Fifty suspects picked up by detectives working under the command of Lieut. Lottis of the detective bureau will be tried this morning in the Clark street court on charges of vagrancy. Their fines in most cases probably will be the maximum. Unless they can pay they will be sentenced to the bridewell. Twenty were sent to the bridewell for from two to six months by Judge Newcomer yesterday. In cases in which small fines usually had been given the penalties were raised to $50 and $100 and costs.

In the twenty-four hours from Thursday morning until yesterday morning 291 known habitual criminals were arrested. Among them were gunmen, burglars, holdup men, safe blowers, pickpockets, purse snatchers, and labor sluggers.

Among those arrested are Russell Thompson and Samuel Kingsbury, who, the police allege, is a burglar with a long prison record.

Judge John J. Sullivan made it plain that the judges of the Criminal court are in the fight when he refused writs of habeas corpus to William Rooney and William Wilson, long known to the police as criminals.

Judge Swanson in the Boys' court held Gaylord Waddell, 16; Wolford Chapman, 17; John McQuade, 17, and Emmet Special, 17, to the grand jury under $2,500 bonds for robbery and assault with a deadly weapon. The boys were arrested for shooting and attempting to rob James Ross, 60 years old, a delicatessen store owner at 2138 West Harrison street, two weeks ago.

## CITY'S ARTERIES CHOKED, HEALTH PERILED BY SNOW

### Plea Is Made by Crippled Business; Quick Action Urged.

Chicago's business efficiency is impaired 35 per cent and the health of thousands of citizens is placed in jeopardy because of the snow which has been banked along the sides of the streets. Business men point out that the two problems requiring immediate solution are:

Clearance of main arteries of vehicle and surface car traffic, such as Clark, Broadway, Milwaukee, Madison, South State, and crosstown "trunk" streets and avenues.

Removal of snow from gutters and drains before the weather moderates sufficiently to cause a sudden thaw, which under present conditions would overburden the city's sewage system and result in flooded cellars.

**Cars Only Creep Along.**

In all the main crosstown streets the snow has been merely shoveled to one side and a narrow roadway made along the street car tracks. As a result automobiles, horse drawn vehicles and surface cars are compelled to use the same track. Interminable delays are caused. Street cars creep along, sometimes hours behind schedule.

An organized movement is under consideration to remedy these conditions. It is recognized that it will require tremendous efforts to clear even the main traffic thoroughfares, but the damage done by present conditions is so extensive that the business interests have become aroused. Users of street cars have been patient, but they would be joyful at relief from delays.

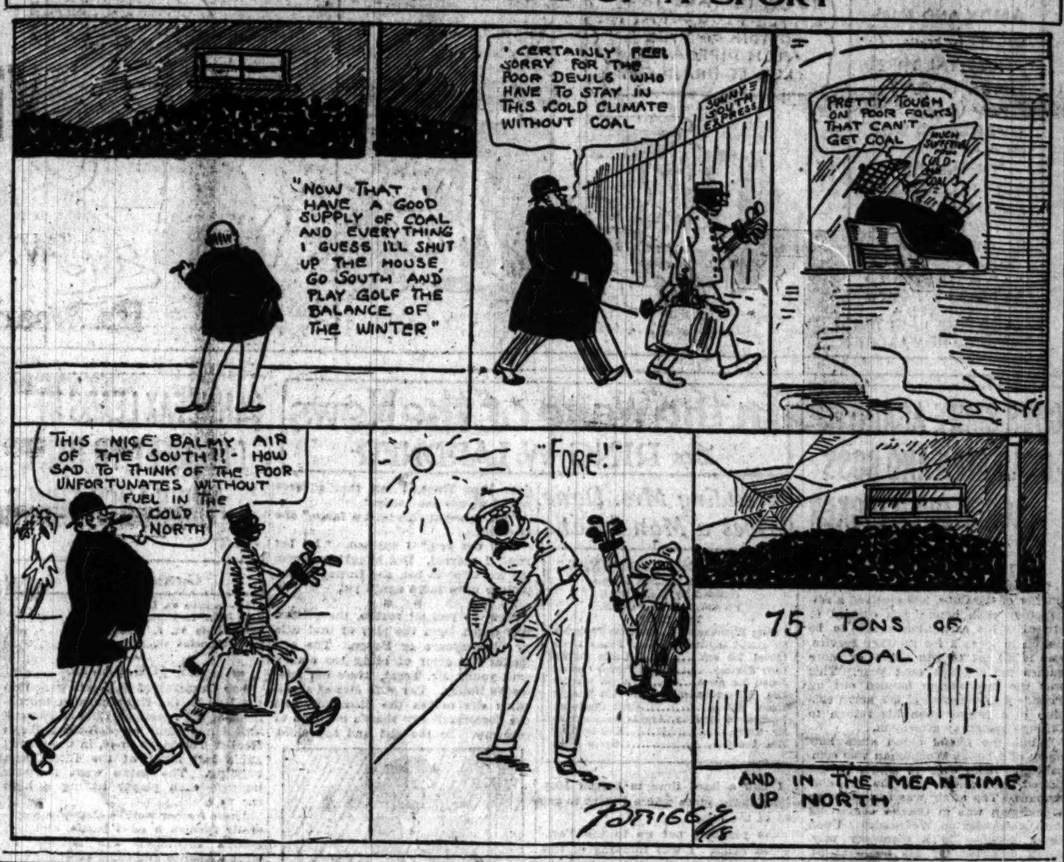
**Commerce Body to Act.**

Suggestion that industrial and commercial interests join with neighborhood associations in a street clearing crusade by contributing man power and trucks to haul it away met with a ready response last night.

Lucius Teter, president of the Chicago Association of Commerce, told THE TRIBUNE he would take the suggestion up today with other officials of the organization and make plans for definite action.

Several persons have complained to Superintendent of Streets Mitchell that their sidewalks have not been cleared. Mr. Mitchell sent these complaints to the police department, so the attention of property owners may be called to the ordinance, which provides a fine.

## A CERTAIN TYPE OF A SPORT




## ANNUAL SHOW OF MOTOR WARES IN COLISEUM TODAY

### Gov. Lowden to Honor Auto Industry with Welcome Talk.

BY SHEPPARD BUTLER.

Chicago's eighteenth annual automobile show will be opened at 2 o'clock this afternoon with an address by Gov. Lowden—an executive distinction accorded the event for the first time in many years. The exhibit, which represents virtually the entire American automobile industry, will center in the Coliseum and overflow into the Coliseum annex, the Greer building, next door, and the First Regiment armory, this group of buildings representing the best the motor car men can do in the way of staging their huge display in one place.

Approximately 400 cars of ninety-three different makes will be shown, together with the wares of 258 makers of accessories and motoring paraphernalia in general. With a few exceptions, the list includes all the familiar cars, even the Ford, which is not included in the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce's roster, having an exhibit entered by a local dealer.

**All Ready for Opening.**

The show management promises that everything will be ready long before the doors are opened. Indeed, the installation was practically complete last night, when the dealers were given a sort of private view. One or two late comers, however, have been held up by transportation difficulties, and are expected this morning.

An unusually elaborate decorative scheme has been prepared for the event, French colonial in design, with backgrounds provided by ivory and gray pillars.

Something of a ceremony will be made of Gov. Lowden's presence at the show. He will be met at the Coliseum by a committee representing the exhibiting manufacturers and the Chicago Automobile Trade association, and will be introduced by Leonard A. Busby, president of the Chicago Surface lines.

**Show Closed on Monday.**

The show will be open during the afternoon and evening, and then will be closed until Tuesday morning, when it will open again for the rest of the week. The Illinois fuel administration, at the request of Manager S. A. Miles, had recommended that the coalless Monday order be suspended as far as this particular event was concerned, inasmuch as it is always closed on Sunday, but word came from Washington last night that no exceptions can be made.

The only concession of the authorities is the permission to close on Monday instead of Tuesday, though the show operates under an amusement license and therefore comes under the same classification as the theaters.

**Mayor Issues Welcome.**

Mayor Thompson issued a proclamation last night welcoming the show visitors to Chicago:

"In view," he said, "of the fact that this is the first wartime exhibition of this kind to be held in this city, and in view of the fact that 300,000 guests will be attracted here by this display, I urge that our citizens extend them every courtesy and encouragement."

The automobile salon, the third annual independent showing of the higher priced cars, will open at the Congress Monday morning. Tomorrow evening had been set as the date, but the railroad tie-up forced an abandonment of this plan.

## FISHBACK QUITS KANSAS FEAST TO AVERT A 'REVOLT'

Charles F. Fishback, president of the Kansas Society of Chicago, will not preside at the patriotic dinner of the society next Tuesday night at the Hotel La Salle. It is said he will not even attend the dinner.

During the last few days Fishback has been in Milwaukee attempting to disprove charges of fraud touching the will of Mrs. Vesta E. Pillsbury. Following the publication of some of the testimony, many members and some officials of the Kansas society refused to take part in the affair with Fishback as toastmaster.

Gov. Frank O. Lowden will be the principal speaker. Gen. Kennon of Camp Grant and other military and naval celebrities are expected to participate.

An eleventh hour change in plans was made yesterday. It is said that Fishback, seeing trouble ahead, voluntarily withdrew from participation in the dinner and placed the whole affair in the hands of a committee. The committee then asked Judge Harry Olson to preside.

It is expected that 700 men and women will attend the dinner. Among the state organizations planning to participate are the Iowa society, the Empire State society, the New England society, the Ohio society, and the Wisconsin society.

## *Five Minutes in Chicago, Visitor's Wallet Is Stolen*

"I heard the police of Chicago were rounding up all the crooks, but I guess somebody must have been giving me a bum steer," said Martin E. Ladish of Minneapolis last night as he framed a "lost and found" advertisement.

Ladish, who is staying at the Brevoort hotel, had been in the city barely five minutes when his wallet was stolen.

"Tell them they can have the money, but that I would like to have the drafts," he said.

## *YOUTH OF 100 CRIMES FREED OVER PROTESTS*

The release of Otto Malm, a youth with a record of 100 crimes, from the East Chicago station last night, the police say, illustrates one of their manifold difficulties in fighting crime. Malm was picked up in the general roundup with an 18 year old youth named Frank Gath. He is said to have been released only five months ago from the Pontiac reformatory, where he served eighteen months as an accessory to a murder.

Malm's release came about through young Gath's intervention. Gath called his father, Joseph Gath of 833 Sedgwick street. The elder Gath obtained his son's release on bonds. He was prepared to schedule property valued at $10,000. Young Gath persuaded his father to obtain the release of Malm also.

## *FIFTY MILES OF PAVED ROAD FOR COUNTY IN 1918*

Plans for building fifty miles of paved highway during 1918, in addition to completing forty-one miles begun in 1917, are being drawn up by B. D. Barker, in charge of the office of the county superintendent of highways.

This comprises seven miles of the Chicago and Milwaukee road, twelve miles on the Chicago, Ottawa, Springfield, and St. Louis highway; seven miles on the Howewood-Lansing line, nine miles on the Lincoln highway, and fifteen miles on the Desplaines river road.

## *ALL CITY JOBS MAY BE CUT ONE DAY PER MONTH*

All city employes may be required to take enforced vacations, without pay, of one day a month, if a suggestion made at last night's meeting of the city council committee on finance is carried out.

The members of the police and fire departments are already doing this. Ald. A. A. McCormick suggested that the provision be extended to include all employes.

"I don't see any other way to get up a budget that will come within our estimated revenue," said Ald. McCormick. "I don't blame the police and firemen for kicking against these enforced vacations when all other employes are exempt.

"It looks like unjust discrimination to make the police and firemen do this when no other branches of the service are required to do it."

"If we do that," pointed out Ald. A. J. Fisher, "we will have the head of every union labor organization in town in here to protest."

"Let them come in," said Ald. McCormick. "The city is broke and has to save. It is only right to ask all employes to shoulder a part of the burden."

The committee took no action on the suggestion.

## *AND NOW BARNEY BERTSCHE IS A BONDING CO.*

Being a "yass guy" free for nothing has lost its charm for Barney Bertsche, and he has surrounded himself with glass and furniture on the fourth floor of the Crilly building. Barney is the Eagle Bonding company, and he is prepared to assist members of "the profession" to the free air in the great out of doors when coppers slam them behind bars.

"O, I just want to hang on to what I've got, keep my head above water, and take no more risks," said Barney when visited yesterday in his sanctum. "I know the most of the profession, I know those who will stick when freed on bond, and I may as well profit by it as to let others profit.

"Bond men have been coming to me and asking if this man and that man would stick or jump. I just got tired of being a 'yass guy' for others. And then the kids are growing up, and I want to be in a respectable business."

## BEG YOUR PARDON!

In telling, in yesterday's issue, of the death of Fred C. Eberts, manager of the Majestic theater, THE TRIBUNE said that Charles E. Kohl, one of the owners of that house, died in June of last year.

Mr. Kohl's death was on May 23.

Frederick Bruegger explains that his purpose in facing the Drama league at last Monday's meeting was to read his play called "Voltaire." THE TRIBUNE said he went to address the organization.

Farlin H. Ball, whose name appears in the personal service list of those who drew fees from the corporation counsel's office, did not act as an "expert," he explains, but acted as a master in chancery in a case referred to him regularly, and in which the regular fees were taxed. He received $205.

## *463 PAROLED IN A YEAR IN CRIMINAL COURT*

Paroles were given 463 persons by seven judges sitting in the criminal courts last year. This is an average of sixty-six to a judge, or a little more than one a week. In fifteen Municipal courts, after deducting paroles from the Court of Domestic Relations, 2,994 petty offenders were recipients of the protection of the probation officer.

In about half the cases the court investigated the criminal's career as to what his previous criminal and work record had been and visited his home before granting the parole. Of these, 83 per cent made good and were dismissed at the end of the parole term. In the other half of the cases the court granted paroles without such investigation. Of these, 73 per cent were discharged as satisfactory.

Figures were furnished by J. W. Houston, acting chief probation officer.

## *Mrs. Halpin Asks Parole for Former Policeman*

Joliet, Ill., Jan. 25.—Mrs. John J. Halpin, wife of the former captain of Chicago detectives, appeared before the division of pardons and paroles here and urged that her husband be given his release from the Joliet penitentiary, where he is serving a sentence on charges of bribery.

## *U. S. AGENTS RAID 3 BUFFET FLATS AND SEIZE LIQUOR*

A new campaign against buffet flats was instituted last night by United States revenue collectors, police department detectives, and investigators from the Committee of Fifteen. The three combined forces swooped down upon three flats, arrested four men and four women, and collected three patrol wagon loads of intoxicating liquors.

The raids were made at the instigation of the Committee of Fifteen and the raiders were armed with personal and search warrants sworn out before United States Commissioner Mason.

The places visited were:

6944 Sheridan road. Mrs. Matilda Durant booked as keeper. Great quantities of liquor confiscated.

3405 South State street. Mrs. Aileen Hart, keeper; a young girl named Loretta, and four men were arrested. All are Negroes. Liquor found.

3809 Michigan avenue. A girl named Belle arrested and booked as keeper. Several cases of beer discovered.

All of the keepers of the flats will be charged with violating the internal revenue law. The penalty is a fine of from $1 to $5,000 and from one day to two years' imprisonment, or both.

The raids were made by United States Marshals Galligan, Hanley, Streeter, Sheehan, Deputy Collectors W. H. Sage, Farrer, Brown, Kilcourse, and Detective Sergeants De Mar, Freemuth, Kehoe, and Committee of Fifteen investigators.

The Committee of Fifteen have been collecting evidence for the raids for over a month.

## *CONFER TODAY ON LAKE LEVEL*

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Wallace C. Clark and George W. Paullin, trustees of the sanitary district of Chicago, accompanied by Attorney W. D. Adcock of the district, are here for the purpose of holding a conference with the members of congress from Chicago.

The party came to the capital by way of New York, where they had a meeting with E. H. Gary and President Farrell of the United States Steel corporation. Opposition to the continued withdrawal by the sanitary district of water from Lake Michigan for the drainage canal has largely centered in the lake carriers' association on the ground that it lowered the level of the great lakes and thus interfered with navigation. The steel corporation owns more large steamships than any other owner on the lakes.

## BROKEN HOMES

### Head of Physical Training Business Sued by Wife as Victim of Prosperity.

WALLACE W. ROGERSON, president and manager of the Wallace system of physical training, was called cruel and unappreciative in a divorce bill filed against him yesterday by Mrs. Mary V. Rogerson. The bill was filed in the Superior court.

Mr. and Mrs. Rogerson were married Aug. 6, 1906, in Rock Island, and at that time Rogerson was a mere physical instructor in a health school. But, according to the bill, Mrs. Rogerson encouraged him to start a health school of his own.

From small classes in boxing and wrestling the institution, under the supervision of both husband wife, grew into its present successful business. And after Dame Fortune turned her eyes in the direction of Rogerson he turned his eyes toward other women, says Mrs. Rogerson.

The College Inn and the Congress hotel are mentioned as trysting rendesvous of Rogerson in the bill, but no women are named.

Edward H. Troost, contractor with offices at 175 West Jackson boulevard, was sued for divorce by Mrs. Carolina Troost. Mrs. Ella May Perry, cabaret singer, was named.

According to the bill since Jan. 13 Troost and Mrs. Perry have been living together. On Oct. 16 Mrs. Troost obtained a warrant for the singer and another for her husband and they were both brought to the Domestic Relations court.

Shortly after the hearing Mrs. Perry left Chicago for a short time and Troost returned to his home—but it didn't last, the bill alleges.

Troost is alleged to be worth approximately $100,000.

Gussie Wilner says that she was married to Samuel on Jan. 2. Since then he has beaten her every day, she charges.

## *Frank Ragen Is Well; Wasn't In Accident*

Has Frank Ragen been struck by an automobile, hit by a street car, or hurt in some other manner?

No.

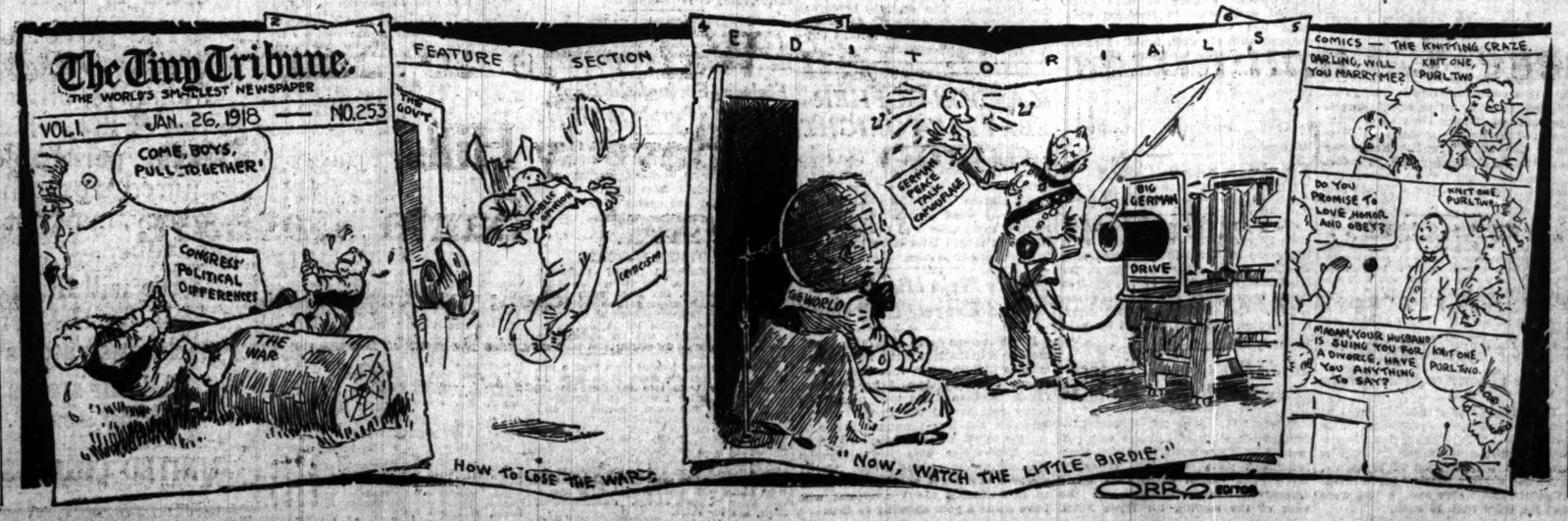
Is Mr. Ragen on the job as usual in the office of the Cook county commissioners?

He is.

Then that's settled. Maybe folks will stop bothering Mr. Ragen with inquiries now.

## *Citizen Says Prohibition in Rockford Is Success*

"No vacant houses, no men out of work, no disorder and no hesitation in the city's progress," all the results of prohibition in Rockford and other places that operate under a dry law, according to W. W. Bennett of Rockford. Mr. Bennett spoke before the Western Efficiency Society in the Auditorium hotel last night. Earl Dean Howard, deputy fuel administrator, explained the operations of the fuel board.



# JACK DEMPSEY STOPS SMITH IN ONE ROUND

## Coast Heavy Floors Foe Three Times in Rapid Fire Order.

**"Tribune" Decisions**

Decisions of "The Tribune" fight representatives are:
At Racine, Wis.—Jack Dempsey knocked out Homer Smith [1]; Charlie Scully beat Matty McCue [10]; Young Jansen beat Kid Packard [4].
At Duluth, Minn.—George Chip beat Jack Dillon [10].
At Cleveland, O.—Jack Wolfe beat Johnny Ertle [10].

BY RAY PEARSON.

Racine, Wis., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Bang! Bang! Bang! with sledgehammer rights and lefts only a few seconds after the gong started the first round and Jack Dempsey, the Pacific coast heavyweight, showed he must be reckoned a contender for the crown of Jess Willard. Just one minute and fifty-five seconds after the round had started Homer Smith of Benton Harbor, his opponent, reclined on the floor after having been knocked down three times, and Referee Harry Stout waved Dempsey to his corner a winner.

It was as sensational a finish as the wildest of fans could imagine. The gong clanged. They stuck up their hands, and Smith poked a hard left to Dempsey's head.

It was a stiff punch, but it did no damage, and it was the first and last punch landed by the man from Benton Harbor.

**One-Two Drops Smith First.**

They squared off for another mixup and the Californian, opening some speedy footwork, led into Smith with a solid left to the side of the head, then crossed with a right which carried the force of a sledgehammer. It connected with Smith's jaw and his legs caved under him until his head hit the floor.

Smith raised himself to a kneeling position at the count of four and rose to his feet in wabbly condition at the count of eight. Dempsey knew he had his man and tore in in relentless fashion, letting both hands fly for the head with knockout steam behind them. Smith was almost helpless and held his hands over his jaw in an effort to protect himself.

**Jack Varies His Attack.**

But there was no stopping the coast fighter. When he found the jaw of his opponent protected he turned his attention to Smith's body and drove terrific wallops to the midsection.

These body wallops forced Smith to drop his hands to cover his body, and instantly Dempsey cracked his right on the jaw again with the force of a mule's kick. A left wabbled Homer, and the right which followed sent him face downward on the canvas again.

Smith, though practically out, followed the fighter's instinct and at the count of nine once more got to his pedals. But he was simply a mark for Dempsey, who dashed in, landing a fusillade of lefts and rights which sent the Michigander off his weak legs again. This time the referee took a hand in the proceedings and halted the battle as Dempsey smilingly jumped the ropes.

**Dempsey Sure Can Hit.**

It was a brilliant finish to a mediocre card. Dempsey won and showed that he can hit, but the bout was almost too short to give a good line on his real class. However, anybody who can hit the way he hits must be given a chance at the title. He did to Smith tonight what Bill Brennan failed to do in ten rounds, and Bill Brennan is some shucks at this knocking out stuff himself.

Once more it is necessary to say that if Matty McCue of Racine can't connect with his right cross it's a cinch bet he will be the loser on points. He tackled Charlie Scully of Chicago in the semi-windup, and Charlie nearly jabbed his head off with a stiff left. They went ten rounds, and both left the ring without being damaged to any extent.

**Bouts Draw Small House.**

It wasn't much of a crowd that wended its way through the doors into Lakeside arena. Quite a number of the Chicago fans apparently were satisfied with the doings at Fort Sheridan last night. If the house was worth more than $1,500, we must be a bad guesser. About 200 Chicago fans who need more than one night's fistic entertainment in a week came on a special train on the electric road.

The program was curtailed by the calling off of the bout between Eddie Menzer and Kid Franklin. Menzer reported sick at weighing-in time, and the boxing commission refused to permit a substitute.

## CHIP OUTFIGHTS DILLON IN MILL

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Jack Dillon of Indianapolis lost to George Chip of Newcastle, Pa., on points tonight, in the opinion of newspaper writers. The bout went ten rounds. Chip did the leading in practically every round and in the eighth had the Hoosier groggy from a volley of body blows and a savage right to the jaw. Dillon did not display his usual aggressiveness.

## Jack Wolfe Beats Ertle in Slugfest at Cleveland

Cleveland, O., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Outfighting his opponent at the latter's own style of boxing, Jack Wolfe of Cleveland tonight outpointed Johnny Ertle of St. Paul in a ten round bout, winning by even a more decisive margin than he did when he met the Kewpie in the same arena last month. Wolfe emerged from the shell in which he took refuge in his former encounter and met Ertle toe to toe in the center of the ring, winning a good advantage in the thrilling encounters that ensued. It was a slugfest throughout.

## THE GUMPS—ANDY UP TO HIS OLD TRICKS

## CUBS SMILE AGAIN; HEAR ALEX AND BOSS AGREE OVER DICKER

BY JAMES CRUSINBERRY.

Grover Cleveland Alexander, de luxe pitcher of the Cubs, has received a satisfactory cash bonus, has decided to appeal to his exemption board to be placed in class 2 for military service, and is all set to win thirty or more games for Chicago next year. This was the information handed out by President Weeghman of the north side club to a friend upon his return to Chicago yesterday afternoon.

While the friend didn't state how much of a bonus Weeghman was compelled to hand over to Alesk, it was hinted that $5,000 was the probable amount. The affair was settled when Weeghman was in Omaha, conferring with Alexander on Wednesday. Upon being satisfied in a monetary way, Alesk departed for his home at St. Paul, Neb., to take up the matter of being placed in a deferred class for army service. Recently his home town board placed him in class 1, although Alesk stated he was supporting his mother and aiding in the support of a married brother.

**Flits Out of View Again.**

After reaching home President Weeghman disappeared almost as mysteriously as when he left the city Tuesday without letting any one know.

Weeghman was supposed to have gone on to Kansas City to untangle a complication in spring exhibition games with the Blues, but nothing could be learned regarding that. According to the report, he arrived in Chicago early yesterday afternoon and to one of his friends related his success in getting Alexander satisfied.

One-half of the Chicago White Sox right field has signed a contract to perform on the south side again next summer. Secretary Grabiner announced Little Nemo Lefbold's contract had reached the offices of the Sox properly signed. The other half of right field belongs to John Collins, who plays when the enemy sends a southpaw to the slab, while Little Nemo does the work when a right hander hurls.

**Commy Orders 1918 Uniforms.**

In order to give the manufacturers plenty of time Boss Comiskey placed an order yesterday for two sets of uniforms for his warriors for 1918. The home suits are white, with trimmings becoming to world's champions, and the traveling suits will be gray, as last season. It wouldn't do to go back to blue traveling unless now since the Sox copped the flag in gray.

## APRIL 15 NAMED AS B. B. OPENING

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 25.—The baseball season of 1918 for the National and American leagues will open on April 15. This was announced tonight at the close of the three day sessions of the major league schedule drafting committee appointed by the national commission. Beyond stating that conflicting dates by the two leagues had been eliminated to a greater degree than ever before members of the committee refused to give out any details regarding the schedules.

The schedule for the National league will be laid before the league meeting in New York Feb. 12. The American league will pass upon its schedule at a meeting Feb. 14. Until the schedules are officially adopted the opponents of the various clubs in the opening games will not be given out.

The drafting of the schedules was completed tonight. Illness yesterday of President Johnson of the American league delayed the work of the committee. Johnson was able to leave for his home tonight.

## Bresnahan Offers Saier Job with Toledo Team

Toledo, O., Jan. 25.—Vic Saier, former first baseman for the Chicago Cubs, may play the initial sack for Toledo this summer. Roger Bresnahan declares Saier is a free agent, despite the stand of Barney Dreyfus of Pittsburgh—that he has a claim on Saier under the waiver route. Bresnahan says the case probably will go before the national commission for adjustment before Saier signs a Toledo contract.

ST. CYRILS, 4; ST. RITAS, 3.

Steady hurling by Johnnie Grace of St. Cyrils defeated St. Ritas in a Catholic High School indoor league game at Ogden park, 4 to 3. Grace twice held the losers when they had three men on base and only one out.

| Score: | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| St. Cyril | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 8 |
| St. Rita | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |

Batteries—Grace and O'Donnell; Knight and Kinsella.

## Henry Playground Stars in Quadrangular Skate

In a quadrangular skating meet at Henry playgrounds yesterday, with four of the north side playground skaters competing, honors went to the Waters team with a total of 19 points. Avondale skaters finished second with 15 points, and Henry and Belding were tied for third with 20 each.

## In the Wake of the News

By RING W. LARDNER

### Defending Mrs. Dane Drives a Man Insane

"MRS. DANE'S DEFENSE."
Produced by Famous Players.
Directed by Hugh Ford.
Presented at the Castle.
THE CAST.

Felicia Rindemarsh.....Pauline Frederick
Sir Daniel Cartorel.....Frank Losee
Lionel, his son.....Leslie Austen
Lady Dartmoor.....Maude Turner Gordon
Janet, her niece.....Orme Hawley
Mrs. Bulmer-Forbes.....Ida Darling
James Bisbee.....Cyril Chadwick
Duchess of Greathy.....Amelia Summerville
Mr. Trent.....Howard Hall
Mrs. Trent.....Grace Reals

I had a hard time to defend Mrs. Dane at the place where I went to get out of the rain.

The picture's not up to the Paramount mark. I was thinking of this when I heard, in the dark, a feminine giggle from her at my right, and I knew who it was without striking a light.

"Hello, Mr. Lardner," she said with a sneer. "And why art thou here? Oh, why art thou here?"

"Why art thou?" I answered, not batting an eye, and then without waiting for her to reply:

"If you really must know, oh, my dear Miss Tinee, I felt that a farce would amuse me today."

"Ha, ha—but this isn't a farce," she retorted.

"I'll bet you," I snorted. "I'll bet you," I snorted. But haughtily scorning my offer to bet, she turned to the picture once more again yet.

* *

Now, as you all realize, the picture was taken from the play of that title by Shakespeare or Bacon. The girl makes the error of being too clubby with young Mr. Trent, who's her mistress's hubby. The wife dies of shock when she makes the discovery, and the doctors all say there's no hope of recovery. So the girl and her child,

they go out in the rain, and the girl's melancholy and calls herself Dane. She pawns the poor kid and goes into society and is loved by a man of the utmost propriety. They find out her secret and put her in bad, and the end of the picture is screamingly sad.

Though most of the acting is very good, girls, Pauline doesn't look like a youngster in curls. She's not at her best—it's no picture for her. And her manual contortions are wearisome, verr'.

* *

You have already read Miss Tinee's stuff this morning? If not, may I slip you a brief word of warning? She made up that dialogue toward the close. I never converse with a lady in prose.

## PROS DEMAND MONEY FOR SKI TOURNAMENT

A meeting of the National Ski association of America will be held today at the Bismarck hotel to take action on matters which concern the national ski tourney at Cary, Ill., tomorrow. After the national tourney last year the association adopted an amendment whereby jumpers in class A division must jump for medals instead of money prizes. It is understood Barney Reilly, the Haugen brothers, and Ragnar Omtvedt will demand money before they go up the slide. President T. O. Reasen, who will preside, yesterday said the rules of the association must be adhered to, and he also predicted a fight on other points. The kiltie band will be on hand tomorrow and kiltie soldiers will guard the course.

The official list of entries for the national tournament includes fifty-two jumpers. Fifteen will compete in the class A combat for professionals, twenty-one in class B, five in the boys' division, and the remainder in the cross country run for women.

Special trains will run to the scene of the meet tomorrow from the Northwestern depot, leaving at 9:30, 11, and 12:30 o'clock.

## DE PAUL CRUSHES KENT FIVE, 73-11

With two veterans of last year's Illinois Athletic club national basketball champions leading the team at a furious pace, De Paul university captured a rough and tumble game from Kent Law school, 73 to 11, at De Paul's gym. The two former I. A. C. men, Center Feeney and Guard Frieling, enlisted with the De Paul team by starting an accountant's course in the law department. Players of both sides banked each other in frequent collisions last night, each team being charged with eighteen fouls. Lineup:

| De Paul (73). | | | | Kent (11). | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | G | F | P | | G | F | P |
| Bennett, rf | 4 | 0 | 0 | Bandick, rf | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hartel, lf | 3 | 0 | 1 | Farina, lf | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Feeney, c | 3 | 0 | 0 | O'Neill, c | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Kearns, rg | 5 | 4 | 0 | McAuliffe, rg | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Frieling, lg | 6 | 0 | 1 | Hansen, lg | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Wall, lg | 4 | 0 | 1 | Sommer, lg | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Zapp, rf | 3 | 0 | 0 | Nelson, rf | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| V'Doach, rf | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| McGlynn, lf | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | | |

## Sinai Girls Win Game in Extra Time, 9 to 8

One foul by a member of the Woodlawn Baptist girls' five cost that team the game in five minutes' extra play at Sinai Social center last night, for Miss Finkelberg of Sinai made the free throw, her only one, and won the game, 9 to 8. The game was played under boys' rules, and was marked by hard play.

## Hyde Park Five Trounced by Toledo Boys, 42 to 14

Toledo, O., Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Hyde Park High of Chicago was outclassed by Waite High tonight in their basketball game, and lost, 42 to 14. Hyde Park fought desperately along defensively lines. Bushnell did the bulk of the scoring for Hyde Park.

## Woods and Waters

By Larry St. John

**QUESTIONS THEY ASK.**

Chicago.—[To the Editor.]—1. Is it true that the Lake Geneva cisco is found only in that lake? 2. How many varieties of cisco are found in Lake Michigan? FAN.

Answers: 1. The so-called Lake Geneva cisco is the common lake herring or cisco [artedi] which has undergone some changes due to different environment. Some ichthyologists believe that these changes are important enough to give this fish a specific name, cisco. It is found in other lakes in Indiana and Wisconsin—especially plentiful in Oconomowoc, Wis., and Tippecanoe, Ind. 2. Three. The Lake Michigan cisco [hoyi], the lake herring [artedi], and the bluefin [nigripinnis]. Perhaps you could also add the tullibee, or mongrel whitefish.

* *

Evanston, Ill.—[To the Editor.]—1. Can you tell me if there is a rifle club in Evanston? 2. For a beginner, would you recommend a rifle chambered for the short or the .32 long rifle cartridge? 3. What is the usual length of an indoor range? R. O. S.

Answers: 1. The only club we have a record of is the Ridgeville Rifle club, whose range is located in the City building, Maple avenue and Clark street. They shoot at Fort Sheridan outdoor range in the summer. Initiation fee is $2.50; yearly dues, $1. H. A. Clauson, city hall, is the secretary; telephone, 4006. 2. The long rifle, as it can be used for longer ranges outdoors and is as accurate indoors. 3. Twenty-five yards.

* *

Chicago.—[To the Editor.]—To settle a friendly difference of opinion, not an argument, will you kindly advise which fish, the bullhead or carp, will live longer out of water? B. G.

Answer: We would bet our money on the bullhead. The dogfish, however, can outlive either in the air, as he has a lung which enables him to take oxygen from the atmosphere.

## MAROON-GOPHER BATTLE TONIGHT

Chicago and Minnesota basketball teams will meet tonight in Bartlett gym in a Big Ten game. Pat Page's green Maroon team has given an unexpectedly good account of itself in its first two games and the Midway is confident it will land close to the top in the conference race.

## Eielson, Springfield Boy, Heads Purple 1920 Five

Harry Eielson of Springfield, Ill., has been elected captain of the freshman basketball team at Northwestern university. Eielson also played on the football team and seems to be one of the most promising athletes in his class. He is a forward.

**ON OTHER FLOORS.**

Chanahon Municipal Beach basketball heavies upset Seward Park Meteors, 30 to 26, in a hot game at the beach team's gym.

Wilson Atmoors earned a 45 to 30 triumph over Drumak park heavyweights on the losers' floor last night. Flinn led in the scoring with eleven markers, and his example inspired every one of his mates to at least one ringer.

Farwell's bantams handed Hyde Park a jolt, 25 to 9, on Bowen's floor. Hyde Park ran a whole new team into the game in the second half, after trailing at intermission time, 12 to 8, but could not stop the floor work of the Cisar-Moline-Taylor trio.

Lake View Congregational church five and Lincoln Turner juniors failed to break a tie in five minutes' overtime and their basketball game ended a 20 to 20 tie on the north town's floor. The regulation playing time ended with the score 19 all. The Lincolns went games with teams averaging 136 pounds and under 18 years of age. Phone Drexel 6897, ask for Fritz.

## CANNEFAX LEADS IN CUE MEET TO RAISE AMBULANCE FUNDS

**Games Today**

1:45—Jackson vs. Layton.
3:15—Hunt vs. Capron.
7:45—Marin vs. J. Moore.
9:15—Cannefax vs. McCourt.

BY JOE DAVIS.

Bob Cannefax of St. Louis went into the lead in the three cushion tournament of the American Billiard Players' ambulance fund by defeating Hugh Heal of Toledo, 50 to 40, in the second game last night at the Inter-Ocean building. The game went sixty-six innings, each player having a high run of 6.

These former world's champions generally furnish a good battle, and last night's encounter was marked by strong defense and some excellent execution, especially in the second half. Cannefax uncorked a burst of speed nearing the wire, scoring fifteen points in his last eight innings.

**Detroit Man Beats Moore.**

In the first game of the night John Layton of Detroit defeated John Moore of Chicago, 50 to 38, in seventy innings. The game dragged in the opening stages, but Layton came fast near the finish, counting twenty-one points in ten innings.

Clarence Jackson of Detroit outplayed George Moore of New York in the opening game of the afternoon, 50 to 30, in sixty-seven innings. Jackson led practically all the way and had high run of 7. In the second matinée session Charley McCourt of Cleveland trimmed Charley Morin, 50 to 38, the Chicago champion being unable to get much outside of singles.

Score of Night Game.

CANNEFAX—
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# ET. REGAINS EUR STATUS OSE SOLDIER

. A. Elects D. R. of Chicago Head minating Body.

OMAS D. RICHTER.
ia, Pa., Jan. 25.—(Special.)
otic measure the United
association in its annual
ght restored Francis Ouimet
r national amateur and
ampion, to amateur standing
ground that his entry into
vice of the United States
the professionalism that
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n a slim group of delegates
train from staging a na-
eur championship during
n of the war, completely
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m, stymie, or rule changes
the slated officers without
voice.

e Power to West?
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and while it lent color to
e measures it introduced
to keep down the attend-
minate the usual sprites
matters of policy.
ion of David R. Forgan,
ker and member of the Ch-
, as chairman of the 1918
committee, with W. S. Ch-
Mayfield Country club
also a member, led to the
in another year the west
considerable to say about
ion of the national offices.
ey are almost ignored this

re 1918 Officers.
re elected were as follows:
Wheeler, president, Agawam;
E. Weber & Harlem, Oak
and Sterling R. Bowen,
C.; secretary, Howard F. Wil-
Woodlawn; executive com-
H. Miller, Old Elm; J. F. Byrne,
ry; Asa S. Bushnell, Olympia;
. F. Stewart, Exmoor; A. C.
mmittee, Tavistock; Wm. H.
ntstar; C. J. Sullivan, Glen-
ander Britton, Chevy Chase;
. Mayfield C. G.; Peter W.
Joseph Hunt.

ere was not a dissenting
against Ouimet's reentry
ur field, many delegates
ressed the belief after the
at the U. S. G. A. courted
future by ruling Ouimet
during the period that he
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business would reopen the
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mending the continued elim-
the national amateur golf
ip was presented. Henry
y of the Country club of
y opposed its adoption. No
gth but had no support.

E LOSES IN LLEAIR GOLF

Heights, Fla., Jan. 26.—(Spe-
. Rolfs, the Chicago golfer,
to hold his morning streak
Porter Seeley of Brook-
finals at the January tour-
y and was defeated, 5 and

Women Golfers don Title Tourneys

k, Jan. 26.—The Women's
n Golf association decided
ting yesterday to abandon
ship matches this year and
special tournament for the
r Red Cross.

Stores nday

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OILS.

CHICAGO, Jan. 25.—OILS—Wholesale prices
ed as follows: in tron bbls: Standard
white, 104c; perfection, 104c; head-
15c, 12c; machine gasoline, 35c; raw
ed, $1.35; boiled, $1.36; turpentine,
Wooden bbls—Standard, white, 104c;
tion, 104c; elaine, 28c; headlights
ine black oil, 13c; winter black
Tank wagon V. M. P. naphtha,
ed Crown gasoline, 21c; perfection,

W YORK, Jan. 25.—COTTON SEED OIL
ade, 17.50c; prime summer yellow,
; January and March, 20.35c;

CITY, Pa., Jan. 25.—Credit balances,
; runs, 71,720; average, 65,932; ship-
54,000; average, 43,099.

# BIG OATS BULGE TO BEST LEVELS OF THE SEASON

## Heavy Buying by Local Shorts Feature; Cash Situation Strong.

Oats prices soared to new high levels for the season yesterday, both for cash and futures. The market was slightly depressed at the outset, but quickly recovered and, steadily gained in strength as the day wore on. Resting points were at net advances of 1¼@1½c. The buying by Bartlett-Frazier was the most conspicuous feature of the day, and the general impression of the trade was that it represented the covering of a big short line by them.

It encouraged other buying, and on the way up numerous stop loss orders were uncovered. Basis for the strength was again the strong cash situation. Demand for spot oats was urgent, and premiums were ¼@⅜c better, despite the sharp advance in futures.

Receipts were moderate at 105 cars, and the trade believes that they will run below requirements for some time to come. There was good selling by longs at times, but offerings were readily absorbed. Small attention was paid to peace news. Primary receipts were 1,000 bu, compared with 644,000 bu a year ago. Local shipping sales were 170,000 bu, including 100,000 bu for export. Some outside business also was done.

### Half January Corn Trading.

By action of the directors of the board, trading in January corn was brought to a halt and a price of $1.28 was fixed for the settlement of all outstanding contracts. There was a fairly good trade in May corn, and it closed ½c higher. March was up ⅜c. The strength was largely in sympathy with the bulge in oats, although the trade saw another serious curtailment of the movement, as severe weather, probably preceded by snow, is scheduled for the belt.

Cash houses and shorts were principal buyers, while commission houses had liberal selling orders for May at $1.35 and above. Profit taking sales featured late trading. Cash corn was steady to 1c lower. Receipts here were 97 cars. Primary markets had 1,286,000 bu corn, against 1,224,000 bu a year ago.

### Higher Prices for Rye.

Rye was ½@1c higher, with cash No. 3 selling at $1.99@2.00. Receipts were 3 cars.

Barley ruled firm. Malting was quoted $1.42@1.60 and sold $1.50@1.60; feed and mixing quotable $1.40@1.52, and screenings, 90c@$1.30, with latter selling at $1.05@1.11. Receipts were 11 cars.

Timothy seed was dull; cash was quoted $5.00@8.25; March closed $9.25 bid and $9.35 asked. Clover seed ruled firm, with cash quoted $21.00@30.00, and spot prime, $32.60.

Flax closed ¼c higher, with cash quoted $3.86½@3.64½.

### AMERICAN GRAIN MARKETS.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 25.—WHEAT—Receipts, 26 cars. CORN—Cash steady to 1c lower; mixed, $1.69@1.75; No. 3, $1.69@1.70; No. 4 white, $1.73@1.76; No. 3, $1.70; No. 2 yellow, $1.70@1.72; No. 3 nominal. OATS—Steady to ½c higher; No. 2 white, 82c; No. 3 mixed, 82@82¼c. RYE—$1.92 bid. HAY—Steady. KAFFIR AND MILO MAIZE—$1.36@1.36. Futures: CORN—May, $1.25¾ bid, 1.25¾ asked. OATS—May, 81¾c.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 25.—CORN—Cash, No. 4 yellow, $1.80@1.85; No. 3 white, $1.76@1.78; No. 3, $1.70@1.75. OATS—Standard, 85@85½c; No. 3 white, 84½@85c; No. 4 white, 84@84¼c. RYE—No. 1, $2.01 bid. BARLEY — Malting, $1.50@1.61; feed, rejected, $1.40@1.50; Wisconsin, $1.60@1.61. Futures: CORN—May, $1.25. OATS—January, 83¼c; May, 79¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 25.—WHEAT—Receipts, 116 cars. CORN—No. 3 yellow, $1.70. OATS—No. 3 white, 82¼@83¼c. RYE—$1.60@2.64½. FLOUR—Unchanged. In car load lots, standard flour quoted at $10.70 a barrel in 98 pound cotton sacks. Clears, 55.75% barrels. BARLEY—$1.36@1.70. RYE—$1.98½@1.99½. BRAN—$39.

DULUTH, Minn., Jan. 25.—LINSEED—On track, $3.51½@3.67½; arrive, $3.48; arrive January, $3.52½. Futures: January, $3.51½ bid; May, $3.51 asked; July, $3.46½; October, $3.15 bid. OATS—On track, 82¾@83½c; arrive, 82¼c. RYE—On track and arrive, $1.96. Futures: May, $1.99½ bid. BARLEY—On track, $1.29@1.61.

WINNIPEG, Ill., Jan. 25.—CORN—Unchanged; No. 2 yellow, $1.65 bid; No. 4 yellow, $1.65; No. 5 yellow, $1.50; No. 6 yellow, $1.42½@1.45; No. 3 mixed, $1.55 bid; sample, 81c@82c. OATS—1½c higher; No. 2 white and mixed, 85c; No. 3 white, 84¼@85c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 25.—CORN—Cash, steady; No. 2 track, $1.70; No. 2 white, $1.70. OATS—Higher; No. 2 track, 85½@86c; No. 3 white, 85@85¾c. Futures: CORN—Higher; May, $1.25¼. OATS—Higher; January, 84¼c; May, 79¼c.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 25.—CORN—No. 4 white, $1.56@1.58; No. 5 white, $1.47@1.54; No. 2 yellow, $1.62; No. 4 yellow, $1.53@1.56; No. 4 mixed, $1.50@1.52. OATS—No. 3 white, 83¼c.

## GOSSIP OF THE PIT

THERE was no abatement in the demand for cash oats yesterday and premiums were ¼@⅝c higher. No. 3 white oats brought 5¾@6¼c over May price, and standards 6¼@6⅝c over. Local shipping sales were 170,000 bu, including 100,000 bu for export at 11c over May price, track seaboard, while an additional 200,000 bu was reported worked from outside points.

The country was willing to sell oats to arrive at the prices and a fair quantity of No. 3 whites for sixty days shipment was sold on the basis of 4½c over May. It was reported that government buyers were again looking for oats and paying 83c at downstate points for them.

"Careful inquiries are being made by officials of the Winnipeg exchange of charges reputed made by Wilson, the government seed oat buyer, to the effect that certain exchange members were buying up and holding for fabulous prices oats that are fit for seed," says Logan & Bryan's correspondent.

"Members and firms interested deny these charges and claim that they have been and are willing to facilitate the buyer in obtaining the required seed. In view of this investigation the council considers it a good time to go further and set at rest any idea that futures trading had or was inflating values.

"We cannot see that this investigation should or will have any effect on our market. The percentage of good milling oats is small and they are in urgent demand. The local and eastern demand for feed oats, augmented by demand from sections where oat crop was a failure, is so urgent that premiums over the May price are being paid right along for available stuff. In view of the fact that premiums are being paid over the future, we can see no grounds for any one thinking that futures trading has in any way inflated values, but on the other hand has held a strong cash market in check."

Traffic conditions are improved, both east and west, and it is probable that the general embargo now imposed on three eastern trunk lines will be removed early next week. Practically all of the western roads have raised their embargoes on shipments of grain to Chicago, although the car shortage is still important in some sections. Weather indications are unfavorable, however.

Action of the directors in stopping trading in January corn was due to the fact that it was so close to the maximum price there was little opportunity for action, particularly as selling was discouraged by big premiums prevailing for cash corn. Only a big movement can reduce these premiums, and there was no possibility of this during the few remaining days of this month.

Receipts inspected yesterday: Wheat, 3 cars; corn, 231 cars; oats, 105 cars; rye, 9 cars; barley, 13 cars. Hogs estimated for today, 30,000 head.

Deliveries of oats on January contracts yesterday were 150,000 bu.

## BOARD OF TRADE TRANSACTIONS

RANGE OF ACTIVE FUTURES.

CORN.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Closing Jan.25. | Closing Jan.24. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mch. | 1.28 | 1.27 | 1.26¾ | 1.26¾ | 1.26¼ |
| May | 1.34½ | 1.36¼ | 1.34¼ | 1.35¾ | 1.34¾ |

OATS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan ... | 81¾ | 83¼ | 81¼ | 83¼ | 81¼ |
| Mch .. | 80¾ | 82¼ | 80¼ | 82 | 80¾ |
| May . | 78 | 79¼ | 77¾ | 79¾ | 77¾ |

PORK.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan .. | 47.10 | 47.12½ | 47.10 | 47.12½ | 47.32½ |
| May .. | 45.80 | 45.85 | 45.72½ | 45.82½ | 45.97½ |

LARD.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan .. | | | | 24.57½ | 24.62½ |
| May .. | 24.85 | 24.87½ | 24.80 | 24.87½ | 24.92½ |

SHORT RIBS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan .. | 23.85 | 23.85 | 23.85 | 23.85 | 23.87½ |
| May .. | 24.25 | 24.30 | 24.22½ | 24.25 | 24.37½ |

PRICES AT OUTSIDE MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS.

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Jan. 25. | Jan. 24. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May corn.. | 1.24⅝ | 1.25½ | 1.24⅜ | 1.25½ | 1.24⅞ |
| Jan. oats.. | | | | 85½ | 84 |
| May oats.. | 78¼ | 79½ | 78¼ | 79¾ | 78¼ |

TOLEDO.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cash corn. | .... | .... | 1.70 | 1.70 |
| Cash oats. | .... | .... | 88 | 87 |

KANSAS CITY.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May corn.. | | | | 1.27½ | 1.28 |
| May corn.. | 1.25¼ | 1.26⅜ | 1.25¼ | 1.25¾ | 1.26¼ |
| May oats.. | 79¾ | 80¾ | 79¾ | 80¾ | 79¾ |

MINNEAPOLIS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| *May oats | 76¾ | 79 | 76¾ | 77¾ | 76½ |

WINNIPEG.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May oats. | 85¾ | 86½ | 85¾ | 86½ | 85¾ |

*New.

DAILY BIDS AND OFFERS.

CORN.

| | Bids. | | | Offers. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | High. | Low. | Close. | High. | Low. | Close. |
| May | 1.25¾ | 1.24¾ | 1.24¾ | 1.25¾ | 1.25¼ | 1.25¼ |

OATS.

| | Bids. | | | Offers. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | High. | Low. | Close. | High. | Low. | Close. |
| May | 81¼ | 81 | 81¼ | 83 | 82¾ | 83 |
| May | 78¼ | 78¾ | 78¼ | 79¼ | 79¾ | 79¾ |

WEEKLY BIDS AND OFFERS.

CORN.

| | Bids. | Offers. |
|---|---|---|
| May | 1.22¾ | 1.26¼ |

OATS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| May | 75¼ | 82¾ |

CASH TRANSACTIONS.

FLOUR—United States food administration flour standards are as follows: Spring wheat, in jute, $10.10; hard winter, in jute, $10.00; soft winter, in jute, $10.00; white rye, $9.55; dark rye, $9.00.

CORN—Market steady to 5c lower. Sales—Track, Chicago—Sample grade, $1.15@1.35; No. 6 mixed, $1.35; No. 5 mixed, $1.40@1.58; No. 4 mixed, $1.60; No. 6 yellow, $1.37@1.48; No. 5 yellow, $1.42@1.53; No. 4 yellow, $1.54; No. 6 white, $1.30@1.35; No. 4 white, $1.65; No. 3 white, $1.80. Illinois proportional billing—Sample grade, $1.25 @1.50; No. 6 mixed, $1.41; No. 4 mixed, $1.45@1.53; No. 6 yellow, $1.46@1.50; No. 5 yellow, $1.50; No. 3 yellow, $1.75; No. 6 white, $1.55.

OATS—Market 1@1½c higher. Sales—Mixed feed, 100,000 bu. Track, Chicago—No. 4 white, 84@84¼c; No. 3 white, 84¾@85¼c; standard, 85@86c. Illinois proportional billing—No. 4 white, 83½c; standard, 84¼@84¾c; No. 2 mixed, 84¼c; No. 2 white, 85¼@85¾c.

CASH PORK TRANSACTIONS.

HOG PRODUCTS—Steady; cash lots, mess pork, repacked, $48.00@48.50; lard, $24.82½; ribs, $33.50@34.50.

HAY.

HAY—Quiet; receipts, 1,048 tons; shipments, 154 tons; choice timothy, $29.00@30.00; No. 1, $28.00@29.00; No. 2, $27.00@28.00.

STRAW—Rye, $11.50@12.50; oat, $11.50@12.00; wheat, $10.50@11.00.

## HOGS SELL 25C TO 50C LOWER; TOPS AT $16.20

### Bulk of 60,000 Receipts Clears at $15.50 @15.95.

### LIVE STOCK QUOTATIONS

HOGS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bulk of sales | $15.50@15.95 |
| Common to good mixed | 15.45@15.70 |
| Fair to fancy med. weights | 15.50@15.75 |
| Good to select butchers | 15.90@16.20 |
| Fair to fancy heavy shipping | 15.70@15.85 |
| Common to good lights | 15.50@15.75 |
| Canadian singers | 15.50@15.90 |
| Stags | 15.60@16.30 |
| Boars | 10.50@13.00 |
| Pigs | 11.50@14.25 |

CATTLE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Beef steers, choice to prime | $13.50@17.75 |
| Beef steers, good to choice | 12.00@13.50 |
| Beef steers, fair to good | 10.50@12.10 |
| Beef steers, inferior, rough | 8.25@ 9.35 |
| Yearlings | 9.35@14.00 |
| Cows, fair to select | 7.60@11.15 |
| Heifers, fair to select | 6.50@12.25 |
| Canners and cutters | 6.15@ 7.50 |
| Good to select vealers | 13.00@15.50 |

SHEEP.

| | |
|---|---|
| Western wethers | $12.00@13.25 |
| Native wethers | 12.25@13.25 |
| Yearlings | 12.00@15.00 |
| Ewes | 9.75@13.00 |
| Western ewes | 10.00@12.50 |
| Bucks | 8.75@10.00 |
| Western lambs | 15.75@17.75 |
| Native lambs | 15.00@17.25 |

Hog prices at Chicago yesterday sold 25@50c lower and closed at the full decline. Packers amassed their droves at under $16.00, that price being hard to get late in the session, although sales were made at up to $16.20 early. Receipts were estimated at 60,000, the bulk of which cleared at $15.50@15.95. Packers were good buyers at the decline, but shipping demand was limited and about 29,000 hogs were left unsold at the finish. Pigs were 50c lower, with good strong-weights at $14.25.

Beef steers, cows, and heifers sold 25@50c lower, the only exceptions being some prime beeves, which reached $12.75 and appeared about steady. Receipts were 15,000. Trade was draggy. Calves suffered a loss of 50c and topped at $15.50, with $15.00 hard to beat after the start.

Sheep and lambs were practically unchanged, although some heavy lambs had to clear at lower figures. Receipts were 11,000. Lambs topped at $17.75 to outsiders and $17.65 to packers. Wethers made $13.40 and yearlings $15.00.

Hog purchases for the day: Armour & Co., 12,200; Anglo-American, 4,000; Swift & Co., 8,100; Hammond, 4,500; Morris & Co., 4,000; Wilson & Co., 4,600; Boyd-Lunham, 1,800; Western Packing company, 2,500; Roberts & Oake, 1,800; Miller & Hart, 800; Independent, 1,300; Brennan, 1,300; Agar, 1,700; butchers, 500; shippers, 2,000; total, 51,000; left over, 29,000.

### Live Stock Movement at Chicago.

| Receipts— | Cattle. | Calves. | Hogs. | Sheep. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Thursday, Jan. 24 | 15,683 | 4,327 | 70,054 | 16,632 |
| Friday, Jan. 18 | 6,339 | 1,046 | 9,096 | 5,338 |
| Saturday, Jan. 26 | 15,000 | 2,000 | 60,000 | 11,000 |
| Shipments— | | | | |
| Thursday, Jan. 24 | 2,245 | 279 | 3,715 | 2,851 |
| Friday, Jan. 18 | 3,938 | .... | 3,827 | 1,743 |
| Saturday, Jan. 26 | 2,000 | 100 | 2,000 | 2,000 |

Receipts estimated for Jan. 28 were 3,000 cattle, 30,000 hogs, and 3,000 sheep, against actual arrivals of 870 cattle, 16,235 hogs, and 5,169 sheep for Saturday, Jan. 27, 1917.

### Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NATIONAL STOCKYARDS, Ill., Jan. 25.—HOGS—Receipts, 15,000; 25c lower; lights, $15.90@16.20; pigs, $13.50@15.25; mixed and butchers, $15.05@16.40; good heavy, $15.70@16.35. CATTLE—Receipts, 2,500; 25c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 2,300; steady; lambs, $14.00@17.55.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 25.—HOGS—Receipts, 11,000; 15@25c lower. Bulk, $15.80@16.10; heavy, $16.00@16.25; packers and butchers, $16.00@16.25; light, $15.85@16.15; pigs, $11.00@13.75. CATTLE — Receipts, 4,000; steady. SHEEP—Receipts, 7,000; 15@25c lower; lambs, $15.75@16.50.

OMAHA, Neb., Jan. 25.—HOGS—Receipts, 10,700; 20@25c lower; heavy, $15.70@16.00; mixed, $15.75@15.85; light, $15.65@16.00; pigs, $10.00@15.00; bulk of sales, $15.75@15.95. CATTLE—Receipts, 2,500; slow to 10c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 6,200; steady; lambs, $16.75@17.15.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Jan. 25.—HOGS—Receipts, 12,000; market 20@25c lower; light, $15.50@15.75; mixed, $15.75@15.85; heavy, $15.80@15.90; pigs, $11.00@12.00; bulk, $15.75@15.85. CATTLE—Receipts, 2,000; market steady to 10c lower. SHEEP—Receipts, 700; steady.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 25.—HOGS — Receipts, 13,500; 25c lower; range, $15.25@15.70; bulk, $15.50@16.65. CATTLE—Receipts, 2,600; steady to weak. SHEEP—Receipts, 500; steady; lambs, $8.00 to $16.75.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Jan. 25.—HOGS — Receipts, 9,000; 25@30c lower; top, $16.00; bulk, $15.50@15.95. CATTLE — Receipts, 6,000; steady to weak. SHEEP—Receipts, 1,000; steady; lambs, $13.00@16.75.

### WOOL.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 25.—WOOL—Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces: Delaine washed, 83@85c; delaine unwashed, 75@76c; ¼ blood combing, 77@78c. Michigan and New York fleeces: Fine unwashed, 83@84c; delaine unwashed, 78c; ¼ blood unwashed, 75@77c; ⅜ blood unwashed, 76@77c. Wisconsin, Missouri, and average New England: Half blood, 76@72c; ⅜ blood, 75@78c; ¼ blood, 74@75c. Virginia, Kentucky, and similar: Half blood unwashed, 77@78c; ⅜ blood unwashed, 78@79c. Scoured basis—Texas: Fine 12 months, $1.68@1.72; fine 8 months, $1.55@1.60. California: Northern, $1.70@1.75; middle county, $1.55@1.60; southern, $1.45@1.50. Oregon: Eastern No. 1 staple, $1.80@1.82; eastern clothing, $1.50@1.80; valley No. 1, $1.65@1.70. Territory: Fine staple, $1.32@1.50; ¼ blood combing, $1.70@1.75; ⅜ blood combing, $1.45@1.50; fine clothing, $1.60@1.65; fine medium clothing, $1.55@1.60. Pulled: Extra, $1.80@1.85; AA, $1.70@1.80; A supers, $1.60@1.65.

### COFFEE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—COFFEE—The market for coffee futures showed renewed strength and activity at the opening today, but the advance into new high ground for the season met considerable realising and was not fully maintained. First prices were 2 to 9 points higher, with May selling up to 9.04c and December to 8.86c, during the early session, or about 7 to 10 points above last night's closing figures. Later there was a tendency to take profits, under which May eased off to 8.95c and December to 8.81c during the afternoon. The close was up from the lowest on a final spurt of buying, with last prices net unchanged to 4 points higher. January, 8.56c; March, 8.76c; May, 9.01c; July, 9.22c; September, 9.41c; October, 9.47c; December, 9.58c. Spot coffee was firm; Rio 7s, 9c; Santos 4s, 11c. The official cables showed no change in the Brazilian markets. Victoria reported a clearance of 30,000 bags, and Santos of 54,000 bags for New York. Brazilian port receipts, 67,000; Jundiahy receipts, 41,000.

### SUGAR.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—SUGAR—The sugar market is steady and prices remain unchanged at 4.985c for Cuban cost and freight, equal to 6.005c for centrifugal. No sales were reported to the committee. In refined, a little business is going on from day to day, but conditions are still far from normal owing to the coal shortage. Prices were unchanged at 7.45c for granulated.

## FINANCIAL NOTES

E. I. STETTINIUS, who has been appointed surveyor general of the army, was formerly president of the Diamond Match company. About two years ago he left that concern to represent J. P. Morgan & Co. in making purchases for the British government. In some quarters it is thought the duties of Mr. Stettinius will be such as to enable him to assist the banking situation in the west by not calling for money from this center until it is needed for actual disbursement in fulfillment of contracts.

One of the large New York houses with wire connections says it has reduced its liabilities by 60 per cent and is borrowing no time money, that its business does not warrant anything but call money. Its odd lot business for cash in November and December broke all records. Another large New York house with a number of western connections has reduced its loans from the high figure of $42,000,000 in the 1916 boom to around $22,000,000.

C. A. Pfeffer, controller of Saxon Motor company, announces that the completion of the financing of the new plan is practically assured. Consent has been received from more than two-thirds of the shareholders. A banking syndicate has arranged to furnish $500,000 of new money.

The Merritt Oil corporation has brought in another well on section 2 of its properties in the Big Muddy field, flowing 500 barrels a day. The Northwestern Oil company is drilling a well several hundred feet away from this one.

Contracts for forty-six steel steamers of 10,000 tons each that will cost a total of about $115,000,000 have been distributed by the United States shipping board among four shipbuilding companies, three of which are located on the Pacific coast. Only ten of these ships will be built on the Atlantic coast.

Notwithstanding that output last year was reduced more than 50 per cent, the regular $8 dividend on Greene-Cahanea has been retained. In December production was down to 1,500,000 pounds, but is said now to be back again to approximately normal.

### BANKRUPTCY PETITIONS.

Petition of Robert Luthardt, painter and decorator; liabilities, $1,400.17; assets, $318.85; attorney, Sumner G. Palmer.

Petition of Samuel B. Glickman, 3316 South Morgan street, painter and decorator; liabilities, $1,975.30; assets, $638.49; attorneys, McKeag & Blake.

### OFFICIAL WEATHER REPORT.

| Place of observation. | Temp. 7 a. m. | Highest today. | Lowest last night. | State of weather. | Direction of wind. | Precipitation. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jan. 25, 1918. 7:00 p. m. Central time. | | | | | | |
| Eastern states— | | | | | | |
| Albany | 24 | 26 | 18 | Cloudy | S. | .02 |
| Atlanta | 36 | 42 | 26 | Clear | W. | |
| Boston | 28 | 32 | 20 | Cloudy | N.W. | .04 |
| Buffalo | 28 | 30 | 20 | Cloudy | S. | .24 |
| Charleston | 52 | 58 | 38 | Clear | S.W. | |
| New York | 32 | 34 | 32 | Cloudy | W. | .02 |
| Parkersburg | 32 | 40 | 24 | Clear | S.W. | |
| Philadelphia | 30 | 40 | 24 | Clear | S.W. | .04 |
| Pittsburgh | 30 | 38 | 26 | Snow | W. | .08 |
| Raleigh | 42 | 52 | 32 | Clear | W. | |
| Washington | 34 | 42 | 26 | Clear | W. | |
| Gulf states— | | | | | | |
| Abilene | 68 | 74 | 42 | Cloudy | S.W. | |
| Amarillo | 60 | 68 | 28 | Cloudy | S.W. | |
| El Paso | 58 | 58 | 38 | Fair | | .06 |
| Galveston | 58 | 68 | 48 | Cloudy | S. | |
| Jacksonville | 52 | 66 | 44 | Clear | S.W. | |
| Miami | 68 | 74 | 60 | Fair | S.W. | |
| Mobile | 52 | 66 | 40 | Clear | S.W. | |
| Montgomery | 60 | 66 | 38 | Clear | S.W. | |
| New Orleans | 60 | 70 | 46 | Clear | S.W. | |
| San Antonio | 62 | 70 | 42 | Clear | S.W. | |
| Shreveport | 64 | 72 | 40 | Fair | | |
| Tampa | 66 | 74 | 60 | Cloudy | S. | .38 |
| Vicksburg | 60 | 70 | 44 | Fair | S.E. | |
| Fort Worth | 70 | 76 | 38 | Fair | S.W. | |
| Lake-Central states— | | | | | | |
| Alpena | .... | .... | 8 | Clear | W. | .04 |
| Cairo | 44 | 52 | 34 | Clear | S. | |
| Chicago | 33 | 35 | 33 | Cloudy | N.W. | .04 |
| Cincinnati | 32 | 38 | 28 | Cloudy | W. | |
| Cleveland | 26 | 30 | 20 | Cloudy | N.W. | .06 |
| Detroit | 24 | 34 | 18 | Snow | N.W. | .08 |
| Escanaba | 8 | 18 | 8 | Cloudy | W. | .06 |
| Evansville | 42 | 48 | 32 | Clear | S. | |
| Fort Wayne | 28 | 30 | 20 | Cloudy | N.W. | .01 |
| Grand Haven | 32 | 32 | 20 | Cloudy | N.W. | .04 |
| Grand Rapids | 18 | 32 | 20 | Cloudy | N.W. | .04 |
| Green Bay | 16 | 20 | 8 | Fair | N.W. | .04 |
| Indianapolis | 34 | 38 | 30 | Cloudy | W. | |
| Madison | 14 | 28 | 18 | Cloudy | N.W. | .11 |
| Marquette | 6 | 12 | 12 | Cloudy | N.W. | .16 |
| Memphis | 52 | 62 | 42 | Fair | W. | |
| Milwaukee | 16 | 34 | 16 | Cloudy | W. | .01 |
| Nashville | 48 | 54 | 40 | Clear | S.E. | |
| Peoria | 32 | 36 | 24 | Clear | W. | |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 4 | 12 | 8 | Fair | W. | .14 |
| Spring'd., Ill. | 28 | 38 | 30 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| West-Central states— | | | | | | |
| Bismarck | 8 | 6 | 8 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Charles City | 6 | 12 | 12 | Cloudy | N.W. | |
| Concordia | 24 | 30 | 24 | Clear | N.E. | |
| Davenport | 20 | 24 | 28 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Des Moines | 10 | 28 | 28 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Devils Lake | 4 | 6 | 8 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Dodge | 24 | 34 | 28 | Clear | N.E. | |
| Dubuque | 14 | 22 | 24 | Cloudy | N.W. | |
| Duluth | 2 | 12 | 12 | Clear | W. | .04 |
| Huron | 2 | 4 | 10 | Snow | N.E. | .01 |
| Kansas City | 38 | 42 | 36 | Clear | N.E. | |
| Kerrick | 34 | 42 | 32 | Clear | N.E. | |
| Little Rock | 52 | 58 | 38 | Clear | N. | |
| Moorhead | 20 | 12 | 12 | Clear | N. | |
| North Platte | 32 | 34 | 24 | Cloudy | N. | |
| Oklahoma | 52 | 62 | 34 | Cloudy | N. | |
| Omaha | 18 | 30 | 30 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Rapid City | 6 | 20 | 20 | Cloudy | N.E. | .40 |
| Sioux City | 8 | 22 | 22 | Snow | N.E. | .06 |
| St. Louis | 38 | 46 | 38 | Clear | N.W. | |
| Minneapolis | 2 | 12 | 12 | Clear | W. | |
| Salina, Kan. | 46 | 52 | 30 | Fair | N.W. | |
| Wichita | 42 | 52 | 34 | Cloudy | N.W. | |
| Williston | 14 | 14 | 14 | Clear | N.W. | |
| Mountain states— | | | | | | |
| Boise | 38 | 42 | 40 | Clear | N.W. | .20 |
| Cheyenne | 30 | 34 | 30 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Denver | 50 | 64 | 40 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Havre | 2 | 4 | 4 | Snow | N.E. | .02 |
| Helena | 24 | 32 | 24 | Clear | N.W. | .18 |
| Lander | 32 | 50 | 34 | Cloudy | N.E. | |
| Miles City | 4 | 6 | 8 | Snow | N.E. | .16 |
| Phoenix | 58 | 66 | 38 | Clear | S. | .44 |
| Pueblo | 46 | 54 | 30 | Clear | N.E. | |
| Salt Lake City | 34 | 44 | 30 | Rain | N.W. | |
| Santa Fe | 36 | 40 | 30 | Cloudy | N.W. | .08 |
| Sheridan | 14 | 30 | 30 | Snow | N.E. | .36 |
| Yellow'e Pk. | 16 | 30 | 30 | Snow | N.E. | .16 |
| Pacific states— | | | | | | |
| Fresno | 58 | 60 | 36 | Cloudy | N.W. | |
| Los Angeles | 64 | 66 | 50 | Clear | N.W. | |
| Portland, Ore. | 48 | 52 | 32 | Cloudy | S.W. | .32 |
| Sacramento | 64 | 64 | 40 | Clear | N. | |
| San Francisco | 56 | 58 | 46 | Clear | N.E. | |
| San Diego | 58 | 60 | 54 | Cloudy | S.W. | .42 |
| Spokane | 36 | 40 | 32 | Cloudy | S.W. | .04 |
| Walla Walla | 42 | 44 | 40 | Cloudy | S.W. | .58 |
| Canadian— | | | | | | |
| Battleford | 20 | 18 | 20 | Fair | | |
| Calgary | 14 | 22 | 10 | Clear | N.E. | .04 |
| Edmonton | 10 | 8 | 10 | Cloudy | N.E. | .04 |
| Medicine Hat | 0 | 10 | 8 | Cloudy | N.E. | .04 |
| Minnedosa | 20 | 16 | 24 | Clear | S.E. | |
| Montreal | 8 | 8 | 8 | Fair | S. | .04 |
| Quebec | 12 | 12 | 14 | Snow | N.E. | .06 |
| Toronto | 24 | 30 | 16 | Cloudy | W. | .10 |
| White River | 12 | 8 | 2 | Clear | W. | |
| Winnipeg | 28 | 24 | 26 | Clear | N.W. | |

## RECEIVERS FOR RIO GRANDE TO BE NAMED TODAY

Denver, Colo., Jan. 25.—Alexander R. Baldwin of San Francisco, vice president and general attorney of the Western Pacific railway, and Edward L. Brown, president of the Denver and Rio Grande, will be named receivers of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad tomorrow by Judge Walter H. Sanborn of St. Paul, sitting in federal District court here, he announced late today.

This announcement was made at the close of a lengthy conference of the attorneys for the Equitable company of New York, the Elliot Frog and Switch company of East St. Louis, Ill., and for the Denver and Rio Grande with the court in chambers. The court announced in open court earlier today that it would name a receiver for the railroad, and asked that counsel suggest names.

Mr. Baldwin was suggested by the Equitable company's counsel, that company having been permitted to intervene in the receivership suit brought against the railroad by the Elliot company, and the Elliot company suggested Mr. Brown.

The Equitable company, which has a judgment against the railroad for about $36,500,000, and the Elliot company, which has a confessed claim for $17,000, each asked that a receiver be appointed.

### COTTON.

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—COTTON—An opening advance was followed by declining prices in the cotton market today. The general list closed steady at a net decline of 39 to 43 points. Covering by January shorts was the early feature. Notices estimated at about 8,000 bales were reported in circulation, but it was said that they were being taken up by houses with Japanese connections and there seemed to be more interest outstanding in the spot month than expected. Covering sent the price up to 31.25c at the opening, or 35 points net higher, and the near month strength exerted an influence on later months, which opened as an advance of 4 to 21 points. As soon as the more active demand for January had been supplied, however, the market turned easier. There was covering on a scale down and some further trade buying, but bulges seemed to meet increased offerings and the lowest prices of the day were reached in the late trading. The close was a few points up from the lowest on covering. Exports today were 7,800 bales, making 2,389,186 so far this season. Port receipts, 14,317 bales. United States port stocks, 1,404,510 bales. Futures:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| January | 31.10 | 31.35 | 30.90 | 31.00 | 31.00 |
| March | 30.61 | 30.80 | 30.30 | 30.46 | 30.82 |
| May | 30.58 | 30.58 | 29.94 | 29.98 | 30.40 |
| July | 30.12 | 30.14 | 29.60 | 29.63 | 30.02 |
| October | 28.63 | 28.69 | 28.17 | 28.25 | 28.58 |
| December | 28.41 | 28.44 | 28.20 | 28.44 | 28.35 |

Spot quiet; middling uplands, 31.80c.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 25.—COTTON—Steadiness and an advancing tendency in the early trading in cotton here today gave way to a soft feeling and bear pressure, most so in the afternoon. Last prices were the lowest of the day and showed net losses of 34 to 42 points. Futures:

| | Open. | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| March | 29.60 | 29.84 | 29.17 | 29.17 | 29.51 |
| May | 29.40 | 29.44 | 28.88 | 28.88 | 29.30 |
| July | 29.20 | 29.20 | 28.60 | 28.60 | 29.02 |
| October | 27.68 | 27.70 | 27.22 | 27.26 | 27.61 |

Spot steady, unchanged; middling, 30.87c.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 25.—COTTON—Spot in limited demand; prices steady; good middling, 22.89d

# STRONG BUYING BOOSTS STOCKS IN WALL STREET

## New U. S. Loan at 3.75 Per Cent Rate Rumored Among Financiers.

### BAROMETER OF THE MARKET

Average of Closing Prices of Twenty Leading New York Stocks

| | |
|---|---|
| Friday, Jan. 25 | 69.21 |
| Thursday, Jan. 24 | 68.53 |
| Net gain for the day | +.68 |
| Year ago, day of week | 91.22 |
| Two years ago | 59.41 |
| Three years ago | 74.12 |

*Reading ex dividend $1 per share equivalent to loss of 5 cents in the average of the twenty stocks.

The twenty stocks are Anaconda Copper, American Car and Foundry, American Smelting, American Telephone, Atchison, Baltimore and Ohio, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Chesapeake and Ohio, Erie, Great Northern preferred, New York Central, Northern Pacific, Pennsylvania, Reading, Southern Pacific, Southern Railway, St. Paul, American Sugar, Union Pacific, and United States Steel.

Total sales of stocks, 410,000 shares.

Total sales of bonds [par value], $4,125,000.

### PREDICT LIGHTER TAX.

New York, Jan. 25.—[Special.]—Buying of stocks which advanced prices from one to three points today was at times of the most vigorous character and was attributed to the belief that the heavy war taxes and other factors that exercise a repressive influence on the net earnings of industrial corporations will not be of long duration.

Some financiers express the hope it may not be necessary for the government to bring out another bond issue anywhere near the size of former issues. The course of Liberty 3½s, however, today seems to foreshadow an impending flotation that will make a strong appeal to the investing public.

### Liberty Bonds Under 98.

The bonds for the first time in months broke below 98, and this was accepted in financial circles as indicating that the new bonds may rob them of some of their popularity. The premium at which the 3½s have been selling over the 4 per cents is due entirely to their tax exempt feature.

There was a persistent rumor in financial circles that congress may be asked to authorize a flotation of bonds bearing interest at the rate of 3.75 per cent and tax exempt up to $250,000 principal.

The low interest rate will not only prevent the issue from having a disturbing influence on the market for securities in general but would not have a tendency to disturb savings bank deposits. The more liberal tax exemption privileges, on the other hand, would cause the bonds to make a strong appeal not only to the investor of modest means but to the moderately rich as well.

### Favor Lower Rate.

The suggestion that such an issue be made has been urged upon the secretary of the treasury by investment authorities, who have given the treasury their earnest codperation in the flotation of past issues. They have suggested, moreover, that the last issue of 4 per cents, whose popularity has been constantly on the wane, be made convertible into 3¾ per cents, which it is believed would sell at par and possibly at a slight premium.

This conversion privilege would revaluize the second Liberty 4s much more surely than would the artificial methods of stabilization that have been suggested in congress.

### Stocks Gain Strength.

Although opinions differed widely in banking circles as to the significance of the German chancellor's latest address, peace talk predominated in the financial district.

Stocks were firm at the outset, becoming stronger later on substantial advances in rails, including many low priced issues.

Mercantile paper, 5¼@5¾. Sterling, 60 day bills, 472; commercial 60 day bills on banks, 471¼; commercial on demand bills, 471¼. Bar silver, 87¾c. Mexican dollars, 69c. Government bonds easy; railroad bonds steady. Time loans firm; 60 days, 90 days, and six months, 5¼@6. Call money firm; high, 4; low, 4; ruling rate, 4; closing bid, 3½; offered at 4; last loan, 4.

### FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Foreign exchange rates in amounts of $25,000 between banks, as quoted by the Merchants' Loan and Trust company of Chicago: Jan. 25. Jan. 24. Wk.ago. Yr.ago.

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| London— | | | | |
| Cables | 476.43½ | 476.43½ | 476.43 | 476.7 |
| Checks | 475.28 | 475.28 | 475.25 | 475½ |
| Paris— | | | | |
| Cables | 570½ | 570 | 569 | 583½ |
| Checks | 572½ | 572 | 571½ | 584½ |
| Holland— | | | | |
| Checks | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43 | 40¾ |
| Italy— | | | | |
| Checks | 844 | 844 | 838 | 717 |
| Swiss— | | | | |
| Checks | 444 | 445 | 444 | 502 |
| Russia— | | | | |
| Checks | 13 | 13 | 13 | 28½ |
| Denmark— | | | | |
| Checks | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ | 27.40 |
| Norway— | | | | |
| Checks | 32¼ | 32¼ | 32¼ | 27.90 |
| Sweden— | | | | |
| Checks | 33¼ | 33½ | 33½ | 29.65 |
| Spain— | | | | |
| Checks | 24.20 | 24¼ | 24.25 | 21.30 |

## A. B. Forbes Heads Board to O. K. Security Issues

Washington, D. C., Jan. 25.—Allen B. Forbes of New York, member of the bond selling firm of Harris, Forbes & Co., has been appointed chairman of a board of three advisers to the federal reserve board to pass on applications for approval of security issues.

As soon as the two other members are appointed the board will devise a plan for investigating the necessity for proposed private security issues and make individual recommendations on each to the federal reserve board, which will have final jurisdiction. It is understood that one of the members will be from Chicago and one from the west.

The federal reserve board is still considering whether to subdivide the country into districts for administration of the voluntary securities regulation plan.

### BRASS DECLARES EXTRA DIVIDEND.

The American Brass company declared an extra dividend of 3½ per cent, in addition to the quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. Three months ago an extra dividend of 6½ per cent was declared.

## ON THE BROAD STREET CURB

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—(Special.)—There is a continued diversion in the trading in the outside market from the war stocks to other groups. Only a few transactions were made in the war group. At the same time, there is a pronounced broadening of the trading in the independent oil stocks. Preliminary trading occurred in Central Oil, outside of the market, in anticipation of the appearance of the stock on the curb tomorrow.

Motor stocks were strong and mining stocks were quiet.

Russian 6½s sold at 47, New York City 4½s of 1967 at 96, and Canadian government 5s at 95⅝@95¾.

### CURB TRANSACTIONS.

INDUSTRIALS.

| | Sales. | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Aetna | 1,500 | 7⅛ | 6⅞ | 7 |
| Car L & P | 500 | 2¾ | 2½ | 2¾ |
| Chev Motor | 1,500 | 112 | 106 | 111½ |
| Consumers Pho | 200 | 4¼ | 4¼ | 4¼ |
| Int Tradg | 200 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| Keystone T B | 100 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| North Am P P | 200 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| N Y Trans | 200 | 17⅞ | 17⅞ | 17⅞ |
| Peerless Mot | 100 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Smith Motor T | 42,000 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| Sub Boat | 300 | 12¾ | 12 | 12¾ |
| U S Steam | 200 | 4½ | 4½ | 4½ |
| Uni Motor | 4,500 | 22¾ | 22½ | 22¾ |
| Wright Martin | 700 | 6¼ | 6 6⅛ | 6¼ |
| OILS. | | | | |
| Am Vent | 10,900 | .11 | .10 | .11 |
| Barnett | 900 | 1½ | 1 | 1½ |
| Best Wye | 5,000 | .27 | .23 | .26 |
| Cosden | 5,000 | 7¼ | 6¾ | 7 |
| Elk Basin | 100 | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ |
| Elk Land | 2,500 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| Federal Oil | 1,200 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| Glen Rock | 500 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| Houston | 2,500 | 51 | 48½ | 50 |
| Int Pet | 600 | 13¾ | 13 | 13¾ |
| Island Oil Tr | 5,200 | 3¾ | 3⅝ | 3¾ |
| Merritt | 400 | 23½ | 22 | 23½ |
| Mex Pet | 1,500 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Midwest Oil | 2,000 | 1.20 | 1.18 | 1.19 |
| M W Ref | 380 | 106 | 105 | 106 |
| Min Wells | 1,100 | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ |
| Northwest Oil | 5,000 | .07 | .07 | .07 |
| Ohio Oil | 7,600 | .04 | .03 | .03½ |
| Do pfd | 2,800 | .07¼ | .07 | .07⅛ |
| Okmulgee | 2,600 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| Queen | 25,000 | .63 | .60 | .61 |
| Sequoyah | 1,200 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| Sinc Gulf | 800 | 17 | 16½ | 16½ |
| Un Western | 6,000 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| Victoria | 200 | 3¾ | 3¾ | 3¾ |
| MINING. | | | | |
| Alaska B C Met | 1,000 | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| Atlanta | 12,500 | .10 | .09 | .09½ |
| Big Ledge | 1,100 | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| Booth | 1,000 | .02 | .02 | .02 |
| Bost & Mont | 1,800 | .48 | .46 | .48 |
| Braden | 1,400 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ |
| Butte C & Z | 600 | 7¾ | 7¾ | 7¾ |
| Butte M Y | 200 | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| Caledonia | 5,000 | .46 | .45 | .46 |
| Cal & Jerome | 1,300 | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| Cash Boy | 2,000 | .04½ | .04 | .04½ |
| Cerro Gordo | 300 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| Cons Ariz Smelt | 1,200 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ |
| Cons Cop Mines | 1,500 | 5 | 5¼ | 5⅛ |
| Cons Homestead | 1,500 | .24 | .23 | .24 |
| Crescus | 2,000 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Emma Cons | 4,500 | ¼ | ¼ | ¼ |
| Fortuna Cons | 500 | .39 | .39 | .39 |
| Gibson Copper | 2,275 | 2½ | 2 | 2⅛ |
| Globe Dome | 100 | ⅝ | ⅝ | ⅝ |
| Goldfield Cons | 700 | 2 | 13-32 | 2 |
| Hecla Mining | 1,230 | 3½ | 3¼ | 3½ |
| Intl Mines | 2,000 | .10 | .10 | .10 |
| Iron Blossom | 2,500 | ½ | 17-32 | ½ |
| Jerome Prce | 400 | 2¼ | 2 | 2 |
| Jerome Verde | 8,000 | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| Jeremy Rem | 600 | 7-32 | 7-32 | 7-32 |
| Jim Butler | 1,350 | .61 | .59 | .60 |
| Jumbo Ext | 2,500 | .19 | .18 | .19 |
| Kerr Lake | 600 | 5¼ | 5¼ | 5¼ |
| Kewanaa | 1,000 | .026 | .026 | .026 |
| Kirk Per | 500 | .50 | .50 | .50 |
| Louisiana Con | 200 | ½ | ½ | ½ |
| Marsh | 1,000 | .05 | .05 | .05 |
| Mason Valley | 100 | 4¾ | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| McKinley D | 5,000 | .57 | .52 | .57 |
| Mohican Cop | 5,000 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| Monster Chief | 2,000 | 3-32 | 3 | 3-32 |
| Mother Lode | 1,000 | .26 | .26 | .26 |
| Natl Lessing | 1,000 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| Natl S & Lead | 2,500 | .17 | .15 | .17 |
| Nev Ophir | 1,000 | 1⅛ | 1⅛ | 1⅛ |
| New Cornelia | 475 | 16¾ | 16¾ | 16¾ |
| Nixon Nevada | 300 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| Polo Star | 2,200 | .24 | .24 | .24 |
| Portland Cons | 1,300 | .32 | .32 | .32 |
| Prerogital | 2,400 | .47 | .46 | .46 |
| Rawley | 300 | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ |
| Ray Here | 4,200 | 4¾ | 3¾ | 4¼ |
| Rex Cons | 1,000 | .09¼ | .09¼ | .09¼ |
| Rochester | 2,000 | .33 | .32 | .32 |
| Senorito Copper | 2,000 | ¾ | ¾ | ¾ |
| Silv K of Ariz | 8,700 | ⅝ | ⅝ | 9-32 |
| St S & Lead | 300 | 13-32 | 13-32 | 13-32 |
| St Nicholas Zc | 15,000 | .04 | .04 | .04 |
| Success | 2,500 | .08 | .07¾ | .07¾ |
| Superior Copper | 500 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| Tono Belmont | 700 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Tono Ext | 350 | 1¼ | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| Tribullion | 500 | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| United Eastern | 100 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| Unity Gold | 300 | 3¼ | 3¼ | 3¼ |
| W End Cons | 2,500 | .75 | .73 | .74 |
| White Caps | 500 | ½ | ½ | ½ |

BONDS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| $10,500 | Am T&T 1 yr 6s | 99¾ | 99 | 99¼ |
| 1,000 | Beth St S 5s mtg. | 97¾ | 97¼ | 97¾ |
| 70,000 | Can Gvt 5s | 95¾ | 95¼ | 95¼ |
| 5,000 | Gen El 6% notes of 1919 | 99¾ | 99¼ | 99¼ |
| 20,000 | do 6% notes of 1920 | 100 | 99¼ | 100 |
| 1,000 | N Y Cent 7s | 96 | 94 | 96 |
| 1,000 | Russian 5½s | 43¼ | 42¼ | 42¼ |
| 5,000 | do 6½s | 47 | 47 | 47 |

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo | 100 | 13 | 13 | 13 |
| S W Penna Pipe | 5 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| S O New Jersey | 50 | 557 | 557 | 557 |
| S O New York | 30 | 270 | 268 | 270 |

CLOSING BID AND ASKED PRICES.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo Am. | 12⅝ | 13 | Prairie Oil | 435 | 445 |
| Atlantic R | 220 | 230 | Prairie P | 250 | 255 |
| Borne Scrym | 320 | 325 | Solar Ref | 300 | 325 |
| Buckeye P | 93 | 98 | Sou Pipe | 170 | 180 |
| Chesb M | 320 | 330 | So Pa Oil | 280 | 290 |
| Colonial O | 10 | 40 | S W Pa P | 97 | 104 |
| Cont'l Oil | 450 | 500 | S O Kan | 237 | 238 |
| Crescent P | 30 | 35 | S O Mont | 225 | 250 |
| Cumberl'd | 130 | 150 | S O Kas | 450 | 500 |
| Eureka P | 195 | 205 | S O Ky | 300 | 350 |
| Galena S | 120 | 125 | S O Neb | 490 | 520 |
| Illinois P | 550 | 560 | S O Ohio | 610 | 660 |
| Ill Pipe | 190 | 200 | S O N Y | 267 | 272 |
| Ind Pipe | 95 | 105 | S O Ohio | 410 | 440 |
| Nat'l Trans | 13¾ | 13¾ | Swan & F | 95 | 105 |
| N Y Transit | 80 | 85 | Un T Ind | 30 | 35 |
| Nor Pipe | 98 | 103 | Vacuum O | 350 | 365 |
| Ohio Oil | 325 | 335 | Wash'n O | 25 | 35 |
| Pierce Oil | 9¼ | 10 | | | |

## AUDITORIUM NET AND GROSS BOTH SHOW DECREASE

The annual report of the Auditorium association for the fiscal year ended Nov. 30 shows gross income of $150,461, as compared to $172,495 in the previous year.

The entire property, including the theater and office building, showed gross income of $286,460, as compared to $312,732, and net of $19,184, as compared to $47,873 in the previous year. This leaves a narrow margin for bond interest.

The income account compares as follows:

| | 1916. | 1917. |
|---|---|---|
| Gross income— | | |
| Office building | $ 72,736 | $ 64,729 |
| Theater | 67,500 | 71,350 |
| Hotel | 172,495 | 150,481 |
| Total income | $312,732 | $286,460 |
| Deduct— | | |
| Ground rent | 71,711 | 78,280 |
| Taxes | 70,888 | 69,776 |
| Bond interest | 68,750 | 68,750 |
| Note interest | 3,185 | 1,794 |
| Insurance | 3,005 | 4,744 |
| Expense of buildings | 42,132 | 39,925 |
| General expense | 4,978 | 4,067 |
| Total expense | $264,660 | $267,306 |
| Net income | 47,873 | 19,154 |

Surplus account now totals $130,425, as compared to $101,373 a year ago.

## Grasselli Chemical Co. Net Earnings $4,342,062

Cleveland, O., Jan. 25.—Net earnings of the Grasselli Chemical company for 1917 were $4,342,062. This is equivalent to 27 per cent on the $16,000,000 common stock. The net earnings as stated are after a deduction of about $7,000,000 for estimated income and excess profits taxes but before depreciation.

### COTTON EXCHANGE TO CLOSE.

The board of managers of the New York Cotton exchange voted to close the exchange on the remainder heatless Mondays.

# NEW YORK STOCK TRANSACTIONS

| Bid. | Asked. | Description. | Sales. | High. | Low. | Close. | Net chge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 50 | 55 | Alex Rubber | 100 | 50½ | 50½ | 50½ | .... |
| 2¼ | 2¾ | Alaska Gold | 500 | 2⅜ | 2⅛ | 2⅜ | .... |
| 2½ | 2¾ | Alaska Juneau | 200 | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | .... |
| 18¼ | 19 | Allis-Chalmers Mfg. | .... | 19 | 18⅞ | 19 | + ⅛ |
| 77⅜ | 78 | Am Beet Sugar | 1,300 | 78¼ | 77¾ | 77¾ | — ⅛ |
| 36¼ | 37 | Am Can | 800 | 37 | 36⅝ | 37 | + ⅝ |
| 89¼ | 90 | Do pfd | 100 | 89⅝ | 89⅝ | 89⅝ | .... |
| 70¼ | 70⅝ | Am C & F | 1,100 | 70⅜ | 70⅛ | 70⅛ | .... |
| 28 | 29 | Am Cotton Oil | 100 | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | 28⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 53 | 54 | Am Hide & Lea pfd | 100 | 52½ | 52½ | 52½ | .... |
| 32⅝ | 32¾ | Am Linseed Oil | 6,500 | 33⅜ | 32½ | 32⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 74 | 74½ | Do pfd | 3,200 | 74¼ | 73⅝ | 74 | + ⅛ |
| 55½ | 56 | Am Locomotive | 500 | 56 | 55¼ | 56 | + ⅝ |
| 95½ | 96 | Do pfd | 200 | 96¼ | 96 | 96 | .... |
| 83¼ | 83½ | Am Smelting | 14,100 | 83⅜ | 83¼ | 83½ | + 1¼ |
| 82½ | 83 | Am Snuff | 100 | 82⅝ | 82⅝ | 82⅝ | .... |
| 106¼ | 106½ | Am Sugar | 500 | 107 | 106 | 106 | — ¼ |
| 65¾ | 66½ | *American-Sum Tob | 1,700 | 66⅜ | 65¾ | 66 | — ⅜ |
| 104 | 104½ | Am Tel & Tel | 400 | 104 | 103⅜ | 104 | .... |
| 160 | 161½ | Am Tobacco | 100 | 160 | 160 | 160 | + 2½ |
| 47 | 47½ | Am Woolen | 800 | 47⅜ | 47¼ | 47⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 92¼ | 93½ | Do pfd | 100 | 92⅜ | 92⅜ | 92⅜ | .... |
| 14¾ | 15 | Am Zinc | 500 | 14¼ | 14 | 14⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 61⅜ | 61¼ | Anaconda | 4,900 | 61⅜ | 60½ | 61¼ | + ⅛ |
| 82 | 84½ | Atchison | 800 | 84 | 83⅜ | 83½ | + 1¼ |
| 31 | 32 | Do pfd | 500 | 31⅝ | 31⅝ | 31⅝ | .... |
| 102⅜ | 103 | Atl Gulf & W I | 10,500 | 104¼ | 101⅛ | 103 | + 2 |
| 60 | 60½ | Do pfd | 300 | 60½ | 60 | 60 | .... |
| 59¾ | 60 | Baldwin Loco | 2,700 | 60¼ | 59⅜ | 60 | + ⅛ |
| 50⅝ | 51 | Baltimore & Ohio | 3,300 | 51 | 49½ | 50¼ | + ⅜ |
| 1 | 1¼ | Batopilas | 500 | 1 | 1 | 1 | .... |
| 76 | 77½ | Bethlehem Steel | 700 | 78 | 76 | 76 | + ½ |
| 74½ | 75 | Do B | 12,400 | 75 | 74¼ | 74½ | + ¼ |
| 98⅜ | 98⅝ | Do pfd rects | 200 | 98⅝ | 98½ | 98⅝ | .... |
| 42 | 42⅜ | Brooklyn Rap Tran | 100 | 42⅜ | 42⅜ | 42⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 21⅝ | 22⅛ | Booth Fish | 2,300 | 22 | 21¼ | 22¼ | + 1⅛ |
| 141 | 141½ | Canadian Pacific | 3,400 | 141½ | 139½ | 141 | + 2 |
| 65¾ | 66 | Central Leather | 900 | 65⅝ | 65¼ | 65¾ | + ⅛ |
| 30½ | 31½ | Cerro de Pasco | 100 | 31 | 31 | 31 | .... |
| 58 | 58½ | Chesapeake & Ohio | 2,600 | 58¼ | 57¾ | 58¼ | + ⅛ |
| 6¾ | 7 | Chi Great Western | 100 | 6⅞ | 6⅝ | 6⅝ | .... |
| 42¼ | 43 | C M & St Paul | 2,000 | 43 | 42 | 42 | + ⅛ |
| 73½ | 74¼ | Do pfd | 900 | 74¼ | 72 | 74¼ | + 1⅜ |
| 19⅜ | 19⅞ | C R I & P 6s | 3,100 | 20⅜ | 19¾ | 19⅞ | + ⅜ |
| 80½ | 81 | Do pfd A w i | 600 | 81 | 80½ | 81 | + ⅛ |
| 50½ | 51 | Do pfd B w i | 800 | 51⅜ | 50 | 50⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 16¾ | 16¼ | Chile Copper | 1,500 | 16⅝ | 16¼ | 16⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 43⅜ | 43⅞ | Chino | 1,100 | 42½ | 42 | 43 | .... |
| 20½ | 21½ | Colo & Southern | 100 | 21 | 21 | 21 | .... |
| 33⅜ | 33½ | Columbia Gas & E | 600 | 33¼ | 33 | 33⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 87½ | 89 | Consolidated Gas | 300 | 88 | 88 | 88 | + ½ |
| 32⅜ | 33 | Corn Products | 10,300 | 33⅝ | 32⅜ | 33 | + ⅛ |
| 54¼ | 54⅝ | Crucible Steel | 1,300 | 54⅜ | 53¾ | 54½ | + ⅛ |
| 31¼ | 31½ | Cuban Cane Sugar | 2,000 | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ | .... |
| 79½ | 80 | Do pfd | 400 | 80 | 79⅝ | 80 | .... |
| 107 | 110 | Del Lack & Hud | 100 | 109 | 109 | 109 | .... |
| 37¼ | 37⅜ | Distillers Sec | 4,000 | 37¼ | 36⅞ | 37¼ | — ⅛ |
| 8¾ | 9¼ | Dome Mining | 500 | 9¼ | 8¾ | 9¼ | .... |
| 14¼ | 14⅝ | Erie | 1,800 | 15 | 15 | 15 | + ⅛ |
| 24 | 24¾ | Do 1st pfd | 1,400 | 25 | 24 | 24 | — ⅛ |
| 18½ | 20 | Do 2d pfd | 200 | 18½ | 18½ | 18½ | .... |
| 32 | 33 | Fed M & S pfd | 100 | 30 | 30 | 30 | — ⅝ |
| 84½ | 84⅞ | Gaston Williams | 300 | 84¼ | 84¼ | 84¼ | + 1 |
| 131 | 131¾ | Gen Electric | 2,900 | 131¼ | 130 | 131 | + 1 |
| 116 | 116¼ | Gen Motors new | 11,200 | 116¾ | 116⅜ | 116⅝ | + 3⅜ |
| 43¾ | 43⅞ | Goodrich | 3,700 | 43⅝ | 41¾ | 43½ | + 2¼ |
| 72⅜ | 73 | Graphite | 100 | 74 | 74 | 74 | .... |
| 26⅜ | 26⅝ | Gt North Ore | 300 | 27 | 26⅝ | 26⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 88¼ | 89 | Gt North pfd | 600 | 89½ | 88½ | 88¾ | + ⅛ |
| 35 | 35⅛ | Haskell & Barker | 200 | 35¼ | 35 | 35¼ | + ⅛ |
| 94¾ | 95 | Ill Central | 100 | 94¾ | 94¾ | 94¾ | .... |
| 44¾ | 45 | Inspiration Copper | 1,300 | 44¾ | 43¾ | 44½ | + ¾ |
| 13⅝ | 14 | Int Agr Corp | 100 | 14 | 14 | 14 | .... |
| 43 | 45 | Do pfd | 300 | 45 | 45 | 45 | .... |
| 24¼ | 24½ | Int Mer Marine | 16,700 | 24¾ | 23¾ | 24½ | + ⅝ |
| 90½ | 90⅝ | Do pfd | 38,100 | 90¾ | 89¾ | 90⅝ | + 1⅛ |
| 7⅞ | 7¾ | Int-Met Consol | 200 | 7⅞ | 7¾ | 7¾ | .... |
| 43½ | 44½ | Do pfd | 900 | 44 | 43⅜ | 43⅝ | — ⅜ |
| 28½ | 28¾ | Int Nickel | 100 | 28⅜ | 28⅜ | 28⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 35 | 40 | Jewel Tea | 200 | 36 | 36 | 36 | .... |
| 95 | 110 | Julius Kayser pfd | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | .... |
| 17 | 17⅜ | Kansas City So | 300 | 17 | 16¼ | 17 | .... |
| 42 | 43½ | Kelly-Springfield | 300 | 44 | 43¾ | 44 | + ⅛ |
| 32⅜ | 32⅝ | Kenn Copper | 500 | 32¼ | 32 | 32½ | + ⅛ |
| 57 | 58¼ | Lehigh Valley | 100 | 56½ | 56½ | 56½ | + ¼ |
| 102 | 102¾ | Liggett & M pfd | 200 | 102¼ | 102¼ | 102½ | .... |
| 112 | 114 | Louis & Nash | 300 | 113 | 112¾ | 113 | .... |
| 96 | 100 | Mac Elec | 100 | 96¼ | 96¼ | 96¼ | .... |
| 26¾ | 26⅞ | Maxwell Motor | 300 | 26⅝ | 26 | 26⅜ | .... |
| 57 | 58¼ | Do 1st pfd | 300 | 58 | 56⅝ | 58 | .... |
| 21 | 22 | Do 2d pfd | 400 | 21¾ | 21¾ | 21¾ | .... |
| 21¼ | 21½ | Mex Petroleum | 18,700 | 22¾ | 20¾ | 21¼ | — ⅜ |
| 21½ | 22 | Miami Copper | 700 | 21¾ | 21¼ | 21½ | .... |
| 43½ | 44½ | Midvale Steel | 800 | 43¾ | 43¾ | 43¾ | .... |
| 4¾ | 5 | M K & T | 400 | 5 | 4¾ | 5 | .... |
| 21 | 22 | Mo Pacific | 2,800 | 22¾ | 21 | 21½ | + 1⅛ |
| 43 | 44 | Do pfd | 500 | 43½ | 43 | 43½ | + 1⅛ |
| 29 | 30½ | National Acme | 400 | 30 | 30 | 30 | .... |
| 15½ | 16 | Nat Conduit & C | 200 | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | .... |
| 43¾ | 43¾ | Nat Enamel | 2,900 | 44¼ | 43¼ | 43¾ | + ⅛ |
| 121 | 125 | N Y Air Brake | 100 | 120½ | 120½ | 120½ | .... |
| 70 | 70½ | N Y Central | 4,300 | 70½ | 68¾ | 70 | + 1 |
| 19 | 20 | N Y O & W | 900 | 19½ | 19¼ | 19⅜ | + 1⅛ |
| 83 | 83¾ | Northern Pacific | 900 | 83½ | 82 | 83¼ | + 1⅛ |
| 65 | 65½ | Nova Scotia Steel | 100 | 66 | 66 | 66 | .... |
| 36¾ | 36⅞ | Ohio Cities Gas | 2,100 | 36½ | 36⅛ | 36⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 59½ | 60 | Owens Bottle Mfg | 100 | 60 | 60 | 60 | .... |
| 88 | 90 | Pan Am P & T pfd | 100 | 80 | 89 | 89 | + ½ |
| 45¾ | 46 | Pennsylvania Ry | 1,700 | 46 | 45⅝ | 45⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 44⅜ | 46 | Peoples Gas | 500 | 45¼ | 45 | 45¼ | + ⅛ |
| 23½ | 23¾ | Philadelphia Co | 100 | 23⅝ | 23 | 23 | .... |
| 45¾ | 46 | Pittsburgh Coal | 1,500 | 46⅜ | 45 | 45¾ | + ⅜ |
| 27½ | 27¾ | Pittsburgh & W Va | 2,300 | 27¾ | 26½ | 27¼ | + ⅛ |
| 59 | 60 | Do pfd | 700 | 60½ | 60 | 60 | .... |
| 61 | 62 | Pressed Steel Car | 100 | 61 | 61 | 61 | + ⅛ |
| 111½ | 113 | Pullman | 200 | 111½ | 111⅜ | 111¾ | .... |
| 47¾ | 56¼ | Ry Steel Spg | 900 | 50½ | 49¾ | 50 | + ¼ |
| 23¼ | 23½ | Ray Cons | 1,000 | 23⅜ | 23 | 23⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 72½ | 73¼ | *Reading | 9,200 | 73½ | 71¼ | 73 | .... |
| 74¾ | 75 | Rep Iron & Steel | 1,200 | 74¼ | 74¼ | 74⅜ | + ⅛ |
| 75¾ | 76½ | Royal Dutch | 100 | 75½ | 75½ | 75½ | .... |
| 8 | 8¾ | Saxon Motors | 100 | 8¾ | 8¾ | 8¾ | .... |
| 50¾ | 52 | Savage Arms | 100 | 50 | 50 | 50 | .... |
| 150 | 151 | Sears-Roebuck | 300 | 150 | 149¼ | 150 | + 1½ |
| 16¼ | 17⅛ | Shatt & Ariz | 200 | 16 | 16 | 16 | — ⅛ |
| 32½ | 33 | Sinclair Oil | 1,200 | 33¼ | 33 | 33 | .... |
| 81¾ | 82½ | Southern Pac | 1,800 | 82½ | 81½ | 82 | + ⅛ |
| 22¾ | 23¼ | Southern Ry | 4,400 | 23½ | 22¼ | 22¾ | + 1¼ |
| 11⅜ | 11⅝ | St L & S F | 900 | 11⅝ | 11⅜ | 11⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 78 | 83 | Stand Milling pfd | 100 | 79 | 79 | 79 | .... |
| 50¾ | 50¾ | Studebaker | 2,100 | 50¼ | 49 | 50¼ | + 2 |
| 41¼ | 41⅝ | Stutz Motors | 400 | 41¾ | 40¾ | 41⅝ | .... |
| 13½ | 14 | Tenn Copper | 1,200 | 15⅛ | 15 | 15 | — ⅛ |
| 149¼ | 150 | Texas Oil | 2,000 | 151 | 149 | 149¼ | — ¾ |
| 18 | 18⅛ | Tex & Pac | 400 | 18 | 17¾ | 18 | + ⅛ |
| 54 | 54⅜ | Tob Prod | 6,700 | 54⅜ | 53¾ | 54 | .... |
| 108⅛ | 112¾ | Und Type pfd | 100 | 108¾ | 108¾ | 108¾ | .... |
| 113¼ | 113¾ | Union Pac | 5,100 | 114 | 113 | 113¼ | + 1⅜ |
| 73 | .... | Do pfd | 100 | 70 | 70 | 70 | .... |
| 94¼ | 94⅝ | *Un Cig Stores | 1,000 | 95 | 94 | 94 | — 2¼ |
| 119 | 120 | United Fruit | 300 | 120 | 119½ | 120 | .... |
| 118½ | 119 | U S Alcohol | 1,300 | 120 | 118 | 119 | + ⅛ |
| 135¼ | 135¾ | U S C I Pipe | 100 | 134 | 132½ | 132½ | .... |
| 56 | 56½ | U S Rubber | 2,600 | 56¾ | 56¼ | 56½ | + ⅛ |
| 96 | 97 | Do 1st pfd | 100 | 96¼ | 96¼ | 96¼ | + 1¼ |
| 45¾ | 46½ | U S Smelting | 200 | 46 | 45¾ | 46 | + ⅛ |
| 90¾ | 91 | U S Steel | 60,100 | 91¼ | 90¼ | 90¾ | + ⅛ |
| 109¾ | 110 | Do pfd | 200 | 109½ | 109½ | 109½ | .... |
| 81 | 81¾ | Utah Copper | 2,200 | 81¾ | 80¾ | 81¼ | + ⅛ |
| 13¼ | 15 | Utah Sec | 300 | 14½ | 14 | 14 | + ⅛ |
| 40¼ | 40¾ | Va Chem | 100 | 40¼ | 40¼ | 40¼ | + ¼ |
| 51 | 54 | Va Coal & Coke | 600 | 52 | 51¾ | 51¾ | .... |
| 8¾ | 8¾ | Wabash | 300 | 9½ | 8¾ | 9¼ | + ⅛ |
| 41¾ | 42 | Do pfd | 400 | 41¾ | 40¾ | 41¾ | + ⅛ |
| 23 | 23 | Do pfd B | 600 | 23½ | 22¼ | 22½ | + ⅜ |
| 13¼ | 13⅝ | West Maryland | 100 | 13½ | 13½ | 13¾ | .... |
| 91 | 91½ | West Union | 300 | 91 | 90½ | 90¾ | .... |
| 40 | 40¾ | Westinghouse El | 1,200 | 40½ | 40 | 40¼ | + ¼ |
| 9 | 9¼ | W & L E | 100 | 9 | 9 | 9 | .... |
| 17 | 17¾ | Willys-Over | 1,800 | 17½ | 16¾ | 17 | .... |

*Ex-dividend.

### GOVERNMENT BONDS.

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| United States 2s, registered | 96½ | 97¾ |
| United States 2s, coupon | 96½ | .... |
| United States 3s, registered | 99 | 99¾ |
| United States 3s, coupon | 99 | 99¾ |
| United States 4s, registered | 104½ | 105¼ |
| United States 4s, coupon | 104½ | 105¼ |
| United States-Panama 2s, 1938 | 96 | .... |

# NEW YORK BOND TRANSACTIONS

NEW YORK, Jan. 25.—[Special.]—More activity was displayed in the bond market today than on any previous session this week. The price tendency was upward, with the foreign war issues in good demand.

City of Lyons 6s advanced during the early trading over a half point, 87, to a new high record for the year. That price compares with 74, the low record touched last December.

United States Steel 5s also made a new high record for the year, touching 92 before noon. That price compares with 92⅛, last year's low, and 107⅛, the high price ruling last year before the general decline began in the bond market.

There was some improvement today in the Liberty 3½s over the new low record of 98 established yesterday just before the close of business. The other government war issues held steady.

| No. thous. | | High. | Low. | Close |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 579 | U S Lib 3½s | 98.10 | 97.86 | 98.04 |
| 26 | do 1st 4s | 97. | 96.78 | 96.90 |
| 1,251 | do 2d 4s | 96.36 | 96.16 | 96.24 |
| 9 | Am Frn Sec 5s | 96 | 95½ | 96 |
| 80 | Anglo French 5s | 89 | 88¾ | 88½ |
| 75 | City Bordeaux 6s | 87½ | 86¾ | 87¼ |
| 49 | City Lyons 6s | 87½ | 87¾ | 87½ |
| 24 | City Marseilles 6s | 87¼ | 85¾ | 87½ |
| 70 | City Paris 6s | 86¾ | 85½ | 86¾ |
| 9 | Dom Canada 5s of 1921 | 95¾ | 95¾ | 95¾ |
| 11 | do 5s of 1926 | 92 | 91½ | 92 |
| 1 | do 5s of 1921 | 92¾ | 92¾ | 92¾ |
| 28 | French 5½s of 1919 | 96¼ | 96 | 96¼ |
| 10 | Jap 1st 4½s | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| 6 | do 2d 4½s | 92 | 91¾ | 91¾ |
| 12 | do German assumpd | 90 | 79½ | 80 |
| 3 | Rep Cuba 5s of 1914 | 90¼ | 90¼

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## INDEX TO CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.


| | Page. | Col. |
|---|---|---|
| AUCTION SALES | 18 | 6 |
| AUTO, LIVERIES | 20 | 3 |
| AUTOMOBILES | 20 | 3 |
| GASOLINE | 20 | 6 |
| ELECTRIC | 20 | 6 |
| MOTOR TRUCKS | 20 | 6 |
| AUTO SUPPLIES, ACCESSORIES | 20 | 7 |
| AUTOMOBILES WANTED | 20 | 7 |
| AUTO REPAIR & EXCHANGE | 20 | 7 |
| MOTORCYCLES AND MOTORCYCLE SIDE CARS | 20 | 8 |
| BILLIARDS AND BOWLING | 18 | 6 |
| BOARD AND LODGING | 19 | 6 |
| BOARD AND LODGING | 19 | 7 |
| BOARD WANTED | 19 | 7 |
| BOATS, YACHTS, ETC. | 18 | 6 |
| BOOKS AND MAGAZINES | 20 | 6 |
| BUSINESS CHANCES | 20 | 6 |
| BUSINESS PERSONALS | 18 | 6 |
| CARPETS, RUGS, ETC. | 20 | 7 |
| CASTOFF CLOTHING | 20 | 6 |
| CEMETERIES | 11 | 4 |
| CLEANING AND DYEING | 18 | 7 |
| CLOTHING, FURS, ETC. | 18 | 7 |
| COLLECTIONS | 18 | 6 |
| CONTRACTS TO LET AND WANTED | 18 | 6 |
| CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS | 18 | 6 |
| DOGS, BIRDS, POULTRY, ETC. | 17 | 6 |
| DRESSMAKING & MILLINERY | 18 | 7 |
| FINANCIAL | 18 | 6 |
| FLORISTS | 11 | 4 |
| FOR RENT—FLATS | 19 | 3 |
| HELP WANTED—MALE | 17 | 6 |
| HELP WANTED—FEMALE | 18 | 6 |
| HORSES AND CARRIAGES | 20 | 3 |
| HOTELS | 19 | 6 |
| HOUSEHOLD GOODS | 20 | 7 |
| HOUSEHOLD GOODS WTD. | 20 | 7 |
| INSTRUCTION | 20 | 6 |
| JEWELRY, WATCHES, ETC. | 20 | 7 |
| LAND INFORMATION | 19 | 7 |
| LEASEHOLDS | 20 | 7 |
| LEGAL NOTICES | 20 | 6 |
| LOANS & MONEY TO LOAN | 20 | 6 |
| LOST AND FOUND | 18 | 6 |
| LOANS, PERSONAL PROPERTY | 20 | 6 |
| MACHINERY AND TOOLS | 17 | 6 |
| MINES AND MINING | 20 | 6 |
| MORTGAGES | 20 | 6 |
| MOTORCYCLES AND BICYCLES | 20 | 8 |
| MOVE TRUCKS TO RENT | 20 | 3 |
| MONUMENTS | 11 | 4 |
| MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC | 20 | 6 |
| MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS | 20 | 6 |
| OFFICE DEVICES | 18 | 6 |
| PACKAGE, POST AND EXPRESS | 20 | 3 |
| PAINTERS WANTED | 20 | 7 |
| PATENTS, PATENT, ATTORN'S | 17 | 6 |
| PERSONAL | 18 | 6 |
| PHOTO ENGRAV'G, BIND'G & PRINTING MACH'Y & SUPPLIES | 17 | 6 |
| PLUMB'G & LIGHT FIXTURES | 19 | 3 |
| PUBLICATIONS | 20 | 6 |
| APARTM'TS—SOUTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| APARTM'TS—NORTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| APARTM'TS—WEST SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| ROBIN'S FIFTY—SOUTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| ROBIN'S FIFTY—NORTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| ROOMS—SOUTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| ROOMS—NORTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| ROOMS—WEST SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| ROOMS—SOUTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| VACANT—SOUTHWEST | 19 | 6 |
| VACANT—NORTH SIDE | 19 | 6 |
| VACANT — NORTHWEST | 19 | 6 |
| MANUFACTURING PROPERTY | 19 | 7 |
| SUBURBAN — EVANSTON, WILMETTE | 19 | 7 |
| SUBURBAN — SOUTH | 19 | 7 |
| SUBURBAN — NORTH | 19 | 7 |
| SUBURBAN — WEST | 19 | 7 |
| SUMMER RESORTS | 19 | 8 |
| FARM LANDS | 19 | 7 |
| WANTED—REAL ESTATE | 19 | 6 |
| CATTLE RANCHES | 19 | 7 |
| MISCELLANEOUS | 19 | 6 |
| REAL ESTATE SALES | 19 | 6 |
| REAL ESTATE WANTED | 19 | 6 |
| REAL ESTATE WANTED | 19 | 6 |
| REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE | 19 | 6 |
| REAL ESTATE LOANS | 20 | 6 |
| ROOMMATES | 19 | 6 |
| SAFES | 18 | 6 |
| SEWING MACHINES | 18 | 6 |
| SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE | 17 | 6 |
| SITUATIONS WTD.—FEMALE | 18 | 6 |
| STORAGE AND MOVING | 19 | 6 |
| STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES | 19 | 7 |
| TAILORS | 20 | 6 |
| TYPEWRITING MACHINES | 20 | 6 |
| TO RENT—ROOMS | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—HOUSEKPG. RMS. | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—HOUSES | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—FURN. HOUSES | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—FLATS | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—FURNISHED FLATS | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—STORES | 19 | 3 |
| TO RENT—STORES & STUDIOS | 19 | 4 |
| TO RENT—FLOORS & LOFTS | 19 | 4 |
| TO RENT—MFG. PROPERTY | 19 | 4 |
| TO RENT—BUILDINGS | 19 | 4 |
| TO RENT—GARAGES | 19 | 4 |
| TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS | 19 | 4 |
| TRADE SCHOOLS—MALE | 18 | 6 |
| TRADE SCHOOLS—FEMALE | 18 | 6 |
| TYPEWRITERS & SUPPLIES | 18 | 6 |
| UNDERTAKERS | 11 | 4 |
| WANTED TO RENT—ROOMS | 19 | 3 |
| WANTED—FLATS | 19 | 3 |
| WANTED—STORES & OFFICES | 19 | 3 |


### MACHINERY AND TOOLS.

WANTED—A GOOD SECOND HAND BAROmetric condenser for a 1,250 K. W. A. General Electric horizontal turbine. Address The Red Wing Lumber Co., 807 Hennepin-av., Minneapolis, Minn.

OVER 200 D. C. AND A. C. GUARANTEED MOTORS in stock. We buy, sell, exchange and repair motors of all kinds. Arthur Wagner Co., 706 S. Dearborn. Har. 1833.

FOR SALE—MILLING MACHINE, DRILL and shaper; also planer; also shafting, belting, power elect. motor. Room 302, 231 Wash.-st.

1—No. 1916 MULLINER TOOLROOM lathes, 2 No. 1¼ Amer. Millers, 2 tempering furnaces, several sizes air compressors. BRIGHT, 568 Washington-blvd.

SCREW MACHINE SLIDES, FOR IMmediate delivery; also punch presses, etc. SELBY MACHY. CO., 555 Washington-blvd.

FOR SALE—42 IN. BERLIN 3 DRUM ROTAL vertical Sander, just thoroughly rebuilt, price. Address H H 468, Tribune.

BARGAINS IN SEVERAL LATHES; LIKE new. Also drill presses and hack saws. L. O. OTTERSON, 108 S. Clinton. Frank 3806

SIXTEEN LATHE, TAPER ATT., $625; 24 IN. drill, $100; No. 3 punch press, $135. ALLEN, 1000 Randolph. Monroe 5498.

FOR SALE—1 NO. 2 STEEL, BSAKE. $765. Concord-st., 24 flat.

### LIGHT & HEAVY MANUFACTURING.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO GIVE IMMEdiate service on punch press work and dies. Reliable Machine Co., cor 10th-st. and 10th-av., Rockford, Ill.

MANUFACTURING, INCLUDING HAND screw machine, lathe, milling work, tools and dies; quick deliveries, low cost, accurate work. Bell Mfg. Co., 2128 Washington-blvd. Monroe 82.

WE ARE IN A POSITION TO GIVE PROMPT delivery on soft light gray iron castings and would like to figure on new contracts. MASON, DAVIS & CO.

7740 S. Chicago-av. Ryde Park 328.

ARMAND WACHSE WORKS, 548-550 W. Lake-st. Phone Main 260. Will make best deliveries on dies, tools, jigs, metal specialties, general machine, experimental and punch press work.

PROMPT SERVICE ON DIE, JIG, LATHE selling machine and punch press work. MONITOR DIE WORKS, 11 E. May-st.

SPECIAL MACHINERY BUILT — DIES, tools and metal specialties. THOMPSON & BREMER, Ph. Wabash 6734.

### CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

FUR NEWS—

We have reduced the prices on model and sample furs for garments 10 and 20 per cent on prices that were already below the market. Early call is advisable.

CECELL THE TAILOR, Clark and Adams.

HUDSON SEAL COATS

AT ACTUAL COST.

DAVID STERN COMPANY,
1027 MADISON-ST.

FOR SALE—SET FURS, $15; ALSO FUR cape, new, never worn. Sunnyside 4450.

SALESMAN'S SAMPLE SUITS, OVERCOATS. 804 Medinah Bldg., Jackson and 5th-av.

### DOGS, BIRDS, POULTRY, ETC.

WANTED—POULTRY, PURE STOCK FOR breeding purposes. Write best prices. HARRY WILLIAMS, Hesbed, Ky.

BEAUTIFUL IVORY WHITE SILK POODLE puppies, very small, $15; males and females. 4624 Flat 1 Mrs. Wells.

POODLE BULL PUPPIES, $5; POODLE $3, watch dog, $2. 1340 Mich.-av. Wabash 6900.

### PATENTS—PATENT ATTORNEYS.

SEND FOR FREE SEARCH AND PARTIAL payment plan. MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 97 W. Jackson-blvd. Chicago. Est. 1864.

FREE ADVICE ON PATENTS, INVENtions, trademarks. Tillman, 25 N. Dearborn.

### PRINTING MACHINERY & SUPPLIES.

FOR SALE—34X46 MIEHLE PRESS, GOOD condition. Address H H 468, Tribune.

### PARCEL POST AND EXPRESS.

FANCY WHITE CLOVER AND BASSWOOD extracted honey: 5 lb. pail, $1.35; 2 pails, $2.60. WM. FELTZ, Rockford, Ill. R. F. D. 3.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

### Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER AND secretarial; thoroughly reliable young man, college graduate and enthusiastic worker; 24 yrs. old; reasonably exempt from draft; desires change; 4 yr. high school graduate; splendid command of English; Walton training; typist. Address E 350, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—14 YRS.' EXP.; 25 YRS. old; married; strictly sober; thoroughly competent bookkeeper and office manager; a high grade man now employed but wishes a change; will better; prospects; A1 references. Call Normal 667.

SITUATION WTD — BOOKKEEPER AND general office, by an energetic young man; also experienced in collections and speed-up advertising; can take charge and produce results; acquire details rapidly; age 30; good refs. Address F 50, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — WELL EDUCATED young man, 22 years; some experience time-keeping and general office work, desires position; loop preferred. Address F 279, Tribune.

### SHIPPING CLERK.

5 years' experience, packer and wrapper, age 27, married, exempt. Address H 225, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — ADJUSTER OF ACcounts and collector, correspondent, or traveling; have good knowledge collecting; exemplary character; A1 references; age 30, ability, tact and judgment. Address F 147, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—KEEN AND CLEAR THINKing graduate, business experience; 11 ability means advancement, $75 mo. Address E 437, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—IN RETAIL CLOTHING store by interested man, 33, with view of attaining salesman position; nine years wholesale stock exp. Address E 582, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—RENT AND OFFICE man; 30 yrs., exp., qualified in every particular; ref. and bond. Address F 336, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CLERK, 25 YEARS OF age, married. Can furnish best of references as to ability. 5 yrs. one firm. Address E 542, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — YOUNG MAN, NOW subject to draft, with excellent credit correspondent desires a position with a fast growing concern. Apply F 137, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 21, EXP., office man and bkkpr., capable of taking full charge of office; A1 refs. Address D 554, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—IN PROGRESSIVE OFfice, aged 23; capable; broad exp.; general office and sales work; A1 refs. Address E 414, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BKKPR. OR ASST. GEN. of fice and credit exp.; age 27; 10 yrs.' exp.; future. Address E 510, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — MAN, AGE 21, EXP. gen. office work; H. S. grad.; operate typewriter; A1 ref. Address F 559, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—AS STOCKKEEPER; 10 years' experience in tailoring house. Address Box 377, West Side Y. M. C. A.

SITUATION WTD—BKKPR. OR ASSIST.; 8 yrs.' exp.; reliable; married; age 31; ref.; wk. J. KRUPKA; 2103 S. 48th-ct., Cicero.

SITUATION WTD—MAN DESIRES SEVERal hours' office work each day; H. S. graduate. Address E 306, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — YOUNG MAN, REST of refs., clerical work preferred; $20 week. Phone Diversey 4566. JOHNSON.

SITUATION WTD—BY MAN 24, Y. M. C. A.; 3 yrs. h. s.; 6 yrs' exp. in gen. office work; exempt. Address E 80, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—WILL KEEP SMALL SET of books efficiently and correctly for $5 per week. Phone Diversey 9040.

SITUATION WTD — CORRESPONDENT; factual, versatile writer of sales and trade literature. Address E 515, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — BOOKKEEPER, MANager, or position of responsibility; refs. bonds, notary public. Address C 58, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BOOKKEEPER; D. EN-177; 3 yrs. exp.; age 24; $18 per wk. Address D 159, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERIENCED MARried hotel man as manager; no objection to country place. Address E 108, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — ACCOUNTANT OR credit manager; age 35. Address D O 302, Tribune.

### Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WTD A OPPORTUNITY WITH mfg. organization where sales ability will lead to position of respect; have had unusual experience in grain brokerages, sort. grain, statistical work, adv. and executive work; college man; salary least consideration at present. Address E 470, Tribune.

### SALESMAN.

To represent mfg. concern wanting salesman in Chgo. territory, overalls, shirts, pc. goods. Address E 237, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—DO YOU NEED A TRAVeling SALESMAN OR DISTRIBUTER? REpresentative in New York, Boston, or Philadelphia, who has proven his worth? Address E 338, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—FOR FAR WEST TERRItory, by clean cut, experienced salesman, now employed; manufacturer's line preferred; make appointment. Address E 175, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD.—SALESMAN LOOKING for side line to take on western trip. What have you? Address E 278, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—HIGH CLASS, CLEAN cut salesman, experienced specialty; open. Address F 345, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — GOOD SALESMAN; 35; married; comp., reliable. Address E 124, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — MAN FOR COLLECTing or outside work, part time, 2 or 3 days a week. Bel. 111. Address F 126 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPERIENCED SALESman; reliable; married; references. HARRY WILLIAMS, Hesbed, Ky.

SITUATION WTD—CLEAN CUT, EXPERIenced specialty salesman, city or traveling. Address E 201, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—AS SALESMAN WITH hosiery concern. Address F 106, Tribune.

### Professions and Trades.

SITUATION WTD—ENGR., NO 9 LICENSE. A1 refs. Blanchard. 1939 Jackson-blvd. Ph. Seeley 1156.

SITUATION WTD—PAINTER DESIRES steady work in office bldg.; will take other line of work; married, age 33. Sup. 4256.

SITUATION WTD—AUTO MECHANIC, 1ST class, 31 yrs. exp., 7 yrs. old, for exceptional position. MILLER, WARD. Cal. 5614.

SITUATION WTD—1ST CLASS MACHINIST on Jones & Lamson turret lathe; 12 yrs. exp. Address D 72, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—LIC. ENG.; A1 METH. take charge, steam, elec. plant; 20 yrs. exp.; age 42. Address E 575, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY FIRST CLASS CHIEF engineer. Address E 445, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY MACHINIST AND toolmaker, with reliable firm, as dept. or foreman; foreman. Age 33; married; speaking & language; refs. Address B 148, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — BY ENGINEER, AMERican, thoroughly experienced, thoroughly competent operating all types of steam and electric plants; licensed; references. Address E 452, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, 23; ready to accept position, has H. S. and tech. training, with 6 mos exp. drafting and execution. Address F 155, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — DECORATOR TO take charge of high grade work; office bldg.; good superintendent; in or out of city; married, aged 34. Address E 395, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ENGINEER, 16 YEARS' experience, desires position as chief engineer and electric and mechanical equip'ts; best of reference; age 36. Address F 394, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ARTIST—

Commercial, color in stipple and litho. work; 20 years' experience in portraiture. Address H R 486, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—FOREMAN MACHINIST, experienced in manufacturing sheet metal machine; age 50. Address E 300, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — MACHINIST, ALL around, with exp. as chief insp., 14 yrs.' exp. in all, ref. Address D 154, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — AUTO MECHANIC will overhaul your car in your garage; have my own tools. Phone Irving 9238.

SITUATION WTD—AUTO MECH. AND AS around man on autos, with reliable auto concern on West Side. Address F 213, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—ELECTRICIAN; 8 YRS. experience; construction, maintenance; will consider going south. Address E 377, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—DRAFTSMAN, MECHANical, installing, or field; steady or part time; refs. Address E 135, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — ENGINEER, 27 YRS. expr., Douglas 8110.

### Farm and Garden Help.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED MAN OF 32 wants position as farm foreman; lifetime exp. foreman, now on 300 acre dairy farm; ref. from present employer. C. H. DENNIS, Tiskilwa, Ill.

SITUATION WTD—BY YOUNG MAN ON ranch or farm, willing, clean habits. Reply to 2801 S. HUTCHINS-ST., Sedgwick-6127.

SITUATION WTD—GARDENER; SINGLE man; reliable; mar.; refs. Address F 68, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—SINGLE SOBER YOUNG man, no carousing, care, stock, etc.; exempt. Address E 219, Tribune.

### House Servants.

SITUATION WTD—197 CLASS BUTLER; neat and willing; A1 city ref. Ph. Dvsey 5125.

SITUATION WTD—COOK, BUTLER OR valet; exp. col. boy; in city, fam. or bach. apts. ref. Address E 376, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY A FIRST CLASS, expert, colored houseman and chauff.; good refs. Ph. prefd. Kenwood 5610.

SITUATION WTD—EXPER. COLORED MAN as cook; private preferred. Address F 390, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—A BRIGHT JAPANESE boy, as housework or schoolboy. Address F 298, Tribune.

### Clubs and Hotels.

SITUATION WTD.—COOK, CHEF; FRENCH-Swiss, sober, and good per cent man; able to take charge of kitchen; also pastry and flour; wants steady place, hotel, cafe, or luncheonette; willing to go out of city. Address H 224, Tribune.

### Coachmen, Teamsters, Chauffeurs.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR; 10 YRS. driving and shop exp. on American high grade cars; Pierce, Loco., Packard, Stearns; mech. or repairs; keep car in good shape; yr. last emp.; sober, reliable; best city refs. Wellington 6068, address D 643 Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — CHAUFFEUR AND mech. private family; comp. and reliable; no objection to other work; Swedish, married; best children; best refs. Address F 266, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUF., WHITE, 28 yrs., 7 yrs.' city exp.; speed; careful driver; best refs. Address E 573, Tribune.

SITUATIONS WTD.—HIGHLY EXP. SCAND. couple; prv. fam.; man chauff., wife cook; no laundry. Best refs. City or sub; empl. until Feb. 1. Address F 397, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, SINGLE, exempt, wants private family; first class; ref. only, 9 years exp. Expert driver and mech. Address F 230, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, COLORED, 27 yrs. & yrs. city experience; good mech. sober, careful driver; best refs. Phone Kenwood 2023.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR AND WIFE as 2d maid; 11 yrs. exp.; in or out city; col. A. J. Fuller, 4400 Wabash. Ken. 1438.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG M.-N. EXPERIenced; desire position; wishes to learn French family. Address E 113, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—A1 COL. CHAUFF.; 14 yrs. exp.; 7 yrs. in 1 fam.; any car. Doug. 5500.

SITUATION WTD — MARRIED, EXP. chauffeur, good mechanic, age 41; call after 6 p. m. or write 2747 W. Adams-st.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, A1 MECH. exp.; refs.; single; private or truck. Phone Lawndale 2505. David.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, HOUSEman; married; exempt from draft. Phone Armitage 8127.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR OR HOME work by day; 10 hour; ref. Comp.; A1 references. HINKLE, 150 E. Ohio-st.

SITUATION WTD—BY A1 CHAUFFEUR; 11 years' experience; best references. Address F 210, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—BY COLORED CHAUF. in priv. family; best city refs. Phone Seeley 4639.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR; MAR. ried; 35 yrs.; Amer.; 5 yrs. experience on high grade cars; best ref. Phone Kenwood 5394.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, 29 YRS. OLD, 3 yrs. exper.; good mac. Phone Sunnyside 4837.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, AGE 34; over 8 yrs. exp.; fond of children; N. S. or West Side. Ken. 282. 3202 Indiana-av.

SITUATION WTD—ENGLISH, 6 YRS.' EXP., 25, wants place. Phone Irving 9238.

SITUATION WTD—FIRST CLASS CHAUFfeur, mec.; best of ref. SMITH, Linc. 2069.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, 27, EXperienced; refs. Address F 396, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR; 9 YRS.' exp.; married. Ref. Ph. Prospect 6881.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFF., 7 YRS.' EXP. with Cadillac. W. YOUNG, Calumet 6395.

SITUATION WTD—BY RELIABLE COLORED man as chauffeur, Doug. 8814.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, 5 YRS.; careful driver. Address F 419, Tribune.

### Janitors and Porters.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, WHITE, MARried, do repairing; can paint, paper, kalsomine, etc., in renting; best refs.; 24 or more flats preferred. Address X L 328, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED MAN, NO children; flat janitor; 3 years' exp. 1st flat. 4761 Princeton-av. J. FISCHER.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, TO WORK A day for rent and small salary; No. Side pref. Address E 161, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, ALL ROUND man; in flat bldg. Address D 190, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPER. JAN. WANTS flat building, 18 flats or more; best refs. Apply Janitor, 5659 Prairie-av.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, 24 FLAT bldg. or, over; 4 years last job; ref.; married; one child. Peter Mass, 2856 Hirsch.

SITUATION WTD—BY FIRST CLASS JANitor, no children, 6 flats or over. Address Janitor, 951 Hyde Park-blvd.

SITUATION WTD—FLAT JANITOR, EXP. man; best refs. Address D 512, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CLEAN OFFICES AFTER 2 p. m. Superior 6293 after 1:30 p. m.

SITUATION WTD—COLORED MAN, JANItor in flat bldg. Call Douglas 8814.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, EXP., BEST refs. Adolph Atkin, 3131 Prairie-av.

### Stenographers, Typists, Etc.

SITUATION WTD—STENOGRAPHER, CORrespondent; excellent education; keen; industrious; bright; agressive; age 19. Address D 562, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—COMPETENT STENOGrapher, unusually wide experience; wishes evening work. Address E 354, Tribune.

### Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WTD—BY NIGHT WATCHMAN, age 30, well educated, for 2 hrs. extra work before 6 p. m. or after 6 p. m. Will do janitor work for pay or tuition to photography trade; best refs. Address E 166, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MARRIED — AGE 31, sober, reliable, draft exempt; any work; can drive cars; refs. Address D 113, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN; WORK for eves., Sat., and Sun. Address D 447, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—REF., WELL ED. COUple; best ref.; Bx. Sreman. Address D 518, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN; SUNDAYS and Mondays; acqtd. with city; best of refs.; age 20. Address F 160, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—GRADUATE LANDSCAPEer and chauffeur, with private family in city; single; age 30. Address F 159, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN, NIGHTS, Sat. afternoons, bookkeeping, correspondence work. Address F 196, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—MAN, 32 YRS. OLD, DEsires any kind of light work. Sup. 8435.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MAN; WORK OF any kind. Douglas 8488.

SITUATION WTD—COL. MAN FOR EXTR. work, 6 p. m. to 4 p. m. Ph. Doug. 4329.

### Situations Wanted with favorite't.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG MARRIED MAN, 25, honorably discharged from navy, well educated, executive ability, willing to invest in small firm, if desirable. Address E 250, Tribune.

## SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

### Professions and Trades.

### MECHANICAL DRAFTSMAN

Ten yrs.' exp.; last 2 yrs. engineer's office, relief, executive, floor trades; will leave town. Address 223, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD — BY MACHINIST AND toolmaker, with reliable firm, as dept. or foreman; foreman. Age 33; married; speaking & language; refs. Address B 148, Tribune.

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SITUATION WTD—GARDENER; SINGLE man; reliable; mar.; refs. Address F 68, Tribune.

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SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, A1 MECH. exp.; refs.; single; private or truck. Phone Lawndale 2505. David.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR, HOUSEman; married; exempt from draft. Phone Armitage 8127.

SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR OR HOME work by day; 10 hour; ref. Comp.; A1 references. HINKLE, 150 E. Ohio-st.

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SITUATION WTD—CHAUFFEUR; MARried; 35 yrs.; Amer.; 5 yrs. experience on high grade cars; best ref. Phone Kenwood 5394.

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SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, ALL ROUND man; in flat bldg. Address D 190, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—EXPER. JAN. WANTS flat building, 18 flats or more; best refs. Apply Janitor, 5659 Prairie-av.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, 24 FLAT bldg. or, over; 4 years last job; ref.; married; one child. Peter Mass, 2856 Hirsch.

SITUATION WTD—BY FIRST CLASS JANitor, no children, 6 flats or over. Address Janitor, 951 Hyde Park-blvd.

SITUATION WTD—FLAT JANITOR, EXP. man; best refs. Address D 512, Tribune.

SITUATION WTD—CLEAN OFFICES AFTER 2 p. m. Superior 6293 after 1:30 p. m.

SITUATION WTD—COLORED MAN, JANItor in flat bldg. Call Douglas 8814.

SITUATION WTD—JANITOR, EXP., BEST refs. Adolph Atkin, 3131 Prairie-av.

### Stenographers, Typists, Etc.

SITUATION WTD—STENOGRAP

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Salesmen. Solicitors, Etc.

SALESMEN
FOR
FORD CARS.

SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR HIGH GRADE ACTIVE YOUNG MEN WITH GOOD SELLING EXPERIENCE.

LAWDER BROS.,
69TH, NEAR STATE-ST.

SALESMEN—OPENING ON SALES FORCE. I am the assistant to the general sales manager of an old established real estate firm, conducting a large and successful selling and investment business along modern and progressive lines. My chief has just instructed me to employ several salesmen and sales managers to take the place of drafted men, for permanent positions. I can offer you a large commission and small weekly salary if you qualify. Past experience not necessary. See Percy Wilson, 300, 69 W. Washington-st.

SALESMAN WANTED—
Owing to enlistments we have a few vacancies in our selling force for both Chicago and outside territory, which must be filled quickly; if you are a salesman in any line, of good address, at least 23 years of age, and can prove your ability, you can make permanent connections with our organization; must be sober; transportation and drawing account. Sales Dept., 920 Manhattan Bldg.

SALESMAN—THE OSBORNE CO., OF NEWARK, N. J., require the personal services of a successful salesman of exceptional reference. The work will require traveling and will be paid for on a commission basis with traveling expenses advanced; missionary work will not be necessary. The company is well advertised; if interested call this morning between 9 and 11 at the Chicago office of the Osborne Co., 17th floor, 111 W. Monroe-st., Room 1701.

SALESMAN—IF YOU HAVE EXCEPTIONAL sales ability in advertising field and wish to become connected with well rated firm, state past experience fully and address H R 856, Tribune.

SALESMEN—AT ONCE, FIVE OR SIX REAL city salesmen for work in and about Chicago. Must be men of ability and business address, capable of interviewing business interests of the city in a manner fitting to the article for sale. This is a real opportunity to make money if you are willing to work. Give full particulars in first letter also address and phone number. Address H E 217, Tribune.

SALESMAN—AN EXPERIENCED DISINFECtants, liquid soaps, and sanitary supply salesman for established responsible line; state bonded; must have private conveyance; guaranteed salary with commissions; we require satisfactory character references and will pay liberal inducement. Mr. E. Hughes, Canadian Disinfecting and Chemicals, Limited, care La Salle Hotel, Chicago, or in person.

SALESMEN—MEN OF ABILITY AND CHARacter, who can qualify on a real proposition. The demand for our product is created by the agreement under the WAR INCOME TAX LAW. Our men are all satisfied with their income. Apply 1202-3 Peoples Life Bldg., Randolph and Wells-sts.

SALESMEN—WE NEED 2 MORE EX-SALesmen; a proposition that will interest you. Call 1 to 3 p. m. 1202-3 Peoples Life Bldg., Randolph and Wells-sts.

SALESMEN—WE NEED 5 MORE EX-SALesmen to handle established line in Central Illinois; a full territory; particulars, including complete business record; state salary wanted; all replies confidential. Address H S 851, Tribune.

SALESMEN—I CAN USE TWO GOOD SPECialty salesmen who can do as they are told and want to become connected with a live selling proposition with large earnings for those who are workers; call 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. FRANK K. REILLY, 200 Title & Trust Bldg., 69 W. Washington-st.

SALESMAN—ONE WHO IS ACQUAINTED with the hotel and bakery trade of Chicago to sell a solution for whipping cream which is in great demand; sell on 10% basis. For the right man this means a good income. Address H G 560, Tribune.

SALESMEN — TEN; GOOD APPEARANCE; advanced premiums make quick sales in the home or our magazine; men now earning $60 to $75 a week; exceptional opportunity; call before 8:30, after 4. 186 N. La Salle-st., Room 311.

SALESMEN FOR EXPERIENCED HOUSE TO house canvassers wanted on new proposition. Men are making an average three sales per day. Commission $5 each sale. Call room 804 Hearst Bldg., this morning between 9 and 10.

SALESMAN—A1 MAN BETWEEN AGES OF 30 and 40 who knows building material and advertising; must have good appearance; opportunity for a future; state least salary to start. Address H L 288, Tribune.

### SALESMEN AT ONCE

Who can successfully sell a position in labor, corporation, etc. MACY, 943 S. Dearborn-st., Suite 317 Fisher Bldg.

SALESMAN—ACQUAINTED WITH MECHANical rubber trade. Must be a hustler. Good opening for right party. Sal. and commission. Address F 113, Tribune.

SALESMEN—COFFEE, CITY, WITH WIDE acquaintance among grocers; experience required; all communications strictly confidential. Address H J 487, Tribune.

SALESMEN—PHOTOGRAPH COUPON BOOKS; a wonderful proposition in city; pay every night. The Northland Studios, 19th floor Majestic Theater Bldg.

SALESMEN—AT YOUNG, LIVE PRODUCERS. Victor and Edison records; good proposition. Call Sat. a.m., 603 Davis-st., Evanston.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED WATCH MAterial and tool salesman. Meyer Jewelry Co., Soler Bldg., Kansas City, Mo.

SOLICITORS—PUBLISHERS PAY $25 PER week to men who average 5 orders per day on monthly payment subscription; no red; quick selling combination; experience unnecessary. Room 401, 5 N. La Salle-st.

SOLICITOR—INSIDE FROST CAPS FOR soldiers, chauffeurs; sample 35c. Mills & Mills, Fisher Bldg., Chicago.

SOLICITOR—1ST CLASS, COMMERCIAL, with wholesale acquaintance. Address H G 457, Tribune.

TRAVELING REPRESENTATIVE — FOR spec. selling calendar to banks and merchants; Christian man pref. Big money. 1170 Old Colony Bldg.

MANAGER—WITH LIVE SELLING ORGANization wants distributing agency for high grade specialty; will cover Illinois, Iowa, and Wisconsin. Address D P 29, Tribune.

## WANTED—MALE HELP.

### Executives and Managers.

MANAGERS—IF YOU ARE CAPABLE OF organizing and managing a sales force from ten to fifty men, get in touch with us. We will convince you that our proposition is right and your income will not be less than three thousand per year. No stock, insurance or real estate proposition. Our commodity is a war baby and it is good for twenty years. Call or write, 1017 BUTLER BUILDING, Peoples Life Bldg., Randolph and Wells-sts.

### Agents.

AGENTS—CALLING ON GARAGE AND hardware trade can sell repair outfit for automobiles and motor cycles now for spring delivery; large commission; exclusive or side line; men who travel by automobile in season preferred. Address H B 451, Tribune.

AGENTS—SALARY OR COM.; GREATEST seller yet; every user pen and ink buys on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales $620 in 6 days; another $32 in 2 hours. Monroe Mfg. Co., 18, La Crosse, Wis.

AGENTS—TO SELL A USEFUL NECESsity that will sell on sight with good profits. Write for particulars. Sterling Sales Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

### Miscellaneous.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN
To fill orders in our dry goods departments.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO.

WANTED—AT ONCE, A FEW MORE PAtriotic and loyal men, 18 to 45, to join a well organized company of Reserve Militia for protection in case of emergency in Illinois only; drill and school of instruction once a week. Arms furnished by state. Each member must buy his own uniform. Cost about $10, on payments if desired. No other expense. The physical development and military knowledge gained are worth many times the cost. If you cannot go to the front you can help. "Keep the Home Fires Burning." Must have good references. Address F M 545, Tribune.

AUTO WASHER AND POLISHER—CIVIL service examination January 30th at 9 a. m. Applications must be filed in advance. Age limit 20 years over 16. Questions will be of a practical nature. South Park Commissioners. 57th and Cottage Grove-av.

MAN—YOUNG, AGE 25-35, WITH SOME selling experience preferred. Our plan is unique and we train our men thoroughly. Must have at least a high school education. Call after 10 a. m. 411 E. State-st., Manhattan Bldg., 431 S. Dearborn.

MAN—THE COLONIAL STEEL CO. WANTS a warehouse man over 30 years old, weight about 175 lbs., to receive and distribute stock; man must bring written application to receive recognition to 213 W. Lake-st.

MEN—YOUNG, 19-25 YEARS, TO WORK IN stock room; good chance for right party; plant just outside of loop; opportunity for advancement into general office, mechanical or sales depts. when ability is proven; state age, education, etc. Address H 1 520, Tribune.

JANITOR—AT ONCE, FOR SMALL MFG. bldg.; must take care of low pressure boiler together with his janitor work; North Side man preferred; salary $16 per week. The Eagle-Chase Mfg. Co., 254 E. Erie-st.

WE WISH TO MEET MINISTERS OR teachers under 50, looking for dignified congenial traveling positions, paying $1250 to $2000 first year. Address H 1 524, Tribune.

HOWARD-SEVERANCE CO., 205 W. Monroe.

PARCEL POST WRAPPER—EXPERIENCED; also man to weigh parcel post and enter express packages; give phone No. Address H M 485, Tribune.

COLLECTORS AND SKIP TRACERS—FORMing new regime; big proposition; straight salary; steady position. Bernhard's, Madison, corner Union.

MAN — YOUNG, OR BOY, TO WORK IN paint store, who has had some experience in wall paper, paints, and glass; good opportunity. Address H L 220, Tribune.

MEN—THREE, 18-24, COLLEGE OR HIGH school preferred. $65 to $85 to start. Mr. Smith, 9 to 11 Saturday, Room 300, 333 S. Dearborn.

MAN—MARRIED, FOR NIGHT BARN WK.; $2.25 per night; steady work. Apply H. W. Leverenz, 517 Mather-st.

HOUSEMAN, 45 TO 50 YRS. OLD; CATHolic; permanent home; room and board, $40 month. Address H G 380, Tribune.

MAN—AND AUTO; AFTERNOONS, EVEnings; $3 per day. Pay $5 per day. Marshall, Birth Race, Advertising Bldg.

MAN—TO KEEP SHOP AND OFFICE CLEAN —FRENCH & ALLEN, 506 S. Canal.

FOREMAN IN DRUG STORE, SHORT HOURS, 4201, Broadway.

### Day and Contract Work.

WANTED—PLASTERING AND REPAIRING, alterations; reas. Drexel 2410.

### Free Employment Bureau.

MEN—PAST 45; NO CHARGE TO APPLIcant or employer; service men, garage, $18; railroad clerks, $100; $125; $150; $65; assistant accountant, $30; office man, $69.50; information clerk, $75; floormen, $70 to $80; junior draftsmen, $75; electricity $75; hotel clerk, restaurant cashier, engineer, firemen, coal passers, strong men, warehouses, freight depots, factories, stock, shipping, janitors, porters, housemen, elevator operator, bookkeeper, file clerk.

Mailing machine operator, $16.

Strong, intelligent men in grocery department, trucking and packing, $15.

20 men to shovel manure, $2.75 per day; also coal drivers, $65 monthly. Call 56 N. Randolph, 2d floor.

### Employment Agencies.

THE ENGINEERING AGENCY, INC.
ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS.
1601-1606 Monadnock Bl. Ph. Harr. 4056.
OFFERS POSITIONS FOR
ENGINEERS AND DRAFTSMEN
in
Civil, Mechanical, Electrical, Chemical, Architectural, Manufacturing, and Structural Lines
and
MANUFACTURING EXECUTIVES:
Works Managers, Superintendents, Foreman, Master Mechanics, Cost Engineers, Efficiency, Production, Purchasing and Sales.
1662 Monadnock Block.

SEE US TODAY—OPEN FOR INTERVIEWS. H. H. HARRISON CO.
Confidential Employment Service
for
High Grade Men.
19 S. La Salle-st. Room 807.

HIGH GRADE MEN
We have a number of excellent office positions open.
We charge no registration fee.
GLADER AGENCY.
Room 314 Woman's Temple Bldg.
108 S. La Salle-st. Franklin 1914.

Y. M. C. A.
GOOD AND BETTER POSITIONS
Executive, Sales, Technical, Clerical Men.
Suite 301, Central Dept., 19 S. La Salle-st.
Open daily; Tues. and Wed. evenings, 5-8.

WE PLACE HIGH GRADE OFFICE HELP.
AMERICAN RAILWAY BUREAU
(Chicago's Greatest Employment Bureau).
1131 Lumber Exch. Bldg., 11 S. La Salle-st.
Randolph 1049.

EMP. MGR. (INTERCH. PTS., WELFARE work), $3,000-$5,000; Dry. Supt., gas engineers, others. Efficient Service Co., 53 W. Jackson-st.

STEADY GUARANTEED JOBS.
GOOD JOBS IN ALL LINES.
LA SALLE AGENCY, 108 N. LA SALE-ST.

WE NEED HIGH GRADE OFFICE HELP. No advance fee. Terms reasonable. Merchants' Clerical Exch., 503, 153 W. Wash.

OFFICE ASST. (ACCOUNTING DEPT.), $18; Local Freight R. R. Clks. Chgo. Clerical Ex., 64 W. Randolph, R. 804.

WE PLACE HIGH GRADE MEN. BUSINESS MEN'S CLEARING HOUSE, 1402 Republic Bldg., State and Adams.

### TRADE SCHOOLS.

BIG DEMAND FOR TRAINED MEN—OVERhauling, repairing, driving, electric starters, etc. Day and evening classes. Tuition $20 to $35. Time payments accepted. Positions secured for competent graduates. Write or call for booklet. CAREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING, 1515 Wabash-av. Phone Calumet 2857.

SALESMEN—WRITE OR CALL FOR LIST of openings and how to obtain them; city or traveling. Nat. Salesmen's Tr. Assn., 1543 Monadnock Block. Chicago.

LEARN ELECTRICITY, DRAFTING, Plumbing, Motion Picture Operating, Bricklaying. Positions secured; taught by actual practice. Coms. School, 314 S. Dearborn.

LEARN TO CUT CLOTHES; CUTTERS IN big demand; positions pay $25-$50 a week. THE MASTER SCHOOL, 108 N. La Salle-st.

COURSES DRIVING; REPAIR, OVERHAUL ing, starters, etc.; 15 yrs. exp.; tuition $25-$35. Mitchell, 2147 N.Halsted. Diversey8001.

LEADERS AND FOLLOWERS LEARN BARber trade; The City Barber College, 819 S.State.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Executives and Managers.

ASSISTANT CREDIT MANAGER—CHICAGO office lumber concern operating retail yards; woman preferred; experience in systematizing retail credits necessary; limited experience not required. State salary and experience. Address H J 524, Tribune.

### Saleswomen. Solicitors, Etc.

ASSISTANT TO SALES MANAGER.
I need two women to help me in handling real estate sales work. Must be intelligent and capable of obtaining promotion and assuming my position. Light experience.
Also opportunity for beginner. Apply
MISS WILSON, SALES MANAGER,
840 First National Bank Bldg.

LADY—FOR WHOLE OR PART TIME, ACcustomed to interviewing or having acquaintance with teachers in Chicago and Cook County. MR. LEONARD, Room 40, 106 N. La Salle-st.

SALESLADIES—MUST BE NEAT AND OF good address; only those experienced call on retail trade. Phone for appointment. L. P. LARSON JR. CO. Superior 8902. Ask for Mr. Vandervoort.

SALESWOMEN—I CAN USE TWO GOOD specialty saleswomen who can do as they are told and want to become connected with a live selling proposition with large earnings. For those who are workers call 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. FRANK K. REILLY, 200 Title & Trust Bldg., 69 W. Washington-st.

WANTED—A LIMITED NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN FOR LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE SERVICE.

THE WORK CONSISTS OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF TELEPHONE CONNECTIONS FROM CHICAGO TO DISTANT POINTS, SUCH AS BUFFALO, PITTSBURGH, NEW YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO.

APPLICANTS ARE REQUIRED TO FILL VACANCIES CAUSED BY THE INCREASE IN OUR BUSINESS.

YOU WILL RECEIVE SPECIAL TRAINING AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE IS REQUIRED.

THE WORK IS INTERESTING AND SURROUNDINGS ARE CONGENIAL. SALARY PAID WHILE LEARNING. PROMOTION DEPENDS ENTIRELY ON INDIVIDUAL EFFORT. UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR THOSE OF ABILITY. APPLICANTS MUST BE LIVING IN CHICAGO. THOSE UNDER 18 ARE NOT PREFERRED.

APPLY TO MISS WESTBY,
R. 50, 111 N. FRANKLIN-ST.

KILLER, MFG. BUS., UNDERWOOD; highest ref.; living home; $15 per w. Address H M 454, Tribune.

BOOKKEEPER FOR RETAIL SHOE BUSIness. Call before 10 a. m. 41 E. State-st., Manhattan Bldg., 431 S. Dearborn.

CASHIER—EXP. FOR SOUTH SIDE REAL estate office; ref. State salary; good position. Address D 333, Tribune.

CASHIER—AT ONCE; EXPERIENCED; FAmiliar with posting on cards. 516 Hearst Bldg.

CHICAGO TELEPHONE CO.
GOOD POSITIONS FOR
YOUNG WOMEN.

STARTING RATE $8 PER WEEK ON COMPLETION OF A 4 WEEKS' COURSE IN OPERATORS' TRAINING DEPT., DURING WHICH TIME WE PAY YOU $7 PER WEEK.

WHOLESOME LUNCHEONS
FREE.
EXCELLENT WORKING
CONDITIONS.
FREQUENT SALARY
ADVANCES.
A PATRIOTIC SERVICE.

YOUNG WOMEN, 18 YEARS OF AGE OR OVER, APPLY AT ROOM 1, 111 N. FRANKLIN-ST.
CHICAGO TELEPHONE CO.

CLERKS.

GIRLS FOR OFFICE WORK.

Preference given to those having high school education or business training.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.
463d-av. and 24th-st.

CLERK—FILE; EXPERIENCED; LADY; must keep accurate record of papers without of files. Mr. Bower, Electrical Engineers Equipment Co., 711 Meridian-st.

CLERK—GENERAL OFFICE; THOSE WITH selling experience preferred. Apply to MR. EDWARDS, 4046 S. Michigan-av.

CLERK—MAIL EXP. MAIL ORDER; HIGHest sal.; living home; bus. woman; good salary. Address H H 435, Tribune.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—WOMAN, WITH good business training; state experience; $20 per week. Address F 227, Tribune.

FILE CLERK—EXP. CARD FILES; MFG. bus.; highest ref.; living home; $13 p. w. Address H H 445, Tribune.

GIRLS—FOR CLERICAL WORK IN OFFICE. $6 to start. 500 Old Colony Bldg.

GIRL—FOR ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONery store. Apply 1603 W. Madison.

GRAPHOTYPE OPERATORS.

Piece work or straight salary; steady work.
SPIEGEL-MAY-STERN CO.,
1061 W. 35th-st.

LADY—EXPERIENCED, TO TAKE CHARGE of collection department in head office of large line yard retail lumber concern near Chicago; must have experience in handling accounts and be capable of handling private secretarial work; state age and experience. Address H H 231, Tribune.

LADIES — YOUNG, 18-25 YEARS OLD, with good education, for mechanical clerical positions in large accounting department. Address H L 102, Tribune.

LEDGER CLERK—EXP., MUST BE RAPID, accurate, and live on South Side, give phone number. Address H G 463, Tribune.

OPERATORS—FOR MOON-HOPKINS MAchines; multiplying, posting; $ mfg. corp.; state exp. Address H G 422, Tribune.

OPERATOR—DICTAPHONE; GOOD WAGES to right party. Whiting Foundry Equipment Co., Harvey, Ill.

OPERATORS—NUMBERING MACHINE. JOHNSON & QUINN, 725 S. La Salle.

SALESLADIES—EXPERIENCED IN SKIRT and waist dept. Apply Mr. Hultquist, 127 S. State-st. 2d fl.

SALESLADIES—THOROUGHLY EXPECED, for women's and misses' apparel; good salary. Apply at once.
COHEN'S,
6342 S. Halsted.

STENOGRAPHER—FOR PLEASANT POSItion in South Side office; one who can take reasonably rapid dictation; a beginner would be able to make good. Adress H H 463, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—NEAT, RAPID, ACCURate Remington operator; good opportunity for right party; references required. Address H H 53, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, WHO can also direct small force of typists. AMERICAN PERFORATOR CO.

STENOGRAPHER—PERMANENT POSITION. West Side; $12 to start; state experience fully and give phone. Address H L 216, Tribune.

STENO.—EXPERIENCED WITH KNOWLedge of d. e. bookk. and general office work in retail loop store; good ref. required; state wages wanted. Address H L 251, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—INDUSTRIOUS, PREFERably familiar with jewelry trade; excellent opportunity. Phone Harrison 6001.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED ON OLiver; some office work; South Side. Phone Wentworth 618.

STENOGRAPHER—$10 TO START; PERMAnent. Dem. Silica Co., 1535 S. Dearborn.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR — NEAT, bright girl with some reception room experience and capable of operating typewriter; state experience fully, salary, and when can report for duty. Address G G 530, Tribune.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR — EXPERIenced, for two position board in large manufacturing office, just outside loop; state age, experience, and salary. Address H H 470, Tribune.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR—WHO CAN operate typewriter; $8 to start. CRUVER MFG. CO., 2456 W. Jackson-blvd.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR—TYPIST PREferred. FELICHENFELD BROS., 1334 E. 55th-st.

TELEPHONE SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR AND TYPIST—EXPERIENCED APPLY AT ONCE. MAYER BROS., 501 S. FRANKLIN-ST.

TYPISTS.
Young women with experience on Underwood machine.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
463d-av. and 24th-st.

TYPISTS—FOR ADDRESSING AND FILLING ORDERS; HIGHEST PRICES PAID. 6TH FLOOR, 609 S. CLARK-ST.

TYPISTS—2, OVER 16, $8 TO START; PERmanent. Rm. 314, 333 S. Dearborn.

WOMAN—HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, with some experience in cost work or bookkeeping; city cost work; must be bright and capable of figuring accurately and rapidly. Address H H 468, Tribune.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Saleswomen, Solicitors, Etc.

SALESWOMEN—REPRESENTING HOUSE TO house; customers waited. New proposition, easy sales. Inexperienced women making three sales per day. Commission $5 each sale. Call this morning 9 to 10. Room 804 Hearst Bldg.

SALESLADIES—2, WHO HAVE EXPERIence in soliciting; no selling, just appointment; salary, bonus. Apply 10-12 Saturday, Mitt's, 414 North American Bldg.

SOLICITORS—WOMEN, TO REPRESENT reliable concern; good wages. 9 a.m. Saturday, 1461 Jackson, Mr. R. Gibbs.

### Stores and Offices.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—CAPABLE OF handling large volume of posting and taking off trial balance on customers' ledgers. State experience and salary. Address H H 438, Tribune.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF YOUNG WOMEN FOR LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE SERVICE.

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TYPISTS.
Young women with experience on Underwood machine.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
463d-av. and 24th-st.

TYPISTS—FOR ADDRESSING AND FILLING ORDERS; HIGHEST PRICES PAID. 6TH FLOOR, 609 S. CLARK-ST.

TYPISTS—2, OVER 16, $8 TO START; PERmanent. Rm. 314, 333 S. Dearborn.

WOMAN—HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, with some experience in cost work or bookkeeping; city cost work; must be bright and capable of figuring accurately and rapidly. Address H H 468, Tribune.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Stores and Offices.

WANTED—AT THE NEW Butterick Bldg., 2231-2249 South Park-av., young girls to fill pattern orders; So. Side "L" and I. C. transportation. Apply Supt. of Employment, 4th floor.

### Household and Domestic.

CHAMBERMAIDS—APPLY HOUSEKEEPER, Edgewater Beach Hotel, Sheridan-rd.

COOK, WHITE; MUST HAVE GOOD REFERences. 5117 Kenwood-av. 1st apt. Phone Midway 6437.

GIRL—NEAT, COMPETENT, FOR HOUSEwork, (to go home nights); small family; good cook; must have ref. 5557 Blackstone-av. Hyde Park 4127.

GIRL—GENERAL HOUSEWORK; FAMILY of 6 rm. apt.; good home and wages. 511 Galt-av., S.W. BONNACK.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED; GEN'L HOUSEWK.; family of 4; small children; good wages. Phone Mrs. GORDAN, Kimball Park 1454.

GIRL—FOR GEN. HSWK.; NO LAUNDRY; $10 per week; ref. required. 5456 Drexel. Park-blvd.

GIRL—TO WAIT ON TABLE AND ASSIST with housework in boarding house. 117 S. Oak Park-av.

GIRL — FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; washing optional; can go home nights. 5826 Ninth-av., Austin.

GIRL — ASSIST GENERAL HOUSEWORK and children. 1718 E. 55th-st., 1st.

SITUATION WTD—YOUNG COLORED GIRL, Calumet 1356.

GIRL — YOUNG; TO TAKE BABY OUT; $3 home nights. 745 Garfield-bl., 2d flr.

HOUSEKEEPER—WORKING, NEAT, CAPable; good plain cook; 2 adults, 2 kids. Good home. Address D 328, Tribune.

HOUSEKEEPER—3 IN FAMILY; FATHER and 2 sons, ages 9 and 12. Address F 102, Tribune.

MAID—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 926 Garfield-bl. Phone Drexel 1806. 2 small children.

MAID—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; home nights. 5447 University-av., 2d apt. Midway 8300.

MAID—WHITE, GENERAL HOUSEWORK, no washing; references; $9 wk. 5135 Ingleside-av., 1st.

MAID — APARTMENT, TWO IN FAMILY; near car. Call before 10 a. m. 4414 Dakin-st.

MOTHER'S HELPER—YOUNG GIRL, AMERican; only one 4 year old child. Call Midway 8300 from 8 to 9 a. m.

NURSE—COMPETENT, GERMAN PREFERring, for ten months old healthy, only child; North Side; good home; references. Address F 102, Tribune.

SECOND MAID—IN A FLATS WHERE A competent girl is appreciated and will have a good home; must be willing to assist taking care of two girls; $10. 2810 Lincoln-av. HELLER, 5563 Everett-av., corner 56th-st. and the lake, 2d apt.

WOMAN—YOUNG, PROTESTANT, TO CARE for sick children under trained nurse. Chicago Home for Friendless, 5050 Vincennes-av.

### Professions and Trades.

BINDERY GIRLS—EXPERIENCED. ROSENBENTHAL BROS., 216 S. Desplaines-st.

BINDERY GIRLS—HEYDEN CO., 416 S. Dearborn-st.

DRAPERS AND FINISHERS.
Young women who have had experience on high class dresses; good pay.
MR. FEORI,
Rm. 510, 616 S. Michigan.

GIRLS—FOR LABELING.
Nice positions for nice factory work; advances from time to time as you become more experienced; nice surroundings; large, sanitary plant, well lighted, with lots of fresh air; close to street car line.
CALUMET
BAKING POWDER CO.,
4100-4124 Fillmore-st.

GIRLS FOR LIGHT
FACTORY WORK.
Permanent Employment.
Good working conditions.
RAND, McNALLY & CO.,
536 So. Clark-st.

GIRLS—FOR LIGHT, CLEAN assembly work; light and sanitary workroom; pay weekly; Saturday afternoons off. Apply 4th floor,
328 W. KINZIE-ST.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED, FOR GENERAL tindery work; tipping, gathering, inserting on mail order catalogues; also girls 16 years old to learn; good wages. 48 hours per week.
HENNEBERRY COMPANY,
22d and Canal.

GIRLS—FOR SOLDERING.
$9 a week. Apply
328 W. Kinzie-st., 4th Floor.

GIRL—TO DO EMBROIDERY—ONE WHO understands designing; also skirt and waist finishers. Anderson Gowns, 606 Kesner Bldg.

GIRLS—FOR OPERATING POWER SEWING machines. Apply 6th floor, H. CHANNON CO., 150 N. Market-st.

GIRLS—BINDERY; EXPERIENCED. 5TH floor, Kenfield-Leach Co., 610 Federal-st.

GIRLS—FOR LIGHT FACTORY WORK. AP-ply 5700 W. 125th-st.

GIRLS—FOR LIGHT ASSEMBLING WORK. Justrite Mfg. Co., 2061 Southport-av.

GIRLS—FOR LIGHT FACTORY WORK. JOHNSON & QUINN, 725 S. La Salle.

GIRL—FACTORY; OVER 16 YEARS AT 1750 N. Ashland-av.

GIRL—EXPERIENCED; TO FEED FOLDING machine. Campbell Co., 316 S. Canal-st.

HOTEL HELP.
SANTA FE RAILROAD.
Waitresses, maids, kitchen helpers for the Harvey Houses along the line. Every effort is made to make our employes
Happy and Comfortable.
Only respectable women with character references employed.
FRED HARVEY,
18th-st. and Wentworth-av.

LADY—NEAT APPEARING, FOR WAITress; exclusive soda trade. Central Drug, 3958 Sheridan.

MACHINE SEWERS—GOOD, NOT NECESSARily dressmakers; can get skirts to make at home. 1851 Benson-av., Evanston, Ill.

MILLINERY MAKERS.
Steady positions; excellent working conditions. Hours, 8:30-5:30; splendid salaries.
Room 510, 616 S. Michigan.

MILLINERS—WHO ARE NEAT SEWERS; steady positions; good wages. Apply at once, 181 W. Madison, Room 608.

OPERATORS—EXPERIENCED ON AWNings, tents, bunting, flags, and general canvas work; steady employment. Apply GEORGE B. CARPENTER & CO., 440 N. Wells-st., 5th floor.

PRESS GIRLS—EXPER.; ALSO GIRLS TO learn; permanent. PARK DYEING & CLEANING CO., 312 W. 31st-st.

PRESS GIRLS—3 IN A CLEANING FAC. Lory; experienced only. 3811-3 Halsted-st.

SAMPLE PASTERS—EXPERIENCED, FOR large tailor books. Best pay in Chicago. Apply at once, KAHN BROS., 500 S. Throop.

SAMPLE PASTERS — EXPERIENCED. Apply MEYER & CO., 231 W. Adams.

SHADE MAKERS — EXPERIENCED, AND experienced sewers to learn silk shade making; permanent positions. 1104 S. Wabash. Room 65.

STRAW OPERATORS.
EXPERIENCED ON HIGH GRADE WORK. BEST PRICES.
FRAME MAKERS.
SKILLED IN HAND MADE FRAME WORK.
COPYISTS AND MAKERS.
16 YEARS OR OVER.
D. B. FISK & CO.,
225 No. Wabash-av.

WOMEN—EXPERIENCED, FOR FITTING and alteration, for women's and misses' apparel.
COHEN'S,
6343 S. Halsted.

WOMAN—HELP IN HOME BAKERY, TO bake; refs.; do not call unless you know your business. 6710 Wentworth-av.

## WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

### Professions and Trades.

WANTED—100 GIRLS FOR bindery work at 21st-st. and Calumet-av.; experience unnecessary; clean work, in light, well ventilated workrooms, overlooking Lake Michigan; all table work, handling paper products; no dangerous machinery; $7 a week to start and a bonus for product; must be 16 years or older; steady work for girls who show ability; all Cottage Grove and Indiana-av. cars to 21st-st., walk 2 blocks east to the lake; I. C. to 22d-st. station. Apply at once.
R. R. DONNELLEY & SONS CO., 21st-st. and Calumet-ave.

WANTED AT ONCE.
Experienced Straw Operators
On finest

## BOARD AND LODGING—SOUTH.

KIMBARK AV., 5203—A REAL HOME FOR refined woman; steam heat, elec. light; hot water; 2 blks. to Hyde Park. Ph. Hyde Park 1933.

LINDLEY AV., NEAR 50TH-ST.—SD APT. of 2 rooms, kitchenette and bath; hot water heat; $30 per month. Phone Hyde Park 1933.

DREXEL BLVD., 3124—WARM FRT. RM., 1 OR 2 gentlemen; 2 blks. L.; Drexel, Oak. 2451.

DREXEL PARK, 4135—LARGE FRONT ROOM, suitable for 2; quiet cozy home; also single room; private home table; L. C. surf.; 2 blks. to Drexel Park. Ph. Oak. 4757.

DREXEL PARK, 4757—BELGRADE APTS.—Large sunny rooms with board, $6 up; excellent table and transportation. Kenwood 7540.

DREXEL PARK, 3880—IDEAL HOME; NICE room for 2 gentlemen; 2 blks. L.; 1 blk. surf.; 2 blks. cars. Phone

## REAL ESTATE WANTED.

**For Cash.**

WANTED—I HAVE AVAILABLE NOW A large fund to buy unincumbered flat bldgs. and business property. NO COMMISSION. S. E. NEWMAN 1605, 11 S. La Salle-st. Rand. 4080.

WANTED—ATTENTION—WANT $40,000 TO $60,000 farm, s. or w. of Chicago, or s. Wis.; will give cash and clear desirable Indiana farm. Owners address H K 51, Tribune.

WANTED — TO BUY FOR SPOT CASH, equities in improved or vacant business properties; will make quick deal. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 110 S. Dearbn.

WANTED—RIVERSIDE LOTS. CHEAP FOR cash; 3d division preferred; give size and location. Address H H 283, Tribune.

WANTED—SMALL HOUSE IN RIVERSIDE, first or third division; up to $10,000; give full description. Address E 243, Tribune.

**By Brokers.**

WANTED—WILL PAY CASH FOR EQUITY in 6, 12, 18, or 24 apt. bldgs. if a genuine bargain, and make quick deal. E. H. WOOLF & CO. 79 W. Monroe-st.

WANTED—WELL LOCATED IMPROVED OR vacant property for sale or exchange. J. E. EHRENHALT, 105 W. Monroe-st.

## REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

**Apartments.**

FOR EXCHANGE—MODERN 27-APT. BUILDing, located on Seminary-av., near Center-st. Hardwood finish, electric lights gas ranges, refrigerators, all street improvements. Small incumbrance; also 350 acres of Michigan land clear which I wish to exchange for a large 2 or 3 room apartment. Address F M 544 Tribune.

FOR EXCHANGE—DREXEL-BLVD. APARTment bldg.; rental $14,000; mtg. $50,000, 5½, 5 yrs., no payments. Want clear farm or bld improved for $70,000 equity. Address H H 189, Tribune.

FOR EXCHANGE—MODERN SOUTH SIDE apt. bldg., mtg. $6,000; rental $2,400; price $14,000. Want clear residence or 2 flat in Woodlawn for equity. Address H L 219, Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE—36 APT. BUILDING, LOcated in Albany Park; 1st mortgage $65,000; rental $15,332. Will pay full commission to broker. Owner, H. ERICKSEN, 4626 N. Lawndale-av. Monticello 2309.

FOR EXCHANGE—MODERN 3 FLAT, S. S.; mtg. $5,500; rent $1,200; price $8500; consider vacant or old improved; will make quick deal. Address D J 241, Tribune.

FOR EXCHANGE—1626-28-30 FARGO-AV 3 flats, 6 rms.; incumbrance $21,500; will trade for 2, 3 or 6 flat on West Side. KRAUSE, BEAK & CO., 10 S. La Salle-st.

TO EXCHANGE — NEW 6 FLAT BLDG. rent $4,100; mtg. $2,500; price $13,000; 5½; what have you clear for equity? Will make close deal. Address G J 154, Tribune.

WHY EXCHANGE MODERN BUNGALOW, heated 2 flat building, 6 rms. each. N. W. Side. Will take bungalow or vacant in good location for equity. Address H J 337, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—$6,000 EQUITY IN A NEW 4 room 6 flat bldg., furnace and stove heat; will exchange for vacant property or small farm in Ill. Address E 306, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE APT. EQUITIES for smaller clear and farms; can match any deal. H. ESSINGER & CO., 40 N. Dearborn-st.

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WHY EXCHANGE MODERN BUNGALOW, heated 2 flat building, 6 rms. each. N. W. Side. Will take bungalow or vacant in good location for equity. Address H J 337, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—$6,000 EQUITY IN A NEW 4 room 6 flat bldg., furnace and stove heat; will exchange for vacant property or small farm in Ill. Address E 306, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—HIGH GRADE APT. EQUITIES for smaller clear and farms; can match any deal. H. ESSINGER & CO., 40 N. Dearborn-st.

**Houses.**

TO EXCHANGE—MODERN 2 R. CLEAR rms.; steam heat, 2 lots 50x124 ft.; all located in an exclusive neighborhood; price $8,000; want 6 flat. North or West Side; will add $2,000 cash. W. E. METERS & CO., 79 W. Monroe-st.

EXCH. 8 ROOM SUB. HOUSE AND ACRE ground, clear; want heavy br. farm. ROBT. F. MUELLER, 29 S. La Salle-st.

**Vacant.**

FOR EXCHANGE—100 FEET CLEAR VAcant near good transportation; want 2 or 3 flat south. Address G G 562, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—2 LOTS, 50 FT. EACH FRONT by $1,500 equity 61st, cor. Wayeland and 40th-st. BECK, 3930 N. Robey-st.

WANTED—TO EXCH.—FOR 7 PASS. SEDAN or limousine, $3,000 lot; inc. $1,000. Oak Park 6526.

**Miscellaneous.**

WANTED—A 3 FLAT, NORTH OR NORTHwest, modern; mtge. not too heavy; will give a bargain clear or an equity in S. E. residence and cash; give full particulars in first letter for attention. Address F M 547, Tribune.

WANTED—PROPERTIES AND FARMS FOR exch. Can match any trade. State your wants for what you don't want. Describe fully. Arthur G. Leader, 40 N. Dearborn-st.

WANTED—12 TO 18 APT. BLDG., SUBJECT to first mtg. only; north or N. West; have good West Side property to exchange. Address D J 257, Tribune.

LET US TRADE YOUR REAL ESTATE YOU don't want for what you do want. ROHM & SIMONS, 140 N. Dearborn-st.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

LOANS AT LOWEST RATES on Chicago Real Estate. UNION TRUST CO., 9 S. DEARBORN-ST.

SEE US FOR WHAT MONEY YOU WISH to borrow on Chicago real estate. E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., Established 1868. 40 N. Dearborn-st.

OLD ESTAB. MORTGAGE BANKING HOUSE will make choice 1st mtg. bond issues at current rates and commission as low as 2½ per cent. State amounts wanted and location of property. Address H J 289, Tribune.

MONEY TO LOAN On Chicago and suburban real estate. FIRST MORTGAGES FOR SALE. HEAD & ORR, 69 W. Washington-st.

PRIVATE FUNDS $100 TO $1,000,000. TO loan on 1st and 2d mtgs., 5½%; quick action, honorable dealing. B. K. GOODMAN, Phone Harrison 7848. 3110 W. Madison-st.

2D MORTGAGE LOANS IN 1 DAY. Private funds, low rates, easy payments. We buy mortgages. See us first. SIMMONS BROS., R. 1, 69 W. Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE AND COMMERCIAL LOANS, real est. contracts bought. Property purchased for cash. Immediate service. DAVID LEVY, 1206 Ashland Blk.

G. H. SCHNEIDER & CO., 10 S. LA SALLE. Telephone Franklin 3302.

REAL ESTATE LOANS. LOWEST RATES. BUILDING LOANS. PROMPT SERVICE.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS, $100 TO $20,000, made quickly on vacant and improved. Repayable in small monthly payments, 6%. F. A. MacHUGH, 160 W Jackson-blvd.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CHICAGO real estate. WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 58 and 60 W. Washington-st.

LOAN, 5 TO 10 YR. TERMS; ANN. PMTS. Arthur B. Cody & Sons, Loan Agts. State Mut. Bldg., 105 S. La Salle. Rand 1626.

PRIVATE PARTY DESIRES SECOND MTG. up to $25,000; must be well secured. Apply store, 31 W. Monroe-st. Central 8459.

EDGAR A. SNOW & CO., 69 W. WASHINGton-st., make large and small loans on improved Chicago real estate at low current rates.

CENTRAL REAL ESTATE LOANS WITHout commission. Mortgages for sale. Life Ins. Co. WM. SCOTT BOND, 25 N. Dearborn.

1ST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE PROMPTly on Chicago real estate. NEWBURY & CO., 6 N. Clark-st.

1ST MORTGAGE LOANS MADE IN CITIES of 25,000 and above. LEVY BROS., Westminster Bldg., Chicago.

JOHN B. KNIGHT & CO. 74 W. Washington-st. Real Estate, Loans, Insurance.

LOANS ON CHICAGO IMPROVED PROPERTY. Bldg. loans 5% to 6%. CHANDLER, HOLBERT & CO., 105 W. Washington-st.

HAVE SPECIAL FUND FOR CHOICE 2D mortgage loans. Phone Main 4424 or address H J 190, Tribune.

TYLER & KRAMER, 25 N. DEARBORN-ST. Bldg. loans made on Chicago real estate in amounts of $1,000-$25,000. Mtgs. for sale.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL estate at 5%. JOHN D. ALLEN & SON, 40 N. Dearborn-st. 701 Davis-st., Evanston.

2D MTG. LOANS MADE ON COOK COUNTY real estate in 6 hours. Eugene Massey, Banker, 6 S. Dearborn. Central 6819.

MONEY TO LOAN— ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE. OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 105 N. Clark-st.

LOANS ON REAL PROPERTY AT BEST terms and rates. WM. A. BOND & CO., 25 N. Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE FUNDS TO LOAN ON 2D MORTgages. Ben. Brautigam, 69 W. Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON NORTH SHORE residences by OWEN & SMART, 1580 Sherman-av., Evanston, Ill.

LOANS FROM $200 UP; VACANT OR IMproved city or suburban; rates, privilege and secld. ARTHUR G. LUDEKE, 30 N. Dearborn.

$600 $1,200 $2,500 $7,500 6% MORTGAGES FOR SALE. FRED'K H. REVEN McCARTHY & CO., 140 W. WASHINGTON-ST.

NORTH SHORE LOANS PROMPTLY MADE. McGUIRE & ORR, 69 W. Washington-st.

## REAL ESTATE LOANS.

5½% FOR PREFERRED SECURITY 5½% The names on our books include many borrowers and investors, and their families, who have been doing business with us since 1871. FORTY-SEVEN YEARS. WM. J. REINEMANN & CO., 10 S. La Salle-st.

WE HAVE LARGE FUNDS ALWAYS ON hand to make second mortgage real estate loans. We also purchase first and second mortgage paper at liberal discount and let you know on same day if we are interested. CHICAGO MORTGAGE CORPORATION, 731 W. 12th. Phone Canal 1095.

SECOND MORTGAGES UP TO $20,000 made in 48 hours. Can quote you exceptionally low rates on well secured flat bldgs. and business property. Monthly payments not necessary on good loans. S. H. NEWMAN, R. 1605, 11 S. La Salle-st. Rand. 4080.

C. C. MITCHELL & CO. 5% AND 5½% MONEY TO LOAN. QUICK ACTION. ANY AMOUNT. WE LOAN IN CHICAGO OR SUBURBS. WE LOAN MONEY TO BUILD. 69 W. WASHINGTON-ST. RAND. 251. ESTABLISHED 1894.

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE IMPROVED OR vacant. Building loans a specialty. Quick action. H. O. STONE & CO. Phone Main 1885. 111 W. Washington-st.

TO LOAN $ $ $ MONEY ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.

HIBERNIAN BANK, 208 S. LA SALLE-ST.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS ON IMPROVED city real estate; any amount; reasonable. A. E. WESTMAN, 139 N. Clark-st.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

LEGAL NOTICE—NOTICE BY RECEIVER Concerning Filing of Claims. IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF INDIANA. CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF ILLINOIS and WILLIAM F. ARNOTT, Complainants, vs. GARY AND INTERURBAN RAILROAD COMPANY and GARY AND INTERURBAN RAILWAY COMPANY, Defendants.—IN EQUITY. NO. 134. Consolidated Causes IN EQUITY NOS. 134, 143, and 229.

To the Creditors of the Undersigned, Charles D. Davidson, as Receiver of the property and property rights of the said Gary and Interurban Railroad Company and of the East Chicago Street Railway Company, including all persons, firms, and corporations having claims of any kind or nature, whether the same arose ex contractu or ex delicto, against said Charles D. Davidson as such Receiver:

Pursuant to the requirement on his behalf in the order of the above mentioned Court Hereinafter set forth, notice is hereby given by the undersigned, as the Receiver of the property and property rights of the Gary and Interurban Railroad Company and of the East Chicago Street Railway Company, pursuant to authority given to him by order of the District Court of the United States for the District of Indiana, in the cause entitled "Central Trust Company of Illinois et al. vs. Gary and Interurban Railroad Company et al., No. 134, in Equity," sitting at his office at 800 Broadway, Gary, Indiana, on the 25th day of February, 1918, at 10 o'clock a. m., and from day to day thereafter until sold, offer for sale at private sale for cash a stock of electric railroad signaling consisting of one pair parts for GE-205-B motors, Westinghouse 112-B motors, No. 15 Cooper heater, McGuire-Cummings high speed truck, Westinghouse 4 cm. control, and other items.

Dated this 23d day of January, 1918.

CHARLES D. DAVIDSON, Receiver of the Gary and Interurban Railroad Company and of the East Chicago Street Railway Company.

## FINANCIAL.

CAPITAL—CHICAGO MANUFACTURER, NAtionally known as the leader in his line, will take in capable man with $25,000 to $50,000 who can show cash value in executive capacity. Output is sold in advance to largest jobbers and mail order houses at substantial profit. Investigation gives business, unquestioned trade, commercial agency, and bank references; discounts all bills. Replies confidential. Give phone number. Address H H 346, Tribune.

WILL EXCHANGE 6 PER CENT GOLD bonds secured by first mortgage on large apartment building for vacant property or take them at par. Address H H 384, Tribune.

WANTED—TO BUY LIBERTY BONDS. will take them at par. Address H H 385, Tribune.

LOANS ON MUNICIPAL AND LIBERTY bonds in sums of $25 to $2,000. No delay. No commission. H. KOCH, 25 N. Dearborn.

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, 126 S. La Salle-st., makes loans on central property at current rates without commission.

INHERITANCE AND TRUST INTERESTS bought or collected. Loans. NORTON & CO., 1433 Conway Bldg., 111 W. Wash.-st.

## MORTGAGES.

GREENEBAUM SONS' BANK AND TRUST Co.—First class Chicago first mortgages and bonds bearing 6% for sale; $100, $500, $1,000, and upward. Send for list No. 42. Corner La Salle and Madison-sts.

BONDS AND MORTGAGES ON CATHOLIC church property in denominations of $500 and $1,000 for sale. CREMIN & O'CONNOR, 105 W. Adams-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE BOND IN DENOMINAtions of $50 and larger, yielding 8% to 10%; payment of principal and interest guaranteed. Address G X 242, Tribune.

6% 1ST MORTGAGES ON CHICAGO REAL estate, $2,000 up; int. collected without charge. WILLY J. BELL, 69 W. Wash.-st.

$15 MORTGAGES ON IMPROVED FARMS to net 6%. S. T. BUTLER, Rookery Bldg.

## LOANS—PERSONAL PROPERTY.

CHICAGO STATE PAWNERS' SOCIETY, Under State Control. LOANS ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND MERCHANDISE At Lowest Rates.

You can pay loans back by partial payments. 22 W. Washington-st. N. E. Cor. Dearborn-st. Bank Floor, over Washington Shirt Co.

LOANS ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, AND jewelry at lowest rates. Geo. M. Fee, Reliable American Pawnbroker, 34 W. Monroe.

## AUTOMOBILES—GASOLINE.

# Automobile Show Visitors

ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO INSPECT THE

# S. & L. FORD Headquarters

FOR SALES AND SERVICE.

3812-16 SO. WABASH-AV.

Chicago's newest, largest, and best equipped Ford agency, occupying an entire new building, designed and built with the intention of being CHICAGO'S MODEL FORD STATION.

Backed by responsible parties and with a reputation for the highest quality of service and fair dealing with all customers. The firm personally stands back of every car sold and every piece of work done.

Only 5 minutes' ride from the Coliseum on any southbound State-st. or Indiana-av. trolley or any "L" to 39th-st.

During AUTO SHOW WEEK we are making some especially attractive offers on USED FORD CARS.

## S. & L. Motor Co.

JACOB LINDHEIMER, President. E. J. SHEEHAN, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. 3812-16 WABASH-AV.

PHONE BOULEVARD 9100.

OPEN TILL 9 EACH EVENING AND ALL DAY SUNDAY.

1915 PACKARD 3-38. car that will get you there on time in safety. This is a rare, passenger machine in excellent mechanical condition and completely equipped for $1,500. Cost per passenger mile very low. No. 718.

PACKARD MOTOR CAR CO OF CHICAGO. Michigan-av. at 24th-st. Calumet 7400.

MOST CLASSY ECONOMICAL CAR IN town—1917 Oakland, 6 cyl., 7 pass. specify full leather Victoria top, car painted French gray trimmed in red, seat covers, five Houk wire wheels, three extra tires, speedometer, tires; coach and mechanical condt. like new; cost over $1,200, price $825 cash. Phone McKinley 4732.

FORDS—DODGES—BUICKS. 100 other Used Cars to select from. ERWIN GREER AUTOMOBILE COMPANY, 1515-17 Michigan-av. Calumet 4600. Open Sunday.

FORD SEDAN, JUST LIKE NEW; COST over $1,100; equipped with Gray and Davis starting and lighting system, demountable rims, nonskid tires, etc.; only $565; terms to suit. Will take your car in trade. GLASER, 1460 Michigan-av. Cal. 2914.

WE HAVE THE BEST LINE OF SMALL used cars in the city; '16 Maxwells, '16 Dodge; '16 Detroiter; '17 Ford; '16 Crow-Elkhart; '17 Scripps-Booth; '15 Scripps-Booth; '16 Dort. Prices $250 to $425. Auto Salvage Co., 1436 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE — 1914 ABBOTT DETROIT 7 pass., with 45 h. p. Continental motor, tire pump, self-starter, lighting system, good top, 5 extra seats, 36x4½ tires; $300 for quick sale. 429 S. Western-av., store.

FOR SALE—MY 1917, 6 CYLINDER 50 H. P. Cadillac, ideal doctor's car; perfect mechanical condition; extra tire; all modern accessories; no reasonable price refused; must sell at once. Phone Roosevelt 897.

1918 STEARNS-KNIGHT COUPE; RUN 25 miles; 4 cyl., 4 pass. Your wonderful chance to save some money on this beautiful job. Sold on examination. SHOW, 1420 Michigan-av. Phone Calumet 868.

1915 ALLEN TOURING CAR, GOOD AS new, starting and lighting system; will sell as a bargain. Call evenings, 4025 Calumet-av. Phone Drexel 6845.

DODGE BROTHERS CLOSED CAR, RECENT series, in splendid condition in every way; special extra equipment. Price reasonable. Calumet 7300.

$265 TAKES MY 1915 MODEL 81, 4 CYL., 5 pass., Overland touring; in fine condition; 30" tires. Will sacrifice for cash. Phone Prospect 9460.

HAVE CHOICE COLLECTION OF HIGH Grade Used Cars. Inspection invited. LOUIS GEYLER COMPANY. 25th and Indiana. Calumet 8226.

FOR SALE—FORD TOURING; WINTER top, demountable rims, Gray & Davis apparatus, tire and accessories; best offer accepted before Sunday noon. Phone Sunnyside 9718.

FOR SALE—OVERLAND MODEL 90 COUNtry Club; run less than 5,000 miles; like condition; price, $600 or best cash offer. Leaving city. Phone Edgewater 7109.

1916 DODGE 5 PASS. TOURING CAR, FULly equipped and in A1 condition, will sacrifice for $400 cash. Address H G 583, Tribune.

WILLYS-KNIGHT MODEL 88-4, RUN 800 miles, several hundred dollars extra equipment. Will sacrifice. Cash or terms. 4530 GORDON PARK. North-av.

1916 OVERLAND MODEL 83 WITH WINter top; extra tire; shock absorbers; bumper, etc.; bargain for cash. 7813 S. Halsted. Vincennes 327.

BRAND NEW OVERLAND TOURING CARS, model 90; while they last at cut prices. Inquire of TENNANT OAKLAND CO., 2447 MICHIGAN-AV.

FOR SALE—1917 DIXIE CAR; LOOKS LIKE new; guaranteed; $500. 1917 Ford, delivery body, $300. 3800 Fullerton-av.

4-36 ALL YEAR KISSEL, EXTRA TOP seat covers, and tire cover; newly painted and overhauled. 4117 N. Kildare-av. Irving 5058.

USED CAR BARGAINS— V. MARKLE COMPANY, 2187 AND MICHIGAN-AV.

APPERSON 1913, 5 PASS. TOUR. WILL SELL for storage Jan. 29, 3 p. m. Phone Normal 677.

BARGAINS IN USED FORD ROADSTERS and Tourings, like new, thoroughly overhauled. LAWDER BROS., 69th, near State.

$275 STUDEBAKER CABRIOLET, 1915, 3 passenger car for summer or winter, complete. 1154 W. Lake, cor. Ann.

FORD SEDAN AND COUPE, ALL LATEST improvements; both practically new; cash bargain. Phone Van Buren 1660.

1916 FORD, 5 PASS., TOP; 6 GOOD tires; good mechanical and coach condition. Price $165 cash. Ph. Prospect 9460.

HUPMOBILES AND MERCERS. Used cars, overhauled and repainted. 2317 Michigan-av. Calumet 4707.

1918 DODGE TOUR., EXTRA TIRE; WILL sacrifice for cash; slightly used. 2040 Milwaukee-av.

UNDERTAKERS, NOTICE—MUST SELL MY genuine Cunningham black hearse, $850 for quick sale. 2307 Chicago-av.

1918 MITCHELL, 6 PASS., USED 1,500 miles only. Must be sold this week for $950. 2307 Chicago-av.

$150 BUYS REO 1913 5 PASS., IN GOOD condition, extra tire; shock absorbers, etc. 7813 S. Halsted-st. Vincennes 327.

CLOSING OUT A LINE OF POPULAR 1917 light cars, 1917 models; sacrifice prices; terms. Address G X 558, Tribune.

FOR SALE—1917 ALLEN SEDAN, EXCELlent condition throughout, stze-cyre price, $1,250. Stanley Motor Carriage Co., 2131 Indiana-av.

1917 MAXWELL, 5 PASS., LIKE BRAND new, cheap if sold quick; means cash. Prospect 130.

BIG BARGAIN—MUST SELL COUPE CAR at once; fine cond.; good tires; fully equipd. $1,250. 40th-st. Oakland 2143.

FORD TOURING CAR—FIRST-CLASS CONdition; used only 6 weeks; $310 cash. 3746 Armitage-av. Humboldt 747.

FORD—BARGAIN; DEMOUNTABLE RIMS and starter. Kedzie 7287.

$1,150 CAL. BARGAIN — FOR TOURING. 1154 W. Lake, cor. Ann. Monroe 788.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, 1917 FORD TOUR. body with winter top. Edgewater 2406.

$195 TAKES FORD GROCERY; ELEGANT condition. Address E 305, Tribune.

MUST SELL FINE FORD TOUR. WITH WINter top. O'NEILL, 1434 E. 63d. Mid. 3233.

## AUTOMOBILES—GASOLINE.

# MARMON USED CAR SALE

Is now on. Good used cars are going up in price on account of the advance in new cars. Do not wait too long. We are offering for this week, 50 rebuilt and repainted high grade automobiles below market prices. You will have to see these cars to appreciate their value. We have a closed car to send for you. This will place you under no obligations.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO OUT OF TOWN VISITORS DURING THIS WEEK.

Below we give a partial list of our cars.

1916 Jeffery, demountable top.
1916 Packard Twin Kimball Sedan body.
1911 Packard 30 limousine.
1912 Packard 30 limousine.
1911 Pierce Arrow 7 pass. limo.
1913 Peerless 7 pass. limo.
1916 Paige 7 pass. Sedan.

OPEN CARS.

1917 Marmon 34-B 7 pass. touring.
1916 Marmon 41-7 pass. touring.
1917 Packard twin touring.
1916 Buick roadster.
1917 Jeffery touring.
1915 Lozier touring.
1915 National 7 passenger.
1916 Marmon touring.
1917 Overland 6 roadster.
1917 Premier touring.
1917 Stearns 6 touring.

Terms if desired.

Our winter bulletin, giving description and prices of 50 cars from $200 up mailed on request.

MARMON CHICAGO COMPANY 2430 Michigan-av. Cal. 543.

# ELGIN

1916 Maxwell.
1915 Maxwell.
1917 Ford, like new.
1916 Regal.
1917 Elgin demonstrator touring.
1917 Elgin chummy roadster, like new.
1917 Dodge convertible sedan.
1917 Elgin demonstrator touring.

ELGIN MOTOR CAR CORP., 2427 Michigan. Calumet 6420.

AUTO FINANCE CO. WILL SELL YOU ANY MAKE OF CAR, NEW OR USED, OR PURCHASE SAME FROM ANY DEALER OR INDIVIDUAL ON EASY PAYMENT PLAN.

ALSO ADVANCE MONEY ON YOUR CAR. TAKE UP DEALERS' NOTES AND GIVE EXTENDED TIME PAYMENTS. 2234 S. MICHIGAN-AV. SUITE 644 RAILWAY EXCHANGE BLDG. HARRISON 772.

1915 FRANKLIN TOURING CAR—A HIGH grade, very economically operated 5 passenger touring car in exceptionally good mechanical condition. Well equipped with Silvertown cord tires, one man top, special curtains which open with doors, etc. Just the car for winter driving. $750.

CADILLAC AUTOMOBILE COMPANY OF ILLINOIS. 2301 Michigan-av. Calumet 4841.

1917 FORD TOURING CAR, EQUIPPED WITH DEM. RIMS, PERRY LOCK, SHOCK ABSORBERS, AND MANY EXTRAS; MECHANICAL PERFECT CONDITION; $100 CASH, BALANCE EASY PAYMENTS. HAROLD HATCHER 214 E. 33D. PR. DOUGLAS 7674.

HERE IS POSITIVELY THE BEST VALUE IN CHICAGO.

Late 1917 Maxwell touring, driven only 400 miles; equipped with 5 Lee tires, electric starter, Springfield body, spotlight, bumpers, etc.; cost $1,345; will sell for $750; liberal terms. Don't fail to see this.

SOUTH SIDE BUICK SALES CO. 6047 S. Halsted. Englewood 170.

A BARGAIN—SERIES 18, 50-36 H. P., 6 cylinder Studebaker 2 passenger landau, complete with standard equipment, and other extras, including bumper, extra tire, etc. Only used a few months by present owner. In first class condition; can be inspected now in downtown garage. Immediate delivery. Address H J 424, Tribune.

OVERLAND COUPE— Have purchased a touring car and have no further use for my 4 pass. Overland coupe. Has electric starter and lights, demountable rims, demountable rims, and tires like new. Call today. Price reasonable. MR. FORBES. Douglas 7075. 3322 S. Michigan-av.

A BEAUTIFUL WHITE TOWN CAR. 1916 model, looks like new, in excellent mechanical condition. Car sold for $4,500 year ago. Must dispose of at once immediately and will sell right. Must be seen to be appreciated. 2640 Michigan-av. See HADLEY OUTLAND. Calumet 5511.

FOR SALE — ONE SCRIPPS-BOOTH CAR, overhauled and repainted.....$375.00
One Franklin Roadster.....150.00

RADWAY GARAGE CO. Telephone Oak Park 465. 1112 Williams-st. Oak Park, Ill.

1916 BABY GRAND CHEVROLET; LOOKS and runs as good as new; good tires and original paint. Will sell this car for $400. Worth much more.

MORTIMER. 1631 Michigan-av. Calumet 1061.

$150 CASH BUYS MY 1915 BIG SIX JEFferson in good running condition; elec. starter and lights, all good tires; will make excellent tow car or truck. See this at once. MORTIMER. 1631 Michigan-av. Calumet 1061.

1916 5 PASS. OVERLAND IN ELEGANT condition, including good tires, and is some bargain if you want a small, popular car cheap.

MORTIMER. 1631 Michigan-av. Calumet 1061.

HUDSON 6-40, OVERHAULED AND newly painted dark blue; bumper; winter top; fine condition; good tires.....$900

HARRY P. BRANSFORD. 50 East 26th-st. Calumet 5714.

WE HAVE A NUMBER OF FORD ROADsters, tourings, and delivery cars, with brand new bodies, all in perfect mechanical condition; $150 and up. 3261 Fullerton-av. Phone Albany 142.

1916 FORD COUPELET; RUN ABOUT 200 miles; shock absorbers, bumper, and lock; $500 cash. 4820 W. Jackson-blvd. Call after 10 a. m.

1917 MOLINE 5 PASSENGER SEDAN; electric starter and lights, including 6 tires with rims. 1553 Wells-st. Call every day in the week. Diversey 3835.

1916 STEARNS-KNIGHT TOURING; just overhauled and painted. Good tires; must be seen to be appreciated. 1154 W. Lake, cor. Ann. Monroe 788.

1916 OVERLAND ROADSTER, MODEL 83, overhauled, newly refinished, seat covers, extra tire, guaranteed same as new; big bargain; cash or terms. 4530 GORDON PARK. North-av.

STUDEBAKER LIMOUSINE, FULLY EQUIPped for the taxi business; must sell at once; self-starter; no reas. offer refused. Call Wednesday after 9 a. m. 1154 W. Lake, cor. Ann. Monroe 788.

FOR SALE—CADILLAC ROADSTER, 1917 model, run 6,000 miles in Chicago, better than new; 37x5 tires, 6 wire wheels; geared up for speed. Call Harrison 850.

DODGE BROS. TOURING CAR, 1917 SEries, first class mechanical condition; suitable for taxi use if desired. Barry Sales Co., Barry-av. and N. Clark-st.

REO USED CARS— 1913 5 pass. roadster, 4 cyl. $375. 1913 Michigan 5 pass. touring. Calumet 6050.

$25 TAKES MAXWELL ROADSTER, LOOKS like new; a real snap for quick sale. HOLMES, Rand. and Mich.

$250 TAKES OVERLAND TOUR. MODEL 75; 6 cyl., 7 pass., etc. A real snap. HOLMES, Rand. and Mich.

FIVE PASSENGER FORD FOR SALE, 1917; must sell; going to leave city. Address F H 521, Tribune.

LARGE ASSORTMENT OF USED CARS. HARRY NEWMAN-STRATTON CO. 2440 Michigan-av. Calumet 5830.

1917 DIXIE 4 CYL. LAKE NEW, $525. 1916 Ford, panel top, $325. 3800 Fullerton.

$50 CASH. BAL. EASY. TERMS. TAKES 7 pass. Overland coupe; elec. lights and starter. 2634 S. Michigan-av.

PIERCE ARROW 6-48, 1913, 7 PASS., 5 new Silvertown cord tires; A1 condition; $650 takes it. 1523 Chicago-av.

MICHIGAN 5-PASS., ELECTRIC STARTER, lights, new tires, etc.; biggest bargain ever seen. $225 takes it. 1523 Chicago-av.

CHEVROLET BABY GRAND 5 PASS., WITH extra fine winter top; condition like new; $500 takes it. 2307 Chicago-av.

HIGH GRADE AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS. AT OWNERS MOTOR SALES CO. 2349 MICHIGAN-AV. CALUMET 4712.

USED CAR BARGAINS AT APPERSON MOtor Car Co., 3300 Indiana-av. Phone Douglas 1100.

REAL BARGAINS IN USED CARS AT ILLINOIS OLDSMOBILE COMPANY. 2035 MICHIGAN-AV. CALUMET 4239.

1916 FORD CARS—$25 DOWN $25 CAR, until spring at present price. Investigate at once. Address G G 440, Tribune.

1917 STUDEBAKER 4 PASS. TOURING, like new. Price $450. H. K. HITCHENS, 2000 MICHIGAN-AV.

REO 1913 5 PASS., 4 CYL.; GOOD CONDItion; no reasonable offer refused. 3722 Southport-av. Lake View 3071.

BEAUTIFUL OAKLAND 6 COUPE '17 MODel. Sold on time payments. TENNANT. 2447 Michigan-av.

BARGAIN IN FINE USED CARS; WILLYSKnights, Overlands, and Chevrolets; all late models and guaranteed. 4537 Broadway.

$25 CYLINDER BUICK TOURING CAR, com with winter top, extra tires etc.; cash, bargain. 5971 Ridge-av. Rav. 219.

1-2-45; 5 PASS. BUICK CAB, 1917 model, 17795 Armitage-av. Humboldt 748.

$185 BUYS MY CLASSY FORD COUPE; need cash. GERDES, 6811 Stony Island.

## AUTOMOBILES—GASOLINE.

DURING THE AUTOMOBILE SHOW WE WILL HAVE A SPECIAL CAR DISPLAY in the GREER COLLEGE OF MOTORING BUILDING, 1519-21 S. Wabash-av. FIRST COR. SOUTH OF AUTO SHOW. This display will include 1917 and 1918 models of cars of popular makes, such as Dodges, Buicks, Chandlers, etc.

Touring Cars. Roadsters. Cabriolets. Coupes. ERWIN GREER AUTOMOBILE COMPANY.

SPECIAL SHOW WEEK SALE—

1917 Jordan 4 pass. coupe, wire wh.$1,650
1917 Haynes touring, new tires..... 975
1917 H. A. L. 12 cyl. 7 pass., rein..... 1,250
1917 Premier Foursome, 4 pass., like new..... 1,150
1917 Auburn Chummy Roadster, 6 cyl. 650
1917 Ford tr., $350 worth of extras, elec. starter, dem. wheels, etc., like new..... 385
1917 Jordan touring, 7 pass., refinished 1,450
1916 Marmon touring..... 950
1916 Hso 5 pass. touring..... 600
1917 Woods dual power coupe, 4 pass. 1,000
1917 Chalmers 6 cyl., 5 pass., fine..... 950
1915 Studebaker 4 cyl., 5 pass..... 250

CHICAGO MOTOR CAR CO., 2313 Michigan. Jordan Distributors. Calumet 6070.

# Auto Exchange

THE HOUSE OF REAL BARGAINS.

Liberal terms. No red tape. Honest dealings.

1917 Reo rdst.; run 3,000 mi..... Cheap
1917 Scripps-Booth, practically new.... Cheap
16 Dodge tour.; winter top..... $485
'17 Maxwell cabriolet; like new..... 550
'17 Allen Chummy, beautiful car..... 375
'17 Studebaker 7 pass., complete..... 385
'16 Willys-Knight, wire wheels..... 475
10 1917 Fords, touring..... $200 up
'16 Buick tour.; refinished; snap.. $500
'16 Overland 83B; ref.; wire wheels.... 385
'16 Ford tour., dem. rims; $100 extras.. 290
'16 Maxwell cabriolet; perfect..... 325

1240 MICHIGAN-AV. CALUMET 4287.

1917 HUDSON SUPERSIX SEDAN; GOOD, neat tires; 2 extra Hartford tires and rear bumpers; seat coverings, rubber floor coverings, and all other kinds of extra equipment; perfect engine, run only a few months, city driving. The best looking and most practical all year around car on the streets. Total cost, $2,584.50. Will sell for $1,800 due to war, for $2,000. This ad. will not interest junk dealers. See JURGENSEN, 2356 N. Clark-st., Harland Garage.

## MOTOR TRUCKS.

FOR SALE—

# KNOX TRACTOR TRUCK

Model 35, 10 ton capacity, 8 cu. yd. steel rear dump body, Woods automatic hoist. Has run only 4,500 miles; excellent condition; new tires.

IDEAL SAND & GRAVEL CO., Mason City, Iowa.

FULL LINE OF USED TRUCKS. ALL IN A1 CONDITION. GARFORD MOTOR TRUCK CO. (INC.), 23d-st. and Indiana-av. Phone Calumet 5060. Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, TWO NEW MAXWELL trucks, attached to new Martin bodies; ments complete with bodies and cabs at a great sacrifice if taken at once. Address G G 237, Tribune.

HARVEY TRUCKS FOR SALE AND FOR Rent—1½, 2½, 3½ and 5 tons. Trucks that give service. Salesroom, 1233 Wabash-av. Service stations all sections of the city. Phone Harrison 6000.

SPECIAL BARGAINS—FOR SALE—1½ TON and 2 ton Republic, 5 ton Mack, 6 ton Mogul with hoist and dump body, and 2 ton Reo. 3141 Wabash-av.

REPUBLIC 1 TON TRUCK, FIRST CLASS order; $635 or best cash offer. 1104 N. La Salle.

WHEN IN NEED OF A GOOD USED TRUCK at a